

WHOLE BATTALION OF GERMAN SOLDIERS BLOWN TO PIECES

Naval Battle in North Sea

19 German Battleships Captured or Sunk and Several British or French Vessels Destroyed in Desperate 24 Hour Battle in North Sea—Attempt to Assassinate German Crown Prince—British Ships Struck Line of German Mines and Went Down—Bulgarians Side With Germany

SAVED TWO LIVES

WORCESTER, Aug. 7.—Two lives were saved in a thrilling rescue off Sandy Bar in Lake Quinsigamond at 6 o'clock last night.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Lowe of 54 Evers street, who were wading out in three feet of water on the bar, stepped off a ledge into 20 feet of water, and

neither being able to swim, they sank at once. Mrs. Lowe threw her arms about her husband's neck as they sank, and it appeared that both would drown before help could reach them. James K. Clark of 31 Wilson street and Lawrence O'Connor of 3 Pitts street, who were standing on the shore about 40 feet from the drowning couple, saw their struggle in the water and, without waiting to remove their clothing, started to run along the bar to the spot where Mr. and Mrs. Lowe had gone down. Clark managed to get hold of Mrs. Lowe and pulled her from the water. He turned her over to O'Connor and then dived into the water and brought Lowe out on the bar. Mr. and Mrs. Lowe were taken to their cottage on Stoddard drive, where they were attended by Police Surgeon Lewis R. Cassels. Mrs. Lowe remained unconscious for several hours, but was reported to be recovering late last night. Her husband rallied quickly and suffered no ill effects from his experience.

Water

Is your home dependent on the wind for its water supply?

Or does the old oaken bucket still hang in the well, perhaps?

In either case, would not the positive water supply of the automatic electric pump be well worth your consideration?

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 Central St.

HORSES SEIZED

Racers, Some From America, Worth \$2,000,000 Taken

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Americans with stables of horses in England, France and to a lesser number in Germany, Austria and Russia, having a "sporting" value approaching \$2,000,000, have been, or will be, deprived of their highly prized animals to help to the mobilization in progress in those countries.

While the number of American-owned horses that have been requisitioned by the authorities of the warring European states is not very great, as army requirements go, the quality of the animals taken is of the best. Those in England and France are mostly thoroughbred racers, while Russia and Austria have a number of trotters sent over there to campaign. A few of both runners and trotters are in Austria and Germany, though the stables are small in each country.

Word was received here yesterday that Alfred G. Vanderbilt's coaching horses, including the famous "all grey" team with which he won several prizes at the horse shows and in the coaching marathons, had been donated to the British authorities by him. Mr. Vanderbilt's horses, numbering between 60 and 100, mostly Vermont breed, are considered the finest string of coaching horses in the world. The famous team of greys was rated as a \$10,000 four.

Next to the Vanderbilt lot the most valuable string of horses owned in England by an American was probably that of Walter Winans of Baltimore, whose harness horses swept all the prizes in several classes at the recent international horse show at Olympia. Mr. Winans has some 25 high-class harness horses. He also owned a number of saddle horses bred in Kentucky, and a remarkable string of roadsters, all American bred.

**TOMORROW
LAWRENCE
VS.
LOWELL**
Spalding Park
Three O'clock

LIEGE, Aug. 6.—(Via London, 10 p. m.)—The Tenth German army corps, reinforced by cavalry, attacked Liege last night. They crossed a zone which had been mined and the mines being exploded by the Belgians a whole battalion of the Germans were blown to pieces while 1200 wounded were picked up.

Not a single fort has fallen into the hands of the Germans.

Several German howitzers have been placed in position near Herve and large German forces are lying in wait on the other side of the frontier.

An attack on the village of Cornse was repulsed by the Belgians.

Six Germans pretending to be English made their way to the governor's office this morning. They were killed immediately.

NAVAL BATTLE IN NORTH SEA

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the Daily News from Whitby says that a shipowner is responsible for the statement that 19 German battleships were sunk or captured in the North sea and that several British or French vessels were sunk.

Reports from various ports say that heavy firing has been heard in the North sea for the past 24 hours.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CROWN PRINCE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Standard says it has heard from a reliable source that the German crown prince has been seriously injured by an unidentified assailant, who, after inflicting grave wounds, made his escape.

The German authorities in their efforts to trace the assassin inflicted great indignities upon several Englishmen, according to the same report.

REDMOND'S STATEMENT BLASTED HOPE OF GERMANS WHO BANKED ON HOSTILE IRISH

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—A glance at the last batch of German newspapers to come to hand, printed on the eve of the war is sufficient to show how swiftly the significance of the Austrian ultimatum to Serbia penetrated the German mind.

TAX PAYERS

Owing to the stringency of the money market and the distressed condition of business in general due to the conflict of Europe, I have decided to extend the time to delinquent taxpayers to Saturday, August 22, 1914, which is the limit allowed to me by law.

GEORGE H. BROWN,
Commissioner of Finance.
ANDREW G. STILES,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes.

the Austrian note and would support her ally, though he added that there was no intention of forcing a war.

But the German press was instantly alive to the danger of a general European war. The Hamburg Fremdenblatt foreshadowed it, and so did the Berlin Tageblatt. These two papers discussed the matter in phrases so nearly identical that it almost seems as if they were obeying an order of the day.

Both spoke of the intention of Germany to "localize" the war, if possible—as if you could localize an earthquake—but also declared the firm purpose to go to war with France and Russia if necessary.

It is, however, in the Frankfurter Zeitung that we find the gravity of the situation best appreciated and most weightily discussed. This liberal organ did not conceal its belief that the whole system of European alliances was on the point of being broken down.

On one point the Frankfurter was sadly in error. Alluding to the possibility of England's being drawn into the conflict, it said: "A country of which one great province is in open rebellion cannot be imagined to be desirous of incurring military dangers outside its own territory." The best comment on this is the roar of English guns in the North Sea.

ance with the plans of Lord Kitchener, the new minister of war, shows that Great Britain has put her hands to the plow.

A call to arms, issued by the war office last night, says an addition of 100,000 men to the regular army is needed immediately and that "Lord Kitchener is confident this appeal will at once be responded to by all who have the safety of our empire at heart."

The term of service for the new men is to be three years, or until the war is concluded. The age of enlistment will be between 19 and 30.

The naval estimates provide for 57,000 additional officers and men, which will make the navy's strength 218,000 men.

There are no illusions in England that the war is certain to be a swift and decisive one. The people are steered for a long and exhaustive struggle.

Other War News on Pages 2, 11, and 12

KITCHENER ASKS 500,000 MEN TO ENLIST IN THE ENGLISH ARMY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The passage of a war budget for \$500,000,000 in the house of commons yesterday without a dissenting voice and the granting of an army increase of 500,000 men in accord-

First Edition LATE WAR BULLETINS

GERMAN SQUADRON BOTTLED UP BY BRITISH

TOKIO, Aug. 7.—An authentic report received here states that the German squadron has been bottled up at Tsing Tau by the British.

FRENCH TROOPS OCCUPY GERMAN TOWNS

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The minister of war announces that French troops have occupied Vic and Moyenvic, small German towns in Alsace-Lorraine, just over the border and about 17 miles east of Nancy.

BOMBARDMENT OF LIEGE CONTINUES

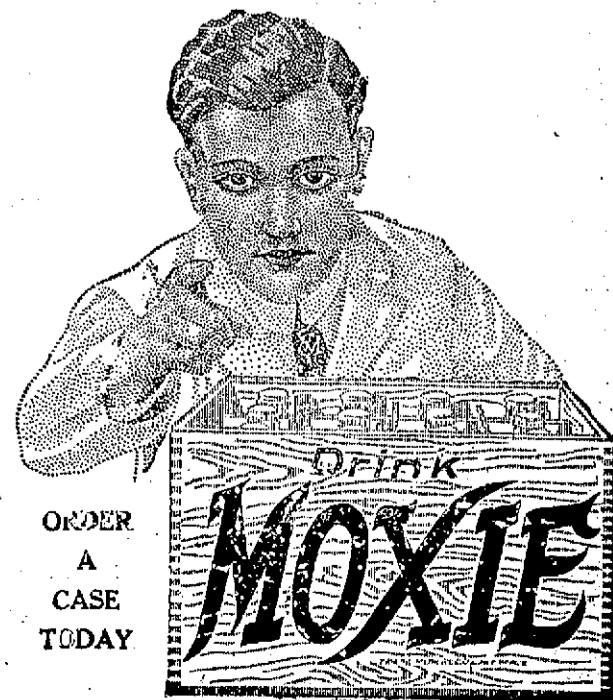
BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—News received from Liege last night shows that the fortress is still holding out. It is being bombarded by heavy shells but is still undamaged while the Belgian fire is working havoc among the Germans. It is reported that French forces are increasing from several directions.

BULGARIANS SIDE WITH GERMANY AND AUSTRIA

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 7.—(via London—9.10 a. m.)—A telegram from Nish, Serbia, states that bands of Bulgarian volunteers are forming along the southwest frontier to replace the Austrian troops which have been withdrawn to the Russian line.

BRITISH TANKER DESTROYED BY MINE

ANTWERP, Via London, Aug. 7.—(11.20 a. m.)—It was reported here today that the British tanker San Wilfredo, which arrived at Hamburg from New Orleans, July 29, and was on her return voyage, had been destroyed by a mine off Cuxhaven, Germany.



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AUGUST 8
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Savings Institution
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The Bon Marche

Lowest Prices Consistent With Reliability

A MANUFACTURER'S SURPLUS STOCK OF

PARASOLS

At about One-half regular price. Shapes and colors for all occasions, priced to suit your purse.

LOT NO. 1

165 Children's Parasols in check and striped materials, also full assortment of plain colors, in all the desirable shapes. Regular values 25c, 30c. Sale price

16c

LOT NO. 2

185 Children's High Grade Parasols, in plain and fancy colors, materials of crepe, plain and fancy silk and muslin, neat, dainty patterns, plain and fancy handles. Regular values 50c, 75c. Sale price

34c

LOT NO. 3

135 Women's Parasols, in plain white linen, hem-stitched and embroidered white linen, plain pongees in desirable colors, mission and carved handles. Regular value \$1.00, \$1.25. Sale price

55c

LOT NO. 4

120 Women's Parasols, in plain silk coverings, full line of colors, pongee and green borders, silk stripe with colored satin edge, white linen, lace insertion trimmed, etc. Regular value \$1.50, \$1.75. Sale price

79c

LOT NO. 5

185 Women's Silk Parasols, in plain taffeta silk with Persian borders, silk and linen pongee, colored borders, embroidered white linen, etc. Regular value \$1.75, \$2. Sale price

95c

LOT NO. 6

54 Women's Plain Taffeta Silk Parasols, some with Dresden borders, plain colored borders, others with plain and hemstitched borders, etc. Regular values \$2.50. Sale price

\$1.29

LOT NO. 7

32 Women's Fancy Parasols, in dainty silks, stripes and plain colors, pongees with Persian borders, in a big variety of combinations, plain and carved handles. Regular value \$3.00. Sale price

\$1.59

LOT NO. 8

All of Our Highest Grade Parasols marked at one-half the original price.

4 only, \$5.00 Parasols, at \$2.49
6 only, \$7.50 Parasols, at \$3.75
4 only, \$10.00 Parasols, at \$5.00

HIGH CLASS

Waists and Blouses

At Prices That Are Below Wholesale Cost

Probably no store in Lowell shows at any time of the year the really extensive line of high grade blouses that this store does. It is impossible to sell every waist in a limited space of time, therefore this sale and these low prices to force a quick clearance.

Silk Chiffons, Crepe De Chine, Laces and All Sample Waists, Values \$6.98, \$8.75, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15.98, Now

\$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF

The Greatest Suit Values We Ever Offered

Tailored Suits at Prices Positively Lower Than the Bare Cost of Material Alone

29 SUITS AT

\$5.98

FORMERLY \$12.50 TO \$16.00

57 SUITS AT

\$9.75

FORMERLY \$18.75 TO \$22.50

56 SUITS AT

\$14.98

FORMERLY \$25.00 TO \$37.50

These Suits are of Bedford Cord, Whipcord Mannish Serges, Crepe Cloths and Waffle Cloths, including Blue and Black, as well as every other desired color.

Every Suit in This Store Included in This Sale. Select Yours Now.

Bring in the Little Tots Now and Fit Them Out

ALL COATS, HATS AND BONNETS

At About One-Third Their Original Prices

(Sizes 2 to 6 Years)

(Second Floor)

The continued cool weather suggests these many little medium weight Coats and you can now choose from our entire stock at a saving of about two-thirds the former price. Why not take advantage of these low prices while the assortments are large?

SECOND FLOOR

LATE WAR BULLETINS

AUSTRIA DECLARES WAR AGAINST RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 7.—Austria-Hungary last evening declared war on Russia.

AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR ASKS FOR PASSPORTS

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The French embassy in London was advised last night that the Austrian ambassador at St. Petersburg has asked for his passports, Austria-Hungary regarding herself in a state of war with Russia.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR GIVEN HIS PASSPORTS

VIENNA, Aug. 7 (via London).—The Russian ambassador to Austria-Hungary was given his passports last night.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY REPULSED IN EAST PRUSSIA

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—Amsterdam and London.—The force of Russian cavalry which tried to break through the German frontier guard was repulsed yesterday near Soldau, in East Prussia.

Another Russian cavalry division also suffered losses and is retiring in the vicinity of Neidenburg.

BRITISH CRUISER SUNK BY STRIKING GERMAN MINE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—An admiralty report says that the British cruiser Amphion was sunk yesterday morning by striking a mine. Paymaster J. T. Gedde and 130 men were lost. The captain, 16 officers and 135 men were saved.

A previous report said that the German mine layer Koenigin Luise had probably placed some mines before she was sunk by the British destroyer Lance.

The Amphion was a light cruiser of 3110 tons. She was attached to the third destroyer flotilla, under Capt. Cecil H. Fox commanding officer. Her regular complement was 292 men. She was commissioned in April, 1913.

50 GERMAN STEAMERS CAPTURED

MADRID via Paris, Aug. 7.—According to official advices, more than 50 German steamers have been captured by the British squadron to date.

"REMEMBER THAT YOU ARE GERMANS"

BERLIN, Aug. 7, via London.—The emperor has issued an order to the German army and navy, in which he says:

"After 43 years of peace, I call upon all Germans capable of bearing arms. We have to defend our most sacred possessions in Fatherland and home against the reckless assault of enemies on all sides of us."

"That means hard fighting. I am confident that the ancient warlike spirit still lives in the German people—that powerful, warlike spirit which

attacks the enemy wherever it finds him, regardless of cost, and which in the past has been the dread and terror of our enemies."

"I have confidence in you, German soldiers—in each and all of you. An ardent, indomitable will for victory is living in each and all of you. I know, if needed, each and all of you would die like heroes."

"Remember our great and glorious past and that you are Germans. God bless you."

ENGLISH NORTH SEA COAST NOW CLEAR

HULL, Eng., Aug. 7.—The hospital authorities here yesterday received orders to prepare to receive 250 persons wounded in the North sea engagement.

Shipping firms have been informed that the east coast is now clear from Hull to London. Coastwise services have been resumed and fishing vessels are free to proceed to Iceland.

BRITISH CAPTURE CRUISER AND SINK ANOTHER

MADRID, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from the Canary Islands says a British squadron has sunk one German cruiser, the name of which is not given, and has captured another, which is being conveyed to Gibraltar.

FLEETS FIGHT ON THE HIGH SEAS

LONDON, Aug. 7, 1:42 A. M.—The British fleet has engaged the German fleet on the high seas. The British warships are reported to be driving the Germans toward the Dutch coast. The Press association claims that it was advised of the fight between the fleets by the admiralty. The admiralty, however, refuses to confirm or deny that a battle is in progress.

TREAT RUSSIAN GRAND DUKE AS PRISONER

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A dispatch to the Post from St. Petersburg says that the indignation in the Russian capital over the detention of the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna at Berlin has been increased by reports that Grand Duke Constantine, who was undergoing the cure at Wildungen, is being treated as a prisoner of war.

VOTE \$500,000,000 FOR BRITISH ARMY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—At the request of Premier Asquith, the house of commons yesterday evening unanimously voted a war credit of \$500,000,000 for the increase of the British army. This is the record war credit passed by the house, the sum of \$525,000,000 having been voted two days ago. In making the request for this new war credit the premier informed the members that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener wanted power to increase the British army to 500,000 men.

BELGIANS SHOOT AIRSHIP, KILLING 26

BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—Germany lost one of her biggest Zeppelin dirigibles yesterday afternoon. It was attempting to pass over the fortifications on the Herze plateau, when the Belgian gunners got the range with a gun especially designed for air craft. An explosive shell crashed through the envelope and the gas bag exploded, the dirigible falling in a crumpled mass, her entire crew, believed to number 26 men, being killed. The wreckage landed a little way from the fortress on the Herze plateau.

Almost immediately after the Zeppelin was wrecked, an aeroplane rose from the German position and attempted a flight over the Herze

fortifications in the direction of the main fortress at Liege. It also was wrecked by the aerogn from the Herze fort. This last demonstration of the accuracy of the Belgian fire discouraged the Germans and their aeroplanes for the rest of the day contented themselves with flights over the German lines.

GERMANS MOWED DOWN BY BELGIANS

LONDON, Aug. 6, 10:30 p. m.—All reports of the fighting at Liege agree that the German infantry advanced in masses, holding to absolutely close order. This resulted in heavy casualties, for the Belgian fire swept them down row after row.

CHASE GERMAN FLEET TOWARD HOLLAND

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The admiralty announces that British coastwise shipping on the east coast is now safe because the British fleet has engaged the Germans on the high seas and the German fleet is now being chased toward the coast of Holland.

500 ARRESTED DURING RIOTS IN PARIS

PARIS, Aug. 7, via London.—Five hundred persons were arrested during disturbances of the past few days and will be tried by court martial. The authorities are taking elaborate precautions to deal with any further disorders.

GERMAN FLEET BEATEN BACK BY BRITISH FLEET

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the Daily News from Newcastle says that a wireless message received at South Shields shortly before midnight states that the British fleet engaged the German high seas fleet in a heavy battle off the South Dogger banks.

After a general engagement along the battle line which extended for many miles and in which ships on both sides took part, the German fleet was beaten back and moved in the direction of the coast of Holland.

It is now believed that the German fleet is completely hemmed in the eastern side of the North sea.

MAURETANIA MADE SPEED RECORD

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 7.—Completing in four days and ten hours her fastest and most dramatic voyage across the Atlantic, the mammoth Cunard liner Mauretania, the fastest commercial vessel afloat, bound from Liverpool to New York, arrived at Halifax today with 1670 passengers, most of whom were Americans fleeing from war-ravaged Europe. The mails for the American continent will be landed at Halifax, together with the Mauretania's passengers and forwarded by fast trains to New York and other centres of the United States and Canada.

400 AMERICANS LEAVE ESBJERG FOR ENGLAND

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 7.—Four hundred Americans, including Alva Adee, second assistant secretary of state and a delegate to the Spitzbergen conference at Christiana and George Post, Wheeler secretary of the American embassy at Tokio and the latter's wife, are proceeding from Esbjerg to England. Henry White, former American ambassador in France, is reported safe in Berlin but unable to leave. All the Americans have sufficient funds.

TO AID ALL TRAVELERS

THREE AMERICAN AMBASSADORS IN EUROPE STRIVE TO HELP REFUGEES



These are the three American ambassadors in Europe who hold important and trying positions because of the general war. Myron T. Herrick, the retiring ambassador to France, who was to have sailed home on Aug. 6, remained in Paris. He was particularly concerned over the hardships endured by American travelers. James W. Gerard, ambassador to Germany, is in the thick of perplexities over the fact that the Kaiser ordered that no foreigners should leave the country. George T. Mayer, the new ambassador to Russia, had hardly reached his new post before the war broke out.

MRS. WOODROW WILSON DEAD

Wife of President Passed
Away at the White
House

Mr. Wilson and Three
Daughters at Bedside
—Congress Adjourns



MRS. WOODROW WILSON

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president of the United States, died at the White House at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Death came after a brave struggle of months against Bright's disease with complications.

The president was completely unnerved by the shock and his grief was heartrending. He bore up well under the strain, however, and devoted himself to his daughters.

The end came while Mrs. Wilson was unconscious. Her illness took a turn for the worse shortly before 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and from then on she grew gradually weaker.

Kneeling at the bedside at the end were the president and the three daughters. Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. X., and a nurse were in the room, and just outside a door were Secretary McAdoo and Francis B. Sayre, Mr. Wilson's sons-in-law, and Mr. Tumulty, his secretary.

President Informed Death Near

Both houses of congress adjourned when Mrs. Wilson's death was announced, and for a brief time the wheels of government practically stopped.

The beginning of the end came at 10 o'clock yesterday morning when Dr. E. P. Davis of Philadelphia, who had been called in for consultation, realized that the time for hope had passed. He took the president into the Red Room of the White House and there, in a broken voice told him the truth. Mr. Wilson's face blanched, but he bore the shock well. He was informed that the end was only a question of hours.

Mr. Wilson then took his daughters, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre, and Miss Margaret Wilson, aside and told them of their mother's condition. Until then they had thought there was a chance for her recovery.

From that time on the president and his daughters remained constantly at Mrs. Wilson's bedside. The president held his wife's hand and the three daughters were grouped nearby.

Sec. McAdoo and Sec. Tumulty stayed outside the door.

Mrs. Wilson lapsed into unconsciousness but rallied. By 1 o'clock she began to sink rapidly. She could still recognize those about her, however, and looked cheerfully toward them with the sweet smile that will linger long in the memory of the many who knew her.

It was a characteristic expression which officials and their families as well as people in the stoma whom she had befriended and had learned to love.

Her Strength Ebbs Rapidly

At 2 o'clock Mrs. Wilson was still conscious but her strength had almost departed and a few minutes later she sank into the sleep of unconsciousness from which she never awoke.

For three hours the president and his three daughters gazed longingly into her eyes in the hope that she might speak to them again but she could not. The sun was casting its long shadows from the Potomac to the south grounds, coloring the fountains, gardens and elms.

There was a hushed stillness in the upper apartments. All eyes were turned toward the southwest corner of the house.

Just at the hour of 5 death came. The president and his daughters were in tears. Sec. Tumulty walked slowly to the executive offices, his head bowed.

Funeral Plans Yet to be Made

Quietly he announced to the correspondents that the end had come. Gloom settled over the executive mansion and the offices. Presently Dr. Grayson, his face haggard and worn from day and night vigil, came to the offices.

There was an impressive silence everywhere.

PEOPLE WITH THIN BLOOD

Some people have a tendency to become thin-blooded just as others have an inherited tendency to rheumatism, or to nervous disorders. The condition in which the blood becomes so thin that the whole body suffers comes on so gradually and stealthily that anyone with a natural disposition in that direction should watch the symptoms carefully. Bloodlessness, or anaemia, as the medical term is, can be corrected much more easily in the earlier stages than later. It begins with a tired feeling that rest does not overcome, the complexion becomes pale, and breathlessness on slight exertion, such as going up stairs, is noticed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a home remedy that has been most successful in the treatment of diseases caused by thin blood. With pure air and wholesome food these blood-making pills afford the correct treatment when the symptoms described are noticed. A former sufferer from anaemia says: "I was emaciated and did not have a particle of color. I had severe headaches, had no ambition and could just drag around." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills quickly restored appetite, flesh and health. A full statement of this case with directions regarding diet will be found in the booklet, "Building Up the Blood," sent free by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Until she became unconscious Mrs. Wilson frequently nodded to one or the other and smiled cheerfully.

Anxious About President

During the day Mrs. Wilson spoke to Dr. Grayson about the president, whose health she thought more about than she did her own.

"Promise me," she whispered faintly, "that if I go you will take care of my husband."

It was the same touch of devotion which she had so many times repeated—her constant anxiety having been that the president might not worry about her or be disturbed in his official tasks.

The president returned to the sick room from the last conference with the doctor, his three daughters bounding on his arm. Francis Bowes Sayre and

TODAY AND TOMORROW BLUE SERGE SUITS

MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S MODELS

FANCY STRIPE BLUE WORSTEDS
BROWN FANCY WORSTEDS
BLACK AND WHITE STRIPES

And a big collection of odd suits and small lots in Cheviot mixtures, about three hundred suits in the entire lot that sold at \$10.00, \$12.75 and \$15.00. On sale today and tomorrow at

\$8.75

TALBOT CLOTHING CO.

AMERICAN HOUSE BLOCK

CENTRAL STREET

WAR NEWS HERE BEFORE LONDON GETS IT

By special arrangement (in conjunction with the New York Times) The Boston Herald and Traveler will receive cable dispatches sent by war correspondents to

THE LONDON DAILY MAIL
THE LONDON CHRONICLE

Dispatches to these great British newspapers will be transmitted to The Herald before publication in London. All other news of interest to America will be cabled at once by a special war news bureau established by the New York Times and The Boston Herald.

This extraordinary service is coupled with the Associated Press, United Press, The Herald's own correspondents and the New York Times' special correspondents stationed in every capital and with every military force on the war map.

The difference in standard time between Boston and London (five hours) enables The Morning Herald to detail every happening up to noon, and The Evening Traveler every event from noon to midnight, in the regular editions. Extra editions will be published whenever there is real news of importance. For all

WAR NEWS

Quickly, Accurately, Comprehensively

You Can Rely Upon The

BOSTON HERALD

(Every Event from Midnight to Noon)

BOSTON TRAVELER

(Every Move from Noon to Midnight)

WAR MAP Showing Every Scene of Battle, Siege and Naval Engagement, with

SUNDAY HERALD

everywhere. Secretaries, attaches, clerks and servants seemed overcome. Vice President Marshall and members of the cabinet, and the leaders in congress were notified. Both houses promptly adjourned.

The flag on the White House was dropped, gates were closed and the silence of death spread over the White House for the first time since 1892, when Mrs. Benjamin Harrison passed away.

Dr. Sylvester W. Beach, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Princeton, where the family has attended for years, has visited Mrs. Wilson frequently during her illness, but was not here yesterday.

Prof. Stockton Axson, her only brother, was en route east from Oregon on a Union Pacific train and was reached by telegram at Portland, Ore., with the news.

Members of the cabinet, justices of the supreme court members of the diplomatic corps telephoned their condolences and sent cards. From many humble homes came flowers, as Mrs. Wilson had made many friends in the suns and city generally in her endeavors to help the friendless and poverty-stricken.

"She had told the president yesterday morning she would more cheerfully 'go away' if the bill for the improvement of alloys were passed by congress. A word to leaders from Sec. Tumulty and the measure was adopted in silence by the senate and soon reported in the house, where it will be passed today."

She learned that the measure would

be a law in another day or so and expressed her satisfaction.

Interest in Husband's Career

She had become deeply interested in the social welfare of the community and had worked always without seeking the aid of the president.

It was the strain of this, the duties of entertainment and the kidney trouble which became chronic last autumn that sapped her life.

Mrs. Wilson took an active interest in the career of her husband, in his contests with congress over legislation and the numerous official duties with which he was burdened. Throughout life she has been his constant helpmate and adviser.

Her clear judgment on political affairs and broad views of educational questions had been a source of gratification to him for years.

With her help he wrote his books and on her judgment he relied for her devotion to him, according to those who have known the family intimately, was of remarkable depth. Her one thought was of him. Every morning and evening during her illness she cautioned Dr. Grayson not to tell the president if she had spent an uncomfortable hour.

Her anxiety was that he should not be worried or disturbed. However painful was her suffering, it was her one aim to keep the president from being affected by her condition.

News Announced in Senate

But the president watched her sorrowfully for weeks and realized that she was slowly growing worse. He spent every moment he could by her side and when he was not there, she was constantly calling or speaking of him.

Mrs. Wilson was a woman of simple ways, possessed of a naive, ingenuitous manner. She had a faculty of putting her guests promptly at ease and was a charming hostess. She was ever democratic and modest in her tastes.

When the news of Mrs. Wilson's death reached the senate, discussion of pending business was immediately ended by Senator Kern, the majority leader. Interrupting the debate on the shipping bill, he said:

"Mr. President, it becomes my duty to convey to the senate the melancholy intelligence of the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the president of the United States. Of course, the president at this hour has the earnest sympathy of all the people of the nation and as a mark of sympathy entertained here and all through the republic, I move that the senate do now adjourn."

Funeral Delegation From House

The motion was silently agreed to and the senators quietly withdrew from the chamber.

Majority Leader Underwood of the house hurried to the floor as soon as he received word from the White House. He stopped the discussion of the Moon railway mail pay bill.

"It is my sad duty," he said, "to announce to the house the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the president of the United States. I think the house should show the proper respect at this time, and I therefore move the adoption of the following resolution: 'Resolved, That the house has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president of the United States;'

"Resolved further, That a committee, composed of the speaker and one additional member from each state

AMONG THE TOILERS

Grant McElroy, employed at the Lowell Bleachery, is adjourning at Hampton beach for two weeks.

Michael Sullivan of the Bigelow Carpet Co. is spending the week at Revere beach with a party of friends.

President Aquilard of the Ring Spinners' union is making remarkable progress in bringing new members into the union.

We wonder what has become of McLaughlin, the Trenton & Suffolk clubber king. It can't be that he has taken that defeat to heart.

Mike Wrenn, of the Bigelow Carpet Co., by the looks of things has been let alone by the number of contestants who think that they would like to swim him. Mr. Wrenn stops them when he asks them to produce the coin.

The "Hinky Dinks," a party of young men, well known in this city will hold their annual auto ride to the beaches in the immediate future. Bill Giblin, the manager of the affair, is busy at present arranging the numerous details.

Manager Lyons of the South Ends would like to make arrangements with Manager Cannon of the Lawrence manufacturing baseball team for a game in the immediate future. He is also desirous that a side bet be made.

War and the Shoe Trade

Export trade in American shoes will not be destroyed by the European war. European countries take only \$4,000,000 worth of the \$15,000,000 worth of shoes that American manufacturers send abroad annually. The Cuban and West Indian trade, which is safe and secure, takes as many American shoes as all Europe. The South American trade, which is rapidly increasing, is buying nearly \$3,000,000 worth of American shoes annually. Canada is buying more

than \$2,000,000 worth and Mexico more than \$1,000,000 worth. The Philippines, British Oceania and other countries, that will not be affected by the war, take another million dollars' worth.

Even the \$4,000,000 worth of European trade will not be all lost by the war. The British trade, which amounts to more than \$1,000,000 annually, and the French trade, which totals to more than \$800,000 even if Europe be drawn into a long war, England, as mistress of the sea, will doubtless keep open lines of communication between this country and her own ports, also with the ports of France. Shoes and other American manufactured goods, will be sent to England, and from England to other European countries.

The Cuban, West Indian and South American trade can be handled by American ships, or foreign ships entered in American registry. The Canadian and the Mexican trade can be taken care of by the railroads. The Philippines trade seems safe, too.

It is possible to take even an optimistic view of the future of foreign trade in American shoes, especially trade with Cuba, the West Indies and South American countries. European nations will be likely to withdraw from this trade in order to give their entire attention to their wars. That would leave the fields clear to American manufacturers and exporters.

Doubtless, enterprising Americans will take advantage of the situation to push their export trade. It is an established fact of history that American merchants and ship owners made fortunes a century ago by developing their export trade while European nations were at war. History usually repeats itself, and the present world wide disturbance of trade may stir latent energies in American people and stir them into the front rank of manufacturers and merchants of the world.

in the union, be appointed to attend the funeral;

"Resolved further, That as a mark of respect the house do now adjourn."

Mrs. Wilson had been in poor health since last February, when she fell in the White House and strained her spine. She later practically recovered from that injury, but in the meantime kidney trouble set in, and gradually she grew weaker.

About two months ago her condition began to grow serious and two weeks ago Dr. Grayson became alarmed. Noted specialists were called in, and trained nurses were kept in constant attendance. She continued to grow worse, however, until serious sinking spells came on Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Wilson was 50 years old and when she came to the White House was in robust health. Always a home lover, she immediately assumed the arduous duties of the wife of a president.

She took an active interest in public affairs and frequently received delegations calling on the president when he was too busy with other matters. Even during her last illness she frequently asked to be informed of the events of the United States and of the world.

The news of the seriousness of her illness was kept from the public until yesterday, when it was admitted that

her chances of recovery were slight.

Her condition continuing to grow worse, Dr. Grayson yesterday morning gave out a statement in which he described her illness as "alarming."

During Wednesday night and early yesterday morning she was kept alive by oxygen and stimulants. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon Dr. Grayson gave out another statement, in which he said that Mrs. Wilson had had two sinking spells during the morning and that she was conscious, but growing weaker. This was the last word to come before her death.

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IS ON SALE
IN THE
NORTH STATION
BOSTON



White as the driven snow is the velvet hat illustrated. Its trimming of white satin ribbon is a very plain band supplemented by an erect loop of the material designed to give height to the figure.

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Benefit yourself by this tremendous sale which is causing persons to wonder how we can do it. We need the room, must have, and we are going to have it. For the past week or so golden opportunity has knocked at your door. Have you answered it? Are you among the vast multitude of people in Lowell and vicinity who have profited by this epoch-making sale? If not, don't delay. Read our list of prices. See our goods. It will pay you well. A dollar saved is a dollar earned. Earn many a dollar attending this enormous sale. Double, triple the purchasing power of your capital. Read our prices. Compare them with others. Then you'll come to us. You can't help it. We have the irresistible evidence. Remember, the time of opportunity will soon be over. Come NOW. FOLLOW THE CROWD. Be in the swim. ALL ROADS LEAD TO THIS UNPARALLELED SALE.

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LOT NO. 1 50 Men's Blue Serge Suits, formerly \$10, to go at.....	\$3.98
LOT NO. 2 30 Men's Suits, brown mixtures and grays, formerly \$10, to go at.....	\$3.98
LOT NO. 3 42 Men's Blue Worsted Suits, up-to-date, formerly \$12 and \$16, to go at.....	\$5.98
LOT NO. 4 \$15 Blue Oswego and Fancy Serges, handsomely tailored, all sizes, to go at this sale for.....	\$6.90
LOT NO. 5 \$16 and \$18 Fancy Blue Serges, including brown mixtures, pure worsted material. A wonderful bargain to go at.....	\$8.45
LOT NO. 6 75 Suits of Fine Cassimeres and Silk Striped Worsteds, worth \$18.00 and \$20.00, to go at.....	\$9.90
LOT NO. 7 A gigantic bargain, \$15 and \$18 Summer Outing Suits, to go at this sale for.....	\$6.90
LOT NO. 8 30 Suits, English model, perfectly tailored, made of Scotch materials, worth \$20, to go at this sale.....	\$10.45
LOT NO. 9 \$20 and \$22 Blue Serge Suits, all hand made, warranted to keep its color, all sizes, must go at this sale for.....	\$10.90

LOT NO. 10 Men's and Young Men's \$25.00 Suits consisting of fine mixtures and worsteds, browns and gray, tailored to perfection and of the newest model, to go at this sale, while they last, at.....	\$11.45
LOT NO. 11 MEN'S PANTS DEPT.—A Cyclone of Bargains	
LOT NO. 12 200 Men's Pants, all sizes, mixtures and blues, made for the working man, to go at this sale.....	79c
LOT NO. 13 \$2.50 Pure Worsted Pants, to go at.....	\$1.29
LOT NO. 14 Men's and Young Men's \$3.00 Pants, to go at.....	\$1.45
LOT NO. 15 \$3.50 Pants, mixtures, blues and brown, to go at.....	\$1.79
LOT NO. 16 \$4.00 Pants to go at this sale for.....	\$2.10
LOT NO. 17 \$5.00 Pants must go at.....	\$2.29
LOT NO. 18 \$5.50 and \$6.00 Blue Oswego, best material, will surely be sold for.....	\$2.89

Shirts! Shirts!

\$1.00 and \$1.50 at.....	29c
RUSH TO GET THEM	
\$1.50 Dress Shirts.....	59c
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59c Underwear.....	37c
First class B. V. D's, the Union Suits sold every where for \$1.00, now.....	75c
25c Neckwear.....	9c
\$3.00 Silk Shirts.....	85c
\$4.00 and \$5.00 All Silk Shirts.....	\$1.35
\$1.50 Pongee Outing Shirts.....	69c
All Straw Hats, formerly \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00, to go at.....	75c
50c Braces.....	11c
25c Bow Ties.....	5c
50c Neckwear.....	17c
\$2.00 Pajamas.....	79c

50 Clerks and Bundle Boys Wanted at Once.

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All Boys' \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Suits, at.....	\$1.59
Swimming Trunks.....	3c

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These are only a few of our wonderful bargains in our Furnishing department. It would take pages to mention them all. So it is up to you to come and see for yourself what money will buy.

We have a great line of Dress Suits which you can secure at 50c on the dollar. Get them while the iron is hot.

Men's 10c White Handkerchiefs.....	1c
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19c Hose.....	7c
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A useful article to be used for rain or shine.	
A \$10.00 Raincoat will be given away for.....	\$2.98
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A FEW WORDS TO MEN AND YOUNG MEN

We want every man to read the wonderful bargains in our Clothing Department. It will pay you to come hundreds of miles to get one of our suits marked down from \$25.00 to.....\$10.90

Just Listen to This:

NOW FOR A FEW FINAL WORDS AND DIRECTIONS

These prices are made in order to effect a quick disposal. You have helped our success, and we are now ready to make you share in our clean-sweep reductions. All you have to do is to get here, come on horse-back, take an electric, automobile, come on foot, roll, tumble or drag face in face and we will prove to you that we can make you a savior of 50 per cent. A bold statement, but we can do it. Start a bank account of the savings, it's a good idea. Remember the place, 214 Merrimack street, 214—repeat it in your mind a few times. AND LET IT STICK. We will refund carfare to any and all out-of-town buyers, on any amount purchased, but—have a heart—purchase more than the broom.

HERE IS A BARGAIN NO ONE EVER ATTEMPTED TO PUT BEFORE AN UNSURMISING PUBLIC—But we will make it during this Enormous Clean-Sweep Sale. A guaranteed broom worth 50c in real money to be given away each day of the sale from 10 to 11 a. m., at the ridiculous price of 9c. Positively no change made on this article. Have your 9c ready for instant buying.

THIS IS THE RIGHT ADDRESS!! REPEAT IT AGAIN!!

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The store with the Red Fronts, 214 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL, MASS., Opp. St. Anne's Church. Open Evenings Until 9 P. M., Saturday Evening Until 11 P. M. Follow the crowds! You can't miss the place. Be sure and be there to save more money than you ever saved before or will ever save again.

SURGERY FOR SICK TREES

Tree Surgery as a Science Every Year More Generally Appreciated—Good Suggestions

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7.—A cavity in a decayed tree is something like a cavity in a decayed tooth. If an unreliable tree surgeon who has been called in to save the tree only partially removes the diseased part of the wood, uses no antiseptic coatings in the cavity and fills it up with cement the tree is no more cured than is a person whose decayed tooth has not been properly filled by a dentist. The only difference is that after the tree cavity has been covered, if the work has not been properly done, the tree has no way of making its trouble known except by further decay. Within the last decade there has been a great increase in demand for surgeons to repair decaying shade trees, but the possibilities of practicing fraud in this profession like the instance just cited have tempted so many

unreliable people to dabble in the science that tree surgery has fallen somewhat into disrepute. The U. S. department of agriculture realizes that commercial tree surgery should occupy a high place in the estimation of the public, and has recently issued a pamphlet entitled, "Practical Tree Surgery" wherein suggestions are made for improvement along these lines. As in all professions, there are reliable and unreliable men and firms competing for contracts in tree surgery. In recent years so many occasions have arisen when property owners felt the necessity of calling in commercial tree surgeons to attend to their trees that there are now numerous firms, both honest and dishonest, engaged in the work. Usually tree surgery is practiced in connection with some nearly related line, but often it

is taken up as a business of itself. When a blight such as the chestnut bark disease, infects the trees of a district, the community, or individuals in it, will often spend considerable money to control ravages which may rob the whole district of its trees. An affection like the chestnut bark disease is contagious. It requires scientific knowledge of the disease to know whether an affected tree should be destroyed at once or is worth treating. It requires scientific training to understand the manner of growth of the fungi causing the disease and what treatment is best.

Many individuals who have had faith in tree surgery, have lost it through following the advice of unreliable tree surgeons who claimed to be able to diagnose a case, but whose main interest was to collect a good sum of money for their work. Misuse of Pruning Hooks Besides the careless filling of decayed cavities in trees, there are other practices of certain so-called "tree surgeons" that do the trees more harm than good. Many of these "surgeons," as well as the people who employ them, do not realize the danger arising from fresh injuries to a tree. The tree owner should realize that prompt attendance to fresh injuries will largely do away with the need of tree surgery 15 or 20 years hence. The tree surgeons must realize that if they make fresh injuries in the living bark, when treating decayed portions, they are laying the tree open to more dangers of infection that will result in further decay.

Just as a person is subject to infection through cuts and scratches, trees are rendered subject to infection by having their living bark torn. Notwithstanding this, many tree surgeons use pruning hooks and climbing spurs and cut fresh gashes in the tree. To break off small dead branches a workman may use a long pruning hook as if it were a club. In doing so the hook usually causes injury to the young bark near by. Every new wound may furnish a new point of entrance for decay, even though the old dead branch may have been removed.

The use of climbing spurs should be particularly avoided on trees in vicinity where there is a contagious infection. They simply render the treated tree all the more liable to catch the disease which is "in the air."

All properly equipped firms of commercial surgeons should have ladders that would reach 40 or more feet into a tree. Ladders, ropes and rubber-soled shoes will allow a man to reach practically every part. Reliable estimates indicate that it takes somewhat longer (perhaps 25 per cent. on an average) to do work on a tree when these are used instead of climbing spurs, and this is one reason why many firms who value remuneration more than reputation use the spurs.

following is suggested as a model for such contract.

- (1) No climbing spurs shall be used on any part of a tree.
- (2) The shoes worn by the workmen shall have soft rubber bottoms.
- (3) Ordinary commercial orange shellac shall be applied to cover the cut edges of sapwood and cambium (which is the soft formative tissue) within five minutes after the final trimming cut is made.
- (4) All cut or shellaced surfaces shall be painted with commercial croscote, followed by thick coal tar.
- (5) All diseased, rotten, discolored, water-worked, or insect-eaten wood shall be removed by cavity work and the cavity inspected by the owner or his agent before it is filled.
- (6) Only a good grade of Portland cement and clean, sharp sand in no weaker mixture than 1 to 3 shall be used to fill cavities.
- (7) The contractor shall repair, free of expense, and defend that may appear in the work within one year.

If the owner prefers to have a cavity filled with asphalt or other material instead of cement the contract can be altered accordingly. If it is desirable to substitute some other preparation for shellac, this can be done. Similarly, under certain conditions, various other modifications may be made, although alterations in Nos. 1, 2, 5, and 7 should be made with caution. It may so happen that if all insect-eaten wood is removed, the tree may be dangerously weakened; under such conditions the diseased matter can be removed to solid wood and the cavity fumigated. Other suggestions

along these lines may be found in the pamphlet issued by the department.

Invitation to Co-operate
The department realizes that this science is comparatively new and that methods in the near future may be developed that will prove far superior to some now in common use. It therefore invites correspondence, either from individuals or firms concerning new methods of treatment and is prepared to advise regarding any particular method so far as experimental results will permit. The co-operation of all who are interested is necessary for this work. All interested are urged to write for the new bulletin.

FORMER R. R. PRESIDENT

FREDERIC A. DELANO, APPOINTED MEMBER OF RESERVE BOARD, WELL KNOWN IN R. R. CIRCLES



FREDERICK A. DELANO

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Frederic A. Delano of Chicago, who was recently appointed a member of the federal reserve board, is one of the best known railroad men in the country. He was formerly president of the Wabash and in 1911 was named as one of the receivers of the road. Mr. Delano was

born in China, but lived most of his boyhood at Newburg, N. Y. He began his railroad career with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. His rise was steady and deserved.

TREES ON SAND HILLS

Everyone knows that France has saved her southwest departments from the curse of drifting sands by planting pine trees, and that Germany has tamed some of the poorest soil in Europe to human service by the same methods. But how many Americans, even those who claim to be well informed, realize that a similar work on at least as great a scale is being performed by our own government in the sandhill region of Nebraska?

In this district, where the real estate moves back and forth with every change of the wind, Uncle Sam's forest rangers are planting trees. They are pinning their faith to the jack pine as being best adapted to standing the severe conditions of tree life in that country, and about a thousand acres are set to these useful trees each year. When they began this work nine trees out of every ten trees planted died. Now, the rangers have perfected their technique till almost nine out of ten trees

live; and although the work is only a dozen years old, it is already transforming a considerable region.

Enthusiastic foresters figure out a fine net profit for the government at the end of 20 years. One can not help suspecting that most of this profit will evaporate but that is, after all, the smallest part of the matter. The main thing is that a region which was useless and a menace is being put to service, and that the way is being shown for state and private enterprise of the same nature on a still larger scale.—Chicago Journal.

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Try a few doses now, and you will KNOW what it means to have better digestion, sounder sleep, brighter eyes and greater cheerfulness after your system has been cleared of poisonous impurities. For children, parents, grandparents, Beecham's Pills are matchless as a remedy

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Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

The directions with every box are very valuable—especially to women.

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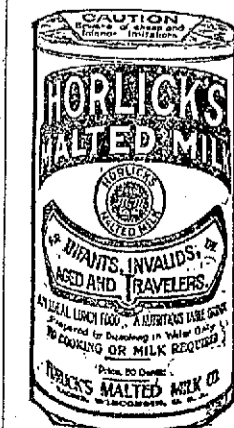
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WORCESTER TOOK BOTH

Lowell Club Beaten in Double Header Although Second Game Required Extra Inning

Jesse Burkett's crouch of Wednesday was not so apparent yesterday as he hustled his Worcester club out to Spalding park after the noon repast for the afternoon's double header. Old Jesse was hungry for that pair of games for Lawrence's double win over Haverhill Wednesday gave Piper's boys another half game advantage. By winning both of yesterday's contests, thought the wily Worcester leader, things will be about evened up.

All that could be heard in the baseball camps of each club in the morning was the shouting of Empire Bannan yesterday. If Bannan could only have heard the remarks made about him yesterday it is probable that he would lay aside the toga of New England league decision maker and go into hard training for a fight, or rather a series of them.

If Burkett and Gray stick to their intentions of yesterday it is quite likely that Mr. Bannan will be looking for a job elsewhere before long. As stated in last night's Sun, yesterday was the first time that Jesse ever protested against an umpire, and the former great right fielder has been chased by all of them. When Burkett, after the heat of the diamond battle is over, says that an umpire is a disgrace to the league, you may make up your mind he means it.

In response to the messages sent him by both clubs, Secretary Cooper, appointed Umpire Doherty as official in charge of the two games. "Mike" O'Brien, who worked in the league last year, was sent out to assist Doherty, doing duty on the bases, while Doherty went behind the catcher. "Shorty" DeGroff made his place in the Lowell lineup, going into shortstop in place of Sheehan.

The lineup was as follows:

Lowell	Worcester
Young ss	Young ss
DeGroff rf	DeGroff rf
Greenhalge 2b	Greenhalge 2b
Stimpson lf	Stimpson lf
Strands 3b	Strands 3b
Burke 1b	Burke 1b
Kelly 1b	Kelly 1b
Wacoh c	Wacoh c
Zieser p	Zieser p

First Inning

Young lifted a fly to Swayne in centre-field which Frank accepted with ease. Shorten dropped the ball into left field for a single. Burke took Strands' foul fly. Swayne once more was of use when Pottelger slugged the ball to centre field. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Strands squeezed Swayne's high fly near third base. Detroit smashed one

of Gaw's offerings on the nose to left centre for a single. Greenhalge hit a grounder to Roos and DeGroff was forced at second. Stimpson made the third out when he fanned. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Score: Lowell 0, Worcester 0.

Second Inning

Swayne made another nice catch when Roos slammed a liner out in that direction. "Wild Bill" was talking to himself as he walked back to his place on the Worcester bench. Wacoh dropped Stewart's third strike, but his throw to Kelly got him out at the bag. Zieser then retired Cooney on strikes and the crowd awarded him a fine hand when he came in from the pitcher's box. No runs, no hits, no errors.

"Shorty" DeGroff celebrated his return to the game by shading to right and leaving it around to third when the ball went through Shorten's legs. Burke hit to Strands and DeGroff was held at third while Strands and Roos made the out-out. Kelly rapped a fun in the third base bleachers with a foul and then put one into the grandstand as if to show that he was impartial. Kelly smashed a hard one at Gaw, which the Worcester pitcher knocked down with his gloved hand. Kelly was thrown out at first but DeGroff could. Gaw's play of the hard hit ball could not be improved upon. Wacoh fished out the ball. One run, one hit, one error.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 0.

Third Inning

Zieser tickled Carroll on the ribs with a fast one and "Stubby" ambled about to the nearest "hump." Gaw cracked out a single to left along the foul line and Carroll moved to second. Young bunted toward first and Kelly seized the ball to Burke in an attempt to get Carroll but "Stubby" reached third and there were three men on.

Zieser forced in Carroll when he sped wild and passed Shorten. Burkett and the third base bleachers exchanged compliments as of old. Strands lifted a sacrifice fly to Swayne, Gaw scoring after the catch was made. Young and Shorten moving in a bag. Pottelger drove a liner through the box and both Young and Shorten scored. Roos cracked out a single to centre and Pottelger made third by good use of his legs. Zieser struck out Shorten for the second time and Roos went out on it. Four runs, three hits, no errors.

Young ran into short centre when he made a nice catch of Zieser's fly. Swayne hit a ball to left field which Kelly hit the umpire, after a pause, called the ball foul. It should have been a two runner. Swayne then struck out. Detroit followed suit with another

strikeout. No runs, no hits, no errors. Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 1.

Fourth Inning

Cooney dropped a fly into Greenhalge's hands. Zieser was wild and passed Carroll. "Stubby" remembered the wallop in the ribs which he received the last time and took good care that there was plenty of space between himself and the plate. Carroll then

Gaw smashed a ball to Zieser which the latter could not handle. Young pushed a bounding grounder over Burke's head, scoring Carroll and sending Gaw to third. Zieser was once more afflicted with the Christmas spirit and filled the bases with a gift to Shorten. Strands took Strands' sacrifice fly while on the run, it being a swell catch. Gaw scored. Greenhalge booted Pottelger's grounder and the bases were full once more. Roos hit to DeGroff and Greenhalge dropped DeGroff's throw to second which would have forced out Pottelger. Shorten scoring on the error. Stewart crashed the ball into centre for a single, scoring Shorten and Pottelger, while Roos went to second. Roos stole third. Burke being spiked as the Worcester first sacker slid into the bag. Roos and Stewart attempted a double steal but Wacoh put the ball on Roos two yards from the plate. DeGroff's throw to "Pete" was perfect.

Greenhalge hit two errors. Greenhalge slid out to Shorten in short right and Stimpson lifted to Pottelger in the centre pasture. DeGroff was called out on strikes. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 2.

Fifth Inning

DeGroff's peek to Kelly got Cooney at the initial catch after he had hit a grounder toward shortstop. Carroll was called out on strikes. Gaw was called out at first on his hunt to Zieser. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Strands made a fine stop of Burke's hard smash and got Billy at first. Stewart pulled down Kelly's long fly to left. Young juggled Wacoh's grounder but recovered it in time to make a putout at first. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 3.

Sixth Inning

Drummond, a school boy from Waburn, was sent in at shortstop in place of DeGroff in the sixth inning. Young flied to Swayne and Shorten then singled to centre. Strands flied to Stimpson but Pottelger knocked a single through Greenhalge, sending Shorten to third. Pottelger started for second but instead of Wacoh throwing the ball to second he shot the ball to Burke and caught Shorten half-covered off third. No runs, two hits, no errors.

Zieser was hit by a pitched ball and went to first. Swayne forced him at second, however, with a grounder to Strands. DeGroff flied out to Pottelger and Swayne was caught off the bag by Gaw's throw to Roos when he attempted to take a nap. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 3.

Seventh Inning

Roos opened the seventh by flying to Wacoh. Stewart drew a pass. Zieser regained control and struck out Cooney. The new short stop took Wacoh's throw when Stewart attempted to steal and the third out was enacted. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Greenhalge came in and took care of Greenhalge's error. Pottelger also took Stimpson's long drive to centre. Drummond received a hand from the fans when he made his first trip to the plate. The new shortstop flied to Cooney. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 3.

Eighth Inning

Swayne made a beautiful catch of Carroll's long fly to left centre. Gaw then went to first on four bad ones. Young singled to centre and Gaw went to third. Burke threw to Drummond to get Young at second and when Drummond muffed the ball Young went to third while Gaw crossed the plate. Shorten walked and then stole second without an attempt being made to get him. Strands singled to short left and Young scored while Shorten went to third. Pottelger flied to Wacoh. Swayne made another feature catch when he took Roos' fly while on the run. Two runs, two hits, one error.

Burke tripled to the centre-field fence and the fans gave him a fine hand. Pottelger showed remarkably fast fielding, turning his back to the ball as soon as wood met horsehide. "Stubby" Carroll took Kelly's foul fly close to the press box. It was another nice hit of Burke's. Pottelger snacked Wacoh's liner and touched third base for an unassisted double play. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 11.

Ninth Inning

Drummond's high throw pulled Kelly off the bag on Stewart's grounder. "Bob" made a fine one-hand stop. Wacoh contributed a feature by taking Cooney's third fly. Carroll snacked a double to left along the third base line and Stewart went to third. Greenhalge made a pitiful attempt to field Gaw's grounder and the ball went into right field. Gaw going to second and Stewart and Carroll scoring. Young rapped out a single to right centre. Gaw going to third. Young stole second. Drummond intercepting Wacoh's perfect throw to Greenhalge. Shorten sent up a sacrifice fly to Stimpson which scored Gaw. Drummond threw out Strands at first. Burke, Wacoh, two errors.

Sheehan went in to hit for Zieser, and flied to Roos. Swayne grounded out. Swayne to Kelly. DeGroff came forth with a single to centre. Greenhalge flied to Stewart. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Final score: Lowell 1, Worcester 14.

(First Game)

WORCESTER	
	ab r bh po a e
Young ss	3 2 0 1 0 0
Shorten rf	2 2 0 1 0 1
Strands 3b	4 0 1 3 0 0
Pottelger cf	5 1 2 6 0 0
Roos 1b	3 0 1 1 1 1
Stewart lf	4 1 1 2 0 0
Cooney 2b	5 0 0 2 1 0
Carroll c	3 1 1 6 0 0
Gaw p	4 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	37 14 13 27 8 1

LOWELL

	ab r bh po a e
Swayne cf	4 0 0 7 0 0
DeGroff rf	4 0 2 0 0 0
Greenhalge 2b	4 0 0 2 0 0
Stimpson lf	3 0 0 2 0 0
Strands 3b	3 0 1 1 0 0
Burke 1b	3 0 0 6 0 0
Wacoh c	3 0 0 8 0 0
Zieser p	1 0 0 1 0 0
Drummond ss	1 0 0 1 0 0
Sheehan	1 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	29 1 4 27 9 0

(Second Game)

WORCESTER	
	ab r bh po a e
Young ss	3 2 0 1 0 0
Shorten rf	2 2 0 1 0 1
Strands 3b	4 0 1 3 0 0
Pottelger cf	5 1 2 6 0 0
Roos 1b	3 0 1 1 1 1
Stewart lf	4 1 1 2 0 0
Cooney 2b	5 0 0 2 1 0
Carroll c	3 1 1 6 0 0
Gaw p	4 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	37 14 13 27 8 1

LOWELL

	ab r bh po a e
Swayne cf	4 0 0 7 0 0
DeGroff rf	4 0 2 0 0 0
Greenhalge 2b	4 0 0 2 0 0
Stimpson lf	3 0 0 2 0 0
Strands 3b	3 0 1 1 0 0
Burke 1b	3 0 0 6 0 0
Wacoh c	3 0 0 8 0 0
Zieser p	1 0 0 1 0 0
Drummond ss	1 0 0 1 0 0
Sheehan	1 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	29 1 4 27 9 0

*Batted for Zieser in 9th.

Worcester.....0 0 4 6 0 0 0 2 3-14

Lowell.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1

Two base hit: Carroll. Three base hit: Burke. Sacrifice hits: Young, Strands, Shorten. Double play: Zieser, Wacoh and Greenhalge. Strands (unassisted). Stolen bases: Carroll, Roos, Shorten, Young. Bases on balls: By Zieser 6. Struck out: By Zieser 6; by Gaw 11. Hit by pitched ball: Carroll, Zieser. Left on bases: Worcester 8;

Lowell 2. Time: 1:23. Umpires: Doherty and O'Brien. Attendance: 120.

SECOND GAME

Worcester came from behind in the second game and won out in an extra inning. By mutual consent of the two clubs it was agreed that seven innings would be enough baseball for the day, but at the end of the seventh the score was a tie at 7 runs each. Burkett's squad, however, came through in the first half of the eighth and put over another tally which Lowell could not duplicate in the last half. Lowell had the game well in hand with the score 7-2 in their favor but early boots and hard hitting by the visitors wiped out the lead and gave Worcester the opportunity to pull the game out.

DeGroff, in spite of his recently injured thumb, played a spectacular game for Lowell in the field. DeGroff's hitting was also a feature. Shorten, Young and Pottelger excelled for Worcester.

The scores:

(Second Game)	
WORCESTER	
	ab r bh po a e
Young ss	3 2 0 1 0 0
Shorten rf	2 2 0 1 0 1
Strands 3b	4 0 1 3 0 0
Pottelger cf	5 1 2 6 0 0
Roos 1b	3 0 1 1 1 1
Stewart lf	4 1 1 2 0 0
Cooney 2b	5 0 0 2 1 0
Carroll c	3 1 1 6 0 0
Gaw p	4 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	33 8 10 24 6 1

LOWELL

	ab r bh po a e
Swayne cf	3 2 0 1 0 0
DeGroff rf	3 1 2 3 0 0
Greenhalge 2b	1 2 0 1 0 1
Stimpson lf	3 0 0 2 0 0
Strands 3b	3 0 0 1 0 0
Burke 1b	3 0 0 1 0 0
Wacoh c	3 1 1 5 0 0
Maybourn p	1 0 0 0 0 1
Sheehan 2b	1 0 0 0 0 1
Drummond ss	1 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	25 7 6 24 3 4

X—Batted for Bushelman in 5th.

XX—Batted for Ring in 3th.

Worcester.....0 0 0 2 1 0 1-8

Lowell.....4 0 0 0 0 0 0-7

Two base hits: Stewart, Strands, Carroll, DeGroff, Shorten. Home run: Greenhalge. Sacrifice hits: Shorten, Strands. Double plays: DeGroff, Greenhalge and Kelly. Stolen bases: Greenhalge 3, Stimpson. Bases on balls: By Bushelman 8; by Maybourn 4; by Ring 1. Struck out: By Bushelman 1; by Maybourn 2; by Ring 3; by Van Dyke 1. Hits: Of Maybourn 3 in 3 1-3 innings; of Ring 3 in 1 1-3 innings; of Van Dyke 2 in 2 1-2 innings; of Van Dyke 2 in 2 1-2 innings. Hit by pitched ball: Swayne by Bushelman. Passed ball: Wacoh. First base on errors: By Worcester 3; by Lowell 1. Left on bases: By Worcester 3; by Lowell 6. Time: 1:55. Umpires: Doherty and O'Brien.

MUSICAL PROGRAM

Was Given at Elmore Last Evening For the Benefit of St. Anne's Mission

The pupils of Frederick Haywood, a New York music teacher, gave a pleasant concert for the benefit of St. Anne's mission at the home of William H. Haywood, Elmore, last evening and the various numbers on the program brought frequent bursts of applause from all who attended. The grounds about the house were appropriately decorated with Japanese lanterns a number of those who attended were seated on the lawn.

Rev. Mr. Suter of St. Anne's announced the program, which was as follows:

PART ONE

The Last Song.....Tosti

Three Hymns.....Sanderson

A Plaint.....C. Leichter

The Lark Now Leaves His Watery Nest.....Mary H. Brown

Resting.....Parker

Estacade.....Mrs. H. H. A. Beach

Tokens Three.....Sear

Maurapaya.....Naar

PART TWO

Who Knows.....Gloriani

Natalia Carassio, Tenor.

A Birthday.....Mary H. Brown

Nay Did He Not Resign.....Mozart

Miss Endelmann and Mr. Kinsey.

The Crescent Moon.....Sanderson

The Harbor Night Song.....Sanderson

Exhortation.....Cook

Mr. Kinsey.



This map shows Belgium and part of Holland, together with Luxembourg, the buffer countries in the general European war. Already the greatest fighting has taken place on Belgian soil.

FAIRBURN'S

17-14 MERRIMACK ST. TEL 788-789

MORE NEWS

Remember, you can secure here everything necessity demands and fancy could wish for in the way of fresh provisions and fancy groceries, and that, too, at prices, quality considered, that are from 10% to 20% less than you would pay for same quality elsewhere.

FRESH SHORE FISH

Fancy Large Mackerel, about 1 1-4 lb. each.....	3 for 25c
Block Island Bluefish, lb.....	12c
Shore Haddock, lb.....	6c
Center Cuts Swordfish, lb.....	20c

Every fish is fresh and firm

SPECIAL CUTS

We have some cuts we call "money savers." They are solid pot roasts of beef with little or no waste. They make fine slicing, both warm and cold.	
They sell for.....	15c lb.

Veal Potpie, lb.....	10c
Veal Roasts, lb.....	16c

Hickory Smoked Shoulders, lb. 16c	
Sweet Pickled Shoulders, lb. 16c	

VEGETABLES

That Are Fancy	
Shell Beans, qt. 5c	
Snake Beans, qt. 5c	
Green corn, doz. 20c	
Celery, bunch.....	20c
Egg Plant, lb.....	5c

SPECIAL

Witch Hazel Floating Toilet Soap.....	10c
Lilac Talcum Powder 10c	
Retail value.....	20c
Our Special Price for both.....	10c

LAMB

Very fancy young stock at very reasonable prices.	
Small Legs, lb. 19c	
Small Fores, lb. 13c	
Chop Roast, lb. 16c	

LAST CALL FOR MOXIE

Your last chance to get Moxie, 19c Bottle	
---	--

JERSEY CORN FLAKES

They remain crisp in milk. Twice the size package of others. 13c Each, 2 for 25c	
--	--

VEGETABLES

New Potatoes, Pk.....	23c
New Cabbage, lb. 2c	
New Turnips, lb. 2c	
New Carrots, lb. 3c	
New Beets, lb. 3c	
Sweet Potatoes, lb. 5c	
Onions... 2 lbs. 11c	

FREE

Whole Family of Ducks A drake, a duck and 13 ducklings given to the one who guesses how many beans of "M. S. M." Coffee in a jar. One guess free with every lb. Look in our window.	
---	--

CREAMERY BUTTER

Is rising. This will be the last call at the old price, 30c Lb.	
---	--

PURE CRABAPPLE JELLY

10c Per Jar	
-------------	--

ALPHA SALAD DRESSING

8c Bottle, 2 for 15c	
----------------------	--

Everything Guaranteed to be First Quality Goods.

SPECIAL

Franco-American Soups You know the quality 8c Can, 90c Dozen All Flavors	
--	--

We Deliver Your Way Three Times

Every Day—7, 10, 3.	
---------------------	--

Before Stock-Taking Sale

FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND MONDAY

Every garment must be turned into cash, former prices and cost not considered. We had our profits in the season. The balance of stock we are ready to sacrifice. We must have room for Fall goods arriving daily.

50 Suits, former prices \$15 to \$20, now.....	\$4.75
15 Suits, former prices \$20 to \$30, now.....	\$6.75
8 Suits, former prices \$25 to \$40, now.....	\$9.50
46 Suits, odds and ends, values \$10 to \$30, now.....	\$3.98
68 Coats, values \$8 to \$15, now.....	\$3.

THE INSPECTION OF MEAT

New Regulations for Federal Inspection to Become Effective

November 1, 1914

WASHINGTON, D. C. Aug. 7.—The new meat inspection regulations governing the slaughtering of cattle, sheep, swine and goats, and the preparation of meat food products in inspected establishments, were signed by the secretary of agriculture on July 15, 1914.

All the regulations become effective Nov. 1, 1914, except those governing imported meats, which go into effect Jan. 1, 1915.

The department of agriculture is limited by law to jurisdiction over the slaughtering and packing establishments which sell their products in interstate or foreign commerce. These establishments slaughter 60 per cent of the meat used in the United States. The slaughtering and packing establishments which sell their product wholly within the state in which the animals are slaughtered are beyond the jurisdiction of the department.

The new regulations, which occupy 87 printed pages, codify the many amendments and rulings made since the adoption of the old regulations on April 1, 1898, and also add to the requirements a number of features suggested by eight years' experience in meat inspection and conforming with recent scientific discoveries.

The more important changes made as the result of the development of veterinary science and practical experience in meat inspection, are as follows:

Condemned Diseased Animals

The new regulations provide that inspectors shall make a rigid ante-mortem inspection, and if they find clear evidence in the live animal of the existence of a disease which renders the meat for food, they shall condemn the animal and prevent its entry for slaughter into the food-preparing departments of the establishment. The animal so condemned must be slaughtered in a separate place and put at once into the denaturing tank to be turned into fertilizer or other non-edible products. This rule is more strict than the ante-mortem inspection procedure of the old regulations.

Heretofore, animals showing some evidence of disease on ante-mortem inspection were slaughtered on the same killing floors as healthy animals, and were not finally condemned until they were subjected to post-mortem examination.

Under the new rule, where the ante-mortem inspector suspects a live animal of having a disease which might render it unfit for food, but is not certain of its condition he will, as in the past, mark the animal "S. Suspect," which will make its carcass subject to special post-mortem examination. The ante-mortem inspector is also authorized to detain the animal for further observation and taking of temperature readings where it seems desirable in reaching a decision.

All animals at the time of slaughter, even though no symptoms of disease are visible on ante-mortem examination, are subject to careful post-mortem examination before the meat can be marked "U. S. Inspected and Passed" and allowed to leave the establishment.

Withdrawal of Inspection
The regulations prescribe that any inspected establishment which violates any regulation may suffer the penalty of having all inspection withdrawn. This would mean that such establishments could not ship any meat in interstate commerce or abroad. This is designed to strengthen the department's authority to compel establishments to observe sanitary conditions.

In view of the present shortage and high prices of meat, and the fact that every pound of meat that is condemned means a loss to the consumer, the new regulations provide measures whereby the packers can sterilize and cook thoroughly certain classes of meat and sell it in cans or sealed containers, labeled "Second-class Sterilized." The meat of portions of animals the fat of which the old regulations permitted the packers to make into edible lard and tallow. The process of sterilizing serves to sterilize the fat and make it entirely hygienic. The new plan extends the

same principle so as to utilize the lean portions of this meat which heretofore packers have not been allowed to sell for food purposes.

This action follows scientific investigations made by specialists of the department and by independent veterinarians and physiologists, which have made it clear that large quantities of meat which are perfectly good food when thoroughly cooked have been condemned because of the presence of strictly localized cysts or lesions in animals. This meat is of the type which the German and Austrian governments have long permitted their packers to sterilize by cooking and sell at shops in a cooked condition.

The meat which, cooked, finds ready sale at a lower price than raw meat in Germany and Austria, consists of portions of the flesh of animals which have localized cysts or lesions which make the immediately affected muscle or tissue unsuitable for food, but which do not affect the remaining flesh of the animal or render it unhealthful. Portions (usually organs or glands) containing cysts or lesions are cut away and condemned. These cysts and lesions do not come from any of the highly dangerous diseases, for any indications of which the regulations require the condemnation of the whole carcass.

Under both the old and the new regulations, in cases where the diseased condition is trivial and strictly localized, the unfitted portions of the carcass, which are free from any suspicion of disease, are passed for food and allowed to be sold in the raw state.

On the other hand, all carcasses and all parts diseased to an extent rendering them unfit for food are condemned. Between these two classes lies the class of meat which may be sterilized under the new regulations. This consists of parts of carcasses believed to be entirely healthy, but which come from carcasses affected with some localized condition that would allow the passing of these parts for food in the raw state because these parts may contain a chance cyst which, if eaten raw, might lead to tapeworm or other disease. These carcasses are, however, even if present, are rendered entirely harmless by thorough sterilization in cooking.

While the packers of Germany and Austria for many years have widely avoided the use of this method of saving, by cooking, a huge waste of meat, it is not known how far the American packers will care to follow the practice. It is believed, however, that if it is undertaken it will make available a large quantity of cooked meat which is now wasted.

Post-Mortem Inspection
The provisions relating to the post-mortem inspection of carcasses have been made clearer and more explicit so as to make the rules under which the inspectors pass or condemn carcasses or portions of them exact and in accordance with the latest scientific knowledge. The regulations governing the carcasses of hogs suspected of hog cholera have been made much more stringent.

Safeguarding Inspection Marks
The rules and regulations governing the disposal of condemned meat and the use and integrity of the federal marks have been redrafted to meet fully all conditions which have developed during the past six years. As a result it is made certain that the mark, "U. S. Inspected and Passed," can appear only on meat that has passed a rigid examination and post-mortem inspection at the hands of skilled veterinarians.

Raw Pork Prohibited
On account of the danger from trichina in pork and the lack of any known method of inspection which affords an absolute safeguard, the regulations prescribe that no muscle tissue of pork shall be allowed as an ingredient in any similar food which customarily are eaten without cooking. To be included in articles which may be eaten without home cooking, the pork must have been subjected to a temperature sufficient to destroy all live trichinae, or subjected to some other approved treatment which may hereafter be discovered.

Sanitary Regulations
The regulations governing the sanitary condition of packing establishments have been redrafted to emphasize the care of utensils and employees have been redrafted into a series of definite rules. This, it is believed, makes compliance with the rules easier on the part of the packers and makes detection of violations simpler for the inspectors.

These rules are very explicit as to the provision of washing and toilet facilities for the help, as to the condition of clothing, and as to the cleanliness of the hands of those handling the meat. The rules also explicitly prohibit the passing of meat which has been allowed to touch floors or become contaminated by contact with condemned meat or knives in butchering diseased meat.

Imported Meat
The regulations regarding imported meats are redrafted so as to be more comprehensive and complete. Each foreign country from which meats are being shipped to the United States will be supplied with copies, as will, United States consuls, so that a strict compliance with them may be had.

THE SOUTHERNERS FIGHT
FOR \$3,000,000—SEEK GOVERNMENT FUND HELD UP FOR WARTIME PROPERTY CLAIMS

Several thousand residents of the southern states are engaged in a picturesque fight before the court of claims of the United States to obtain a share of a fund of approximately \$3,000,000 held by the government. This money came from the sale of cotton and other property captured by the federal forces during the Civil war.

Some of the claims have been dragging along for years, but interest is being revived by the prospect that the court of claims will pass judgment in several of the test cases in October. The court has recently passed

Specials for Friday and Saturday

Hotz Pepper Sauce, 15c a lb.
10c, 2 for 25c
Export Borden Soap, 7 bars for 25c
Sunrise Evaporated Skimmed Milk, 10c can
Van Camps Italian Style Spaghetti, 3 for 25c
Saunders' Pure Refined Gelatine, 10c pkg.
Hon Ami, 10c Se Cake
Fruit Eno Pudding, 3 pkgs. for 10c

SAUNDERS' MARKET

159 CORHAM ST COR SUMMER ST

TELEPHONES 3890-3891-3892-3893

OUR COOKED MEAT DEPARTMENT

Economy—that is the word and that means your fuel, labor, time, patience and money are all saved by patronizing this department. Try us and see.

SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Pressed Corn Beef.....20c
Beef Loaf.....20c

4¹/₂c SUGAR 4¹/₂c

10 lbs. to a customer.

100 Lb. Bag.....4 1-2c
Brown Sugar, lb.....4 1-2c
Powdered Sugar, lb.....5 1-2c
Cut Loaf, lb.....7 1-2c
Crystal Domino Loaf, 2 lb. pkg.....17c
Crystal Domino Powdered, 1 lb. pkg, 3c

SOAPS

Seapine.....4c Pkg.
Ivory Soap.....6 for 25c
Peerless White Floating.....10 for 25c
White Rose.....10 for 25c
Swift's Pride.....9 for 25c
Swift's Naphtha.....7 for 25c
Swift's Borax.....7 for 25c
Lenox.....9 for 25c
Welcome.....7 for 25c
Every Woman's.....7 for 25c
P. and G. Naphtha.....7 for 25c
20 Muleteam Borax.....7 for 25c
Pure White Castile.....7 for 25c
Snap.....14 for 25c
Pearl.....6 for 25c
Bee.....6 for 25c
Swift's Wool.....7 for 25c
Grandma's Washing Powder.....4c, 12c
Jumbo Washing Powder.....4c
Swift's Washing Powder.....4c
Big 10 Washing Powder.....4c
Pearline.....4c, 3 for 10c
Star Naphtha Washing Powder 4c, 16c
Gold Dust Washing Powder.....4c, 18c
Sai Soda Washing Powder.....5c Pkg.
Lighthouse Cleanser.....4c

MEATS

Legs GUARANTEED Spring Lamb.....16c
Fores GUARANTEED Spring Lamb.....9c
Legs Mutton.....12c
Fancy Lamb Chops.....15c
Best Roast Beef, First Cuts.....13c
Chuck Roast Beef.....16c
Leg Veal, lb.....15c Up
Fresh Pork Shoulders, lb. 15c
Rump Butts, lb. 13c and 14c
Chickens and Fowl (fresh killed).....15c, 16c
Lamb Stew Fores.....7c and 8c
Fresh Pork Loins, lb.....15c
Best Rump Steak, lb. 25c to 28c
Best Round Steak, lb. 18c, 20c
Best Sirloin Steak, lb. 18c
Best Sirloin Roast Beef, tip, lb.....20c
Pork Butts, Boston Cut, lb.....16c
Fancy Corned Beef.....8c to 10c
Soare Ribs, lb.....11c
Sweet Pickled Shoulders.....14c
Sweet Cured Hams, lb.....17c
Raw Leaf Lard, lb.....11c

FISH

SALMON.....9c and 10c
EXTRA QUALITY
SWORD FISH.....15c
FRESH HALIBUT.....10c
CUT FRESH FROM BEST PARTS
SHORE HADDOCK.....4c and 5c
Codfish.....4c and 5c
Bluefish, lb.....10c
Flounders.....5c
Mackerel.....7 1-2c
Butter Fish, lb.....5c
Pollock, lb.....4c
Shad.....25c, 30c
Canned Clams.....8c
Salt Salmon.....8c
Fish Cakes, 1 lb. pkg.....14c
Shredded Fish, pkg.....5c
Salt Fish, 1 lb. pkg.....7c

BUTTERINE

Very Good Quality Butterine, lb.....15c
10, 30 lb. Tubs, lb.....13 1-2c
Highest Grade, lb.....20c

VEGETABLES

NEW POTATOES, 24c pk.
New Carrots, 2 bunches.....5c
Native Fancy Spinach, pk.....10c
Radishes.....1c
Shell Beans, qt.....5c
Scallions.....3 for 5c
Cucumbers.....2 for 5c
Apples, pk.....20c
Fancy Corn, doz.....20c
New Cabbage, lb.....1c
Butter Beans, 3 qts.....10c
String Beans, 4 qts.....10c
Fancy Boston Lettuce.....4c
Squash, lb.....3c
Onions, lb.....5c
New Turnips.....3 for 5c
Yellow Turnips, pk.....15c
Tomatoes, lb.....4c
Celery.....10c, 12c

FRUIT

BLUEBERRIES.....10c (85c Box)
Grape Fruit.....4c, 3 for 10c
Fancy Georgia Peaches.....12c Doz.
Pineapples.....5c Each
Lemons, large and juicy.....15c Doz.
Bananas.....10c dozen
Cantaloupe.....4c
Oranges.....20c Doz.
Plums.....10c Doz.

BUTTER

WESTERN CREAMERY, lb.....25c
FANCY NORTHERN CREAMERY, lb.....27c
BEST GRADE FANCY CREAMERY.....29c, 31c
5 LB. BOX PURE VERMONT CREAMERY.....\$1.55
ELM TREE FANCY CREAMERY, 1 lb. Cartons.....30c
ALSO HOOD FARM, MEADOW GOLD, CLOVE HILL AND YORKSHIRE BUTTER.

\$5.50 - FLOUR - \$5.50

Our stock of Bread Flours includes the following brands—BEN HUR, MUSKETEER, ETHAN ALLEN, COMMANDER and CAVALIER, \$5.50 Barrel, 70c Bag
Best Pastry, Snow Crust and White Lily Brands 65c Bag

COMPOUND LARD

50 Lb. Tub Compound Lard.....9c Lb.
20 Lb. Tub Compound Lard.....9 1-2c Lb.
10s, 5s, 3s Compound Lard.....11c

PURE LARD

Swift's Silver Leaf Brand
50 Lb. Tub Pure Lard.....11 1-2c Lb.
20 Lb. Tub Pure Lard.....12c Lb.
10s, 5s, 3s Pure Leaf.....13c Lb.

CAMPBELL'S SOUPS

Tomato, Vegetable and Chicken.....7 1-2c can
Campbell's Pork and Beans, 9c, 3 for 25c

Salmon, pink.....8c

Red Salmon—Columbia River Brand.....10c can
Salmon Steak—Choice Alaska Cuts, red, 1 lb. can 12c

MY WIFE'S SALAD DRESSING

Small Size.....14c
Large Size.....23c
Snider's Oyster Cocktail Sauce.....10c, 20c

Shredded Wheat.....11c

Cream of Wheat.....12c
Grape Nuts.....11c

Colombia Beans.....4c

Colombia Soups.....5c

6c—AMMONIA—6c

A regular 10c bottle. White Foam Ammonia has stood the test and unlike clear ammonia does not irritate the skin or discolor the clothes.

COOKED MEATS

OUR OWN PRODUCTS

Roast Beef.....40c lb.
Boiled Ham.....40c lb.
Head Cheese.....14c lb.
Minced Ham.....14c lb.
Pork Sausages.....12c lb.
Frankfurters, Best German.....12c lb.
Fresh Pork Sausages.....12c lb.
Fresh Beef Sausages.....12c lb.
Fresh Tomato Sausages.....12c lb.
English Side Bacon.....22c lb.
English Rolled Bacon.....22c lb.
English Sugar Cured Ham.....30c lb.
English Blood Pudding.....12c lb.
German Liverwurst.....15c lb.

ALSO

Boiled Tongue.....32c lb.
Boiled Corn Beef.....22c lb.
Boiled Beef Tongue.....22c lb.
Fresh Tripe.....12c lb.
Pigs' Feet.....10c lb.
Pork Pies.....50c Each
German Tonguewurst.....15c lb.
German Knockwurst.....15c lb.
And a full line of German Dried Bolognas.

Roast Pork.....40c lb.

SPECIALS

Our Pie Preparation.....6c
Chocolate, Custard and Lemon
Seeded Raisins.....8c pkg.
Hot-A-Seed Raisins.....8c pkg.
O'Zerta Pudding.....6c pkg.
Fruiteana Pudding.....4c pkg.
(All Flavors)
Corn Flakes.....4c pkg.
Chivers, Pure Orange Marmalade.....16c
Hollis Pork and Beans.....8c
Crab Meat.....25c
American Sardines.....4c
Shrimps, can.....14c
Lobster, Osprey brand.....25c
Snider's Pork and Beans with Tomato Sauce.....11c
Ground Bone, fresh every day, 3c lb., 10 lbs. 25c

TEA and COFFEE

Poinsettia Cocoa, guaranteed pure, 1/2 lb. can.....12c
Ridgway Tea, all blends, 1/4 lb. 25c
Avondale Coffee, regular 35c quality, truly coffee.....30c
Yours Truly Coffee, lb.....25c
Silver Coffee, lb.....25c
Quality Cocoa, warranted pure, 1/2 lb. 25c, 1/4 lb. 12c, 1/4 lb. 6c
Wan Eta Chocolate.....14c 1-2 lb.
Bensdorps Cocoa.....30c
Sakers Cocoa.....19c
With every 1/2 lb. of Salada, Lipton, Tudor, Nonquit, Primrose, Ball Grade and Ridgeway's Orange Label Teas we will sell

SPECIALS

D'Zerta Jelly.....6c
D'Zerta Pudding.....6c
Dry Mustard, 1/4 lb.....6c
Bottle Mustard, large.....6c
Saunders' Baking Powder.....6c
Bird Seed.....6c
Horse radish.....6c
Tapioca.....6c
Alspice, 1/4 lb.....6c
Ground Ginger, 1/4 lb.....6c
Bluing, quart bottle.....6c
Rex Jelly.....6c
Extracts (all flavors).....6c
Epsom Salts.....6c
Worcestershire Sauce.....6c
Pepper Sauce.....6c
Napier Borax.....6c
Napier Alum.....6c
Napier Epsom Salts.....6c
Napier Rochelle Salts.....6c
Napier Sulphur.....6c
Napier Bicarbonate Soda.....6c
Napier Comp. Licorice.....6c

CHEESE

Very Good Cheese, lb.....10c
Full Cream Cheese, lb.....19c
Full Cream Pimento, lb.....22c
Sage, lb.....22c
Swiss, lb.....30c
Roquefort, lb.....35c, 40c
Limburger, lb.....20c
Young America, lb.....20c, 22c
Full Cream Edam, each.....85c
Holland, each.....85c
Munster, lb.....30c
Camembert, box.....28c
Gorgonzola Cheese, lb.....35c
La Trappe Cheese, lb.....45c
Pineapples Cheese, each, 40c, 55c
Parmesan, lb.....40c
Neufchatel Cheese, each.....5c

CRACKERS

We have a few goods left from our overload sale.

Sunshine Biscuits

that we are offering for Friday and Saturday at prices that are both attractive and convincing. Also a full line of National Suit Co. goods.

COME AND SEE AND BUY

BORDEN'S MALTED MILK 27c
MASON JARS Pints 45c Doz. Quarts 50c Doz.
PREPARED FRENCH MUSTARD 4c, 6c, 8c and 9c

SAUNDERS' MILK BREAD

1 Lb. Loaves.....4c
2 Lb. Loaves.....8c
Weight absolutely guaranteed.
This bread has the real "home made" taste and is made from the BEST flour under conditions that are both clean and sanitary.

2 IN 1 SHOE POLISH

10c Box 7c

MACARONI.....5c Pkg.

SPAGHETTI.....5c Pkg.

VERMICELLI.....5c Pkg.

BANNER PARLOR MATCHES

Six 5c Boxes for 15c

DIAMOND STARCH

10c Pkg. 8c

ELECTRIC STARCH

10c Pkg. 8c

EGGS

Fresh Eggs.....22c Doz.
Fancy Fresh Eggs.....25c Doz.
Duck Eggs.....28c Doz.
Strictly Fresh Chelmsford Duck Eggs.....32c Doz.
Brookfield Eggs.....30c Doz.

MAGIC PERFUMED STARCH

1 Lb. Pkg. 5c

CLOTHES PINS

3 Doz. 5c

PIMPLES ON NECK CHEST AND BACK

Face Was a Sight. Large, Red and Sore. Became Fostered. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Recovery Complete.

14 Holmes St., Rockland, Me.—"About a year and a half ago I would occasionally have a small pimple come out on my face and I would scratch it all the time. In doing so I began to have more until about a year later my face was a sight. Then they came on my neck and later on my chest and back. They were large, red and sore and in a very short time became fostered. I put on two or three things but they did not seem to help me much. One night before going to bed I washed my face in as hot water as I could bear and Cuticura Soap, then applied the Cuticura Ointment. The next morning I felt better. In a month my recovery was complete." (Signed) Paul H. Locke, Apr. 4, 1914.

RASH DISFIGURED BABY

643 Hamburg Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.—"My baby's head broke out with a very bad red rash and itched him so bad that he could not sleep. It distressed him so that I was ashamed to take him on the street and he scratched until it bled. The hair fell out on several parts of the head. I sent for samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in two weeks my baby was entirely healed of his rash." (Signed) Mrs. Edw. Schneider, Jan. 26, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

Although Cuticura Soap (25c) and Cuticura Ointment (10c) are sold throughout the world, a sample of each with 30-p. Skin Book will be sent free upon request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

IT MAY COST A LITTLE MORE

But when painted right you get the difference of the cost in the wear. Have your painting done by the shop with a reputation for good work.

DWYER & CO.

Painting Contractors
170-176 APPLETON STREET

FOR LATE LOCAL AND TELEGRAPH
NEWS SEE LATER EDITIONS

From Yesterday's Late Editions

FOR REPORT OF TODAY'S CLOSING
STOCK MARKET SEE LATER EDITIONS

OVER 200 BELGIANS WILL LEAVE LOWELL

To Fight for Their Country—They are Anxiously Awaiting the Call to Arms Which Will Come Through the Belgian Society

It is believed that within a few days, providing transportation can be secured, some 200 Belgians who are making their homes in this city will leave the states to fight for their country, which is now engaged in the great European conflict. The Belgians are a very patriotic people and several of them who were seen by a Sun reporter this morning stated that all those living in Lowell are anxiously awaiting the call to arms.

There are over 200 Belgians in Lowell, 200 of whom are men and although several of them have never seen military service they are all anxious to be called to arms. In Belgium, up to two years ago, all men were forced to join the army and in France, for when a young man reached the age of 20 he went to the military office and drew lots and if he drew a large number he was exempt from service, but military laws were changed two years ago and now all young men upon reaching the age of 20 have to enlist and serve three years.

However, all Belgians are subject to a call in case of war and inasmuch as

SYMPATHY FOR PRESIDENT GOV. WALSH OFFICIATED

EXPRESSED IN RESOLUTION PASSED IN HOUSE—BILL IN WHICH MRS. WILSON WAS INTERESTED PASSED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Sympathy for President Wilson and hope for the recovery of Mrs. Wilson was expressed in a resolution passed by the house immediately after it convened today.

Throughout the day members of the diplomatic corps called in a steady procession at the White House to leave their cards and express their sympathy. Senate leaders "met together" and brought in the bill in which Mrs. Wilson was so much interested and it was passed without delay or objection.

REP. PETERS NOMINATED

TO BE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY BY PRESIDENT WILSON

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—President Wilson today nominated Rep. Andrew J. Peters of Boston to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

CRASH IN COLLISION

While proceeding on its way up President street about 2:30 this afternoon a Franklin touring car, the property of Adam Rittenhart, 35 Wyman street, Jamaica Plain, slipped on the wet pavement and crashed into a car belonging to Joseph Legare, which was stopped at the time near a telephone post.

The Franklin car hit Mr. Legare's auto in the rear and knocked it up against the post. It ripped off a rear wheel, smashed a mud guard and broke a rear light. Mr. Legare was at the time in the Washington club. The owner of the car after making himself known proceeded on his way.

NO CHANGE IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Conditions in the financial district were unchanged today. Reduction of the British bank discount rate and reports of similar action by the banks of France are expected to react favorably in this quarter. It is believed those local institutions which yesterday advanced call money from 5 to 8 per cent will now restore the lower rate.

STEAMER GERMANIA SINGLED

FISHGUARD, Aug. 6.—Steamer Germania from New York for Fishguard and Liverpool, singled. Time and distance not given.

RUSH FROM MEXICO CITY

VERA CRUZ, Aug. 6.—Hundreds of refugees, mostly Mexicans, continue to arrive here daily on special trains from Mexico City. Most of them cannot be convinced that the accession to power of Venustiano Carranza will not be attended by danger for non-combatants. The hotels here are overcrowded and many of them have placed cots in their corridors.

The German steamer Antonina is still detained by the constitutionalists at Tampico in spite of their failure to find on board Dr. Villa Kruza and Senor Pesos, who were charged by the Mexican authorities with homicide. The captain and the German consul were arrested but released without molestation. The constitutionalists now threaten to funnel the vessel hoping to drive out the refugees which they still believe to be on board.

THREE MEN JAILED

Three men were sentenced to jail and another was fined \$15 this afternoon when Judge Pickman at the conclusion of an assault and battery case, which was started this morning in the police court, found four of the assailants guilty. A fifth one was found not guilty and ordered discharged.

William Buzoni, Joseph Killecz, John Kleza, Joseph Lech and Joseph Kleza were charged with assault and battery on Anthony Macodewicz, Buzoni, Killecz and John Kleza were ordered committed to the common jail for a term of two months, while Lech was fined \$15. Joseph Kleza was found not guilty. The defendants appealed and after considerable talk with counsel downstate by the court officers.

HURRAH FOR CHARLIE MORSE

He Will Start the Paving Work in Westford Street

The residents of Westford street and all who have occasion to use that main thoroughfare in automobiles or carriages will feel relieved to know that work on paving the street will be started next week. The street has been in a very poor condition for some time and it has been the cause of much criticism on the part of residents of Lowell and suburban towns, for it was deemed unsafe for traffic.

Commissioner Morse, who has returned from his vacation, announced this morning that he will put a gang of men at work on the street next week. Employees of the Bay State Street Railway Co. are now at work tearing up the old rails and replacing them with new ones and the city employees will follow up the track men. The street will be paved with what is known as Belgian blocks with a concrete base and it is believed that the job will be completed in about two months and a half.

It will require about 500,000 blocks to do the job and the city has on hand 200,000 new blocks which will be used and 300,000 new blocks will be purchased at a cost of \$16,000. The street will be paved from the junction of Chestnut to Pine street and the work will be done within the appropriation for street work, the total job to cost about \$40,000.

The Gorham street job is being pushed along and it is believed it will be completed in about two weeks. The street is being repaved and the cost of the work will be about \$25,000, a much smaller amount than what was figured for the upper part of the street will not be touched until a later date.

It reached Washington City Clerk Stephen Flynn is in receipt of a letter from the secretary to President Woodrow Wilson to a telegram sent by the municipal council urging the president to urge his influence in bringing about a settlement of the European conflict. The message to the chief executive of the country was sent at the request of Commissioner Brown, who presented a motion to that effect at the last meeting of the council. The reply to the telegram was as follows:

White House, Washington, D. C., August 4, 1914.

My dear Sir: Allow me to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram of even date, and to say that at the earliest opportunity it will be brought to the attention of the president.

Respectfully yours,
Secretary to the President.

FUNERALS

SULLIVAN.—The funeral of the late John L. Sullivan took place Thursday afternoon at his home, 47 Marshall street, and was very largely attended by crowding relatives and friends. At St. Patrick's church Rev. Fr. Kavanagh celebrated a high mass of requiem at 9 o'clock. The Greekian chant was sung by the choir, the solo being sustained by Miss Alice Murphy and Mr. Daniel McCarthy. Mr. M. J. Johnson presided at the organ. Prominent among the many beautiful floral offerings were a large yellow lily from the family of the bereaved family, and pieces from employees of Mr. Sullivan's room of the Hotel Merrimack, and from friends, members of Elder's club and friends, Miss Eva Benoit, Miss Margaret and John Heaney, Mrs. Arthur W. Layton, Mr. and Mrs. MacNamara and many others. The bearers were Messrs. Cornelius Sullivan, John Sheehan, William Walsh and Peter Bonhillan. The burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the final prayers were read at the grave by Rev. Fr. Kavanagh. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Charles H. Melloy.

NEW MERRIMACK HOTEL

REOPENED TODAY UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT—HOUSE VISITED BY COMMISSIONERS

The New Merrimack hotel reopened today under new management after being closed for two weeks per order of the license commission. The property was viewed by the commissioners this forenoon and an innholder's license was granted to Martin J. Hart & Co. of Lawrence, while the license formerly held by Walter R. Rothera was cancelled. Business was resumed immediately after the new license was issued. The property was leased by the new company.

Nolan Deidridts & Co. were granted a coffee house license this forenoon to do business at 383 Market street, and the license of Demetrius Sarantidis was withdrawn. The matter has been before the commission for some time as other parties claimed to be interested in the ownership of the equipment, etc.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

7-20-4

10c CIGAR

Thirty-nine years continuous in factory, Manchester, N. H.

ASSIST WOUNDED

American Red Cross Appeals to Mayor and Board of Trade

The American Red Cross has planned extensive operations to assist in the care of the wounded during the European war and has asked Mayor Dennis J. Murphy and the Lowell board of trade to promulgate its appeal for funds for the cause.

In response to a telegram from Washington headquarters of the Red Cross, the mayor and the executive committee of the Lowell board of trade are making public the text of the despatch and ask that generous Lowell residents respond quickly.

It is needed here, as elsewhere, that the need for relief work by the Red Cross and under the protection of the

will leave the matter to this organization. The board of trade will appoint the Lowell Trust Co. and the Union National bank to accept donations and Edward B. Carney, the well known banker will be appointed treasurer.

More Candidates

Fireman John J. McManmon has filed papers with the city clerk as a candidate for senator in the eighth district.

Fred G. Lewis, representative in the 15th Massachusetts district is up for a reelection and this morning he filed his nomination papers with the city clerk.

Bank Gets Permit

The Lowell Trust Co. has been granted a permit for considerable alterations in its quarters at Taylor's corner. The alterations will be made in the basement room and will cost approximately \$1000.

AMERICANS ASK FOR HELP

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Many Americans today asked for help to obtain food and clothing. There were numerous pathetic cases of people with red cut fingers in their pockets walking the streets all night hungry. Some of them were relieved by small unsecured loans from U. C. Hovey of California, who spent most of the day working to obtain a reasonable rate of exchange for American bills. The rate is now exorbitant.

RECORD FOR NAVAL MILITIAS

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 6.—The U. S. S. Rhode Island, which has been cruising in New England waters with the Connecticut, Maine and Rhode Island naval militias and a detachment from the Missouri naval militia, dropped anchor off the breakwater today, the cruise having ended.

At target practice in Gardiner's bay yesterday, the Connecticut men established a record for naval militias. (Owing to naval regulations the figures are not made public.)

PAPERS SENT THROUGH MAILS

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—The first nomination papers of Samuel W. McCall for the republican nomination for governor came to the secretary's office yesterday in the mails. The papers were signed by voters in Sunderland and Erving.

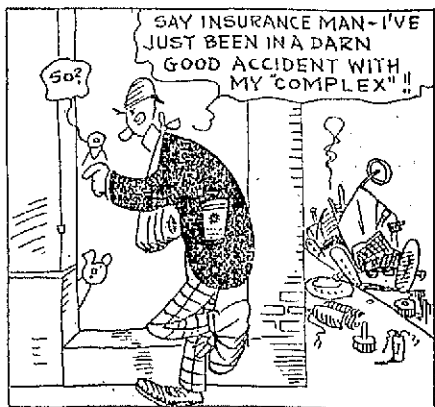
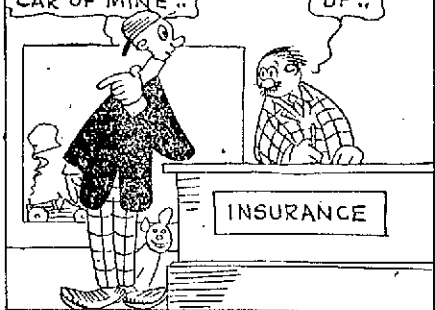
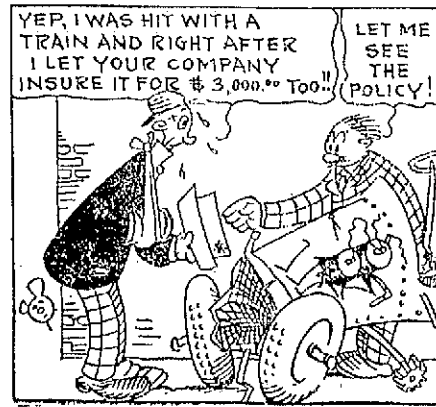
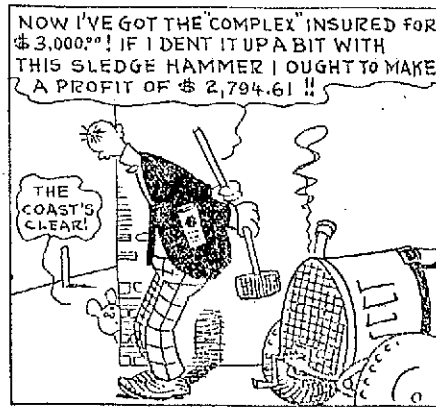
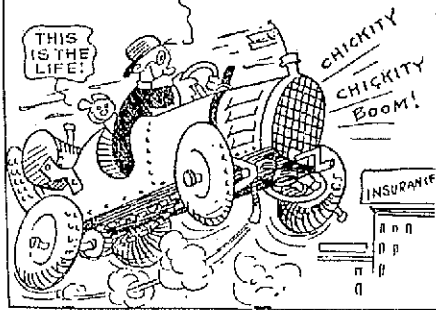
Nomination papers carrying the signatures of Sunderland voters were also filed for Joseph Monette of Lawrence for the republican nomination for state auditor.

DEATHS

GAGNON.—Bruno Cyrille Gagnon, a former resident of this city who for a number of years was employed at L. B. Lott, died Aug. 4 at his home in Farnham, Que. He was 67 years of age and was survived by several children and brothers as well as five sisters residing in this city. Mesdames Adele Desbure, Alice Bailey, Caroline Duchene and Misses Marie and Rosanna Gagnon.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

EXCUSE ME



NEUTRALITY OF U.S. PORTS

American Officials Will Board any Vessel Attempting to Sail Without Clearance Papers

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—To protect the neutrality of American ports and prohibit shipment of munitions of war, Secretary Daniels today ordered the Mayflower to proceed to Hampton Roads, a number of destroyers to guard ports along the New England coast and those at Lewes, Del., to prevent violations of neutrality at Philadelphia or in that territory. Any vessel attempting to sail for a belligerent without clearance papers will be boarded by American officials.

The Texas and Louisiana at Vera Cruz and the Minnesota at Tampico have been ordered to New York and Secretary Daniels announced that other American vessels will be ordered north as fast as room could be found for them at navy yard docks.

At wireless stations under the censorship order by President Wilson no code message will be allowed under any circumstances. Messages which might help any of the belligerents in any way will, of course, be barred.

Secretary Garrison expressed concern at the disposition of American steamship companies to charge what he characterizes as exorbitant prices to transport Americans back from Europe.

Secretary Garrison said that preliminary inquiries brought information that vessels could be obtained for about \$600 a day. The price suddenly has been doubled.

"I do not intend to have anyone get suddenly rich out of this business," said Secretary Garrison. "The steamship companies will find that they cannot use this occasion to siphon money out of the United States treasury."

For that reason, Mr. Garrison said, it would be his purpose first to employ

some of the 13 army transports at Galveston already being refitted for transatlantic service.

MESSAGES TO GERMAN WARSHIPS
NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Although President Wilson has issued an order prohibiting wireless stations in the United States from transmitting messages of an unneutral nature, the Atlantic Communication Co.'s powerful tower at Sayville, L. I., today sent several messages in code to German warships lying off the coast. These messages, according to a German employee of the company, were received from the cable offices of the Postal Telegraph Co. and the Western Union Telegraph Co. in this city. Others were received from a person in New York, it was said. Some of the messages were received at the Sayville station yesterday afternoon and some during the early evening. During the night and early morning they were translated. The manager of the company, a member of the naval reserve of Germany, said he had read in the newspapers that President Wilson had issued an order in regard to the transmission and recording of messages but that he had no official notification of any kind.

OFFICERS AT RADIO STATIONS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Naval officers were under orders to leave here for Sayville today to censor wireless messages at the station there pursuant to President Wilson's order prohibiting radio stations within the jurisdiction of the United States from receiving or transmitting messages of an unneutral nature from any of the warring European nations. Enforcement of the order has been delegated to Secretary Daniels of the navy department, who decided to place naval officers at all radio stations to act as censors.

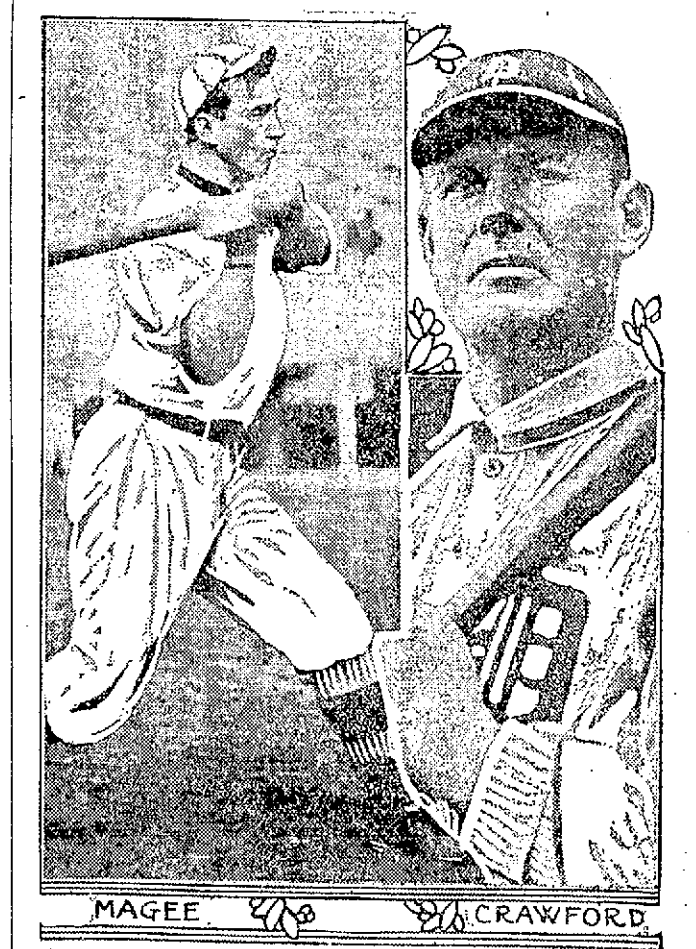
LARGE PREHISTORIC FAMILY

Everyone is familiar with clams and snails, and many are acquainted with the pearly or chambered nautilus. These shellfish represent the three main classes of the Mollusca, one of the great divisions of the animal kingdom, which is the most varied and the most recognized of life upon the globe, many millions of years before man first inhabited it. The cephalopods, the class which includes the chambered nautilus, are the most highly organized of all the Mollusca. They breathe by gills and are exclusively marine. The cephalopods more comparatively few representatives living today, yet in the past they were very abundant, the remains of over 7000 species having been found. One of the subdivisions of the cephalopods, the ammonoids, are now extinct, but of this particular group no less than 5000 species have been described from their fossil remains. During past geologic time these interesting invertebrates were very abundant and may have been the masters of the sea for a long period.

To the scientist these fossil cephalopods are of especial value as markers of geologic time. They were so highly developed as to be very sensitive to changes in the conditions of the sea and hence were constantly changing during the different geologic epochs. An interesting feature of the ammonoids is the complete record of the race which is preserved in the shell. Each individual lives in a shell which it manufactures by its own secretions, and when it outgrows the portion in which it resides it simply moves forward and builds a shell partition behind itself. Hence the shell becomes chambered, and the earlier portions enclosed within the later therefore constitute a record of the development of the individual. By a careful study of this and other groups it has been found that animals in their development go through the various stages representative of their remote ancestors. In the more highly developed animals with which we are familiar, such as the cat, this series of changes recapitulating ancestral conditions takes place in miniature in the embryo, and after birth the animal has only to increase in size. In the ammonoids, however, this series of changes is recorded in the shell of the animal.

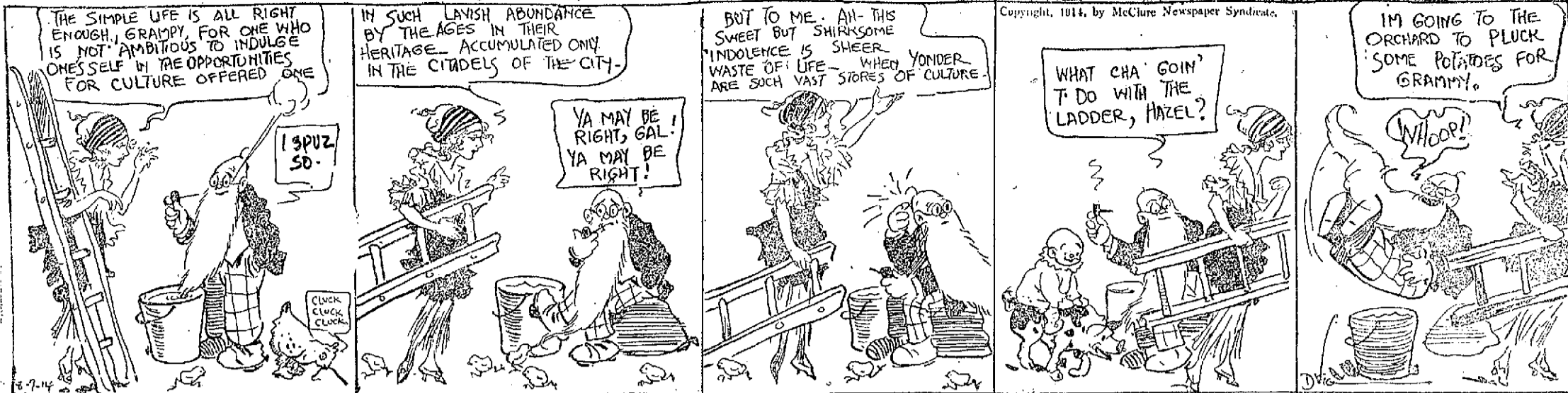
A recent publication of the United States Geological Survey, professional paper 83, by James Perrin Smith, contains detailed descriptions of the species of ammonoids and other marine invertebrates living in North America during what is known as the middle Triassic period. The report is very technical and mainly of interest to paleontologists. Those desirous of obtaining a copy should write to the Director, U. S. Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

CRAWFORD AND MAGEE BEST SLUGGERS IN AMERICAN AND NATIONAL LEAGUES



Here are the two heaviest sluggers in the two big leagues. Sam Crawford of Detroit leads the American league in long distance bombing with sixteen doubles, eighteen triples and seven home runs. Magee of the Philadelphia Nationals heads his league with twenty-four doubles, six triples and eight home runs.

DAY BY DAY—Hazel is Strong for Culture



LATE WAR BULLETINS

JAPAN READY—FLYING SQUADRON FORMED

TOKIO, Aug. 7.—The reserve army officers have been instructed to hold themselves in readiness for possible mobilization. A flying squadron of seven cruisers has been organized at Yokosuka. Prince Fushimi is in command.

The battleship squadron has been increased to eight vessels and is ready for service. Admiral Kato is in command.

The fortifications at Vladivostok, Asiatic Russia and at Saigon, the French possession in China, have been strengthened to meet a possible bombardment of German warships whose whereabouts are now unknown.

REVAL AND LIBAU TAKEN BY GERMANS

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 7.—A Finnish sea captain who has arrived here reports that the Russian navy is bottled up at Helsingfors, while Reval and Libau have been taken by the Germans after a furious battle and are burning.

FRENCH DIPLOMATS BADLY TREATED IN GERMANY

PARIS, Aug. 7.—(via London).—According to a semi-official communication, French diplomatic representatives in Germany are being badly treated throughout that country while French and Russian subjects returning to their own countries are insulted and molested by crowds and authorities as well.

The French ambassador at Berlin, Jules Cambon, is believed to be still at Mecklenburg.

BRITISH STEAMER BEACHED AFTER STRIKING MINE

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 7.—11.40 a. m.—The British steamer Craigforth, of 1542 tons, was beached near here today after striking a mine.

ENGLISH TORPEDOBOATS PURSUED AUSTRIAN WARSHIP

ROME, Aug. 7.—A despatch from Brindisi to the Giornale d'Italia states that the Austro-Hungarian warship Taurus has taken refuge in the harbor there from English torpedoboats which had pursued her. The Taurus, it is reported, is leaking. The Taurus is a small cruiser of 1250 tons displacement.

GROUND PILED WITH DEAD AND WOUNDED

LONDON, Aug. 6, 10.30 p. m.—The correspondent of the Daily News at Brussels sends the following despatch:

"All the forts surrounding Liege are intact. A Belgian airman thus describes the German attack on Liege.

"After a terrible cannonade, the German infantry approached. Enormous masses and reached the glass of the forts where the heavy defensive guns were unable to reach them. General Leeman sent artillery to a point where the invading infantry could be shelled and the Germans were swept from their position. This occurred several times during the day and night.

"A patrol of Uhlans performed a remarkable exploit by riding into town. Belgian officers recognized them as Germans and a desperate fight ensued. Several on each side were killed.

"Red Cross authorities arriving at Brussels report that the ground before the forts is piled with dead and wounded Germans."

GERMAN STEAMER SCHLESSEN CAPTURED

PLYMOUTH, England, Aug. 7.—The British light cruiser Vindictive today captured the German steamer Schlesien of 3525 tons and brought her into this port. The Schlesien was on the voyage from Brisbane, Australia, to Bremen.

SAW TERRIFIC FIGHTING IN NORTH SEA

LOWESTOFT, England, Aug. 7.—Trawlers returning here today report that they witnessed terrific fighting in the North Sea Wednesday. A German destroyer was fleeing from two British cruisers. A dense cloud of smoke from the destroyer gave the impression that she was burning.

NANCY, FRANCE, FILLED WITH WOUNDED

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Fighting continues all along the Franco-German frontier. Scouting parties in force are meeting everywhere. Nancy is reported filled with German and French wounded, and arrangements are being made to send them to hospital camps to be established. The war office claims that no hostile German force has passed the outer line of forts, although there are many in the six-mile strip inside of the frontier line.

RUSSIAN CRUISER IS ASHORE

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 7.—(via London).—The captains of two Swedish steamers report that a Russian cruiser is ashore near Hangoo, Finland.

BALTIC 200 MILES WEST OF QUEENSTOWN

QUEENSTOWN, Ireland, Aug. 7.—The White Star liner Baltic, which sailed from New York for Liverpool July 30, was signalled 200 miles west of Queenstown at eight o'clock last night.

GREEN-EYED MONSTER DYING

Jealousy of Americans is Surely on the Wane

Says Mrs. Reina Marquis—American Wives are Lucky

Jealousy may be defined as outraged propriety. That is why in the past—and at present in certain oriental lands—jealousy has been a masculine rather than a feminine prerogative. When every man catalogued his wife along with the rest of his personal property, "something better than his dog, a little denser than his horse," he quickly and violently resented the suggestion of any dower in his title.

"The modern woman denies that her husband owns her. She is equally ready to admit that she does not own him," Mrs. Reina Marquis writes in the New York Evening World.

"Every woman wants her husband on a ball and chain," a man said to me. "She's perfectly willing to give him the freedom for the length of the chain. But that's all."

On the contrary, Mrs. Reina Marquis, author not only of discourses in jealousy but believes that it is disappearing. Nor is Mrs. Marquis one of those irascible spiritual people who tell you that we ought to outgrow marriage and ascend to "the higher plane." She is a slim, attractive young woman, with a sense of humor.

"I don't see how one can let jealousy enter one's life," she told me. "I don't want to think of the dreadful things it makes people do. And I can't believe that there are many modern women who are jealous. It seems to me that jealousy is much less prevalent than it used to be."

"Then you don't agree with Miss Maria Thompson Davies," I remarked. "She told me that she had noticed a nagging, envious attitude in most husbands of successful professional women."

"I have noticed just the reverse," Mrs. Marquis responded. "It is to me that the modern American is thoroughly interested in any work which his wife takes up, and sincerely proud of whatever success she attains. I know my husband is like that," she added, with a happy little smile.

"The wife who doesn't do any work of some sort is the one most apt to be jealous. Work seems to be the solution of so many troubles. The woman who sits around all day with nothing to do and nothing to think about is likely to become morbid. Her empty brain must be filled with something, and into it creep all the silly suspicions of her hard working husband."

"The sort of literature she's been fed with the last few years doesn't help."

LEGAL NOTICES

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Nettie M. Saunders of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to William Sheppard of said Lowell, dated April 8, 1912, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book 161, Page 158, I will sell at public auction for breach of the conditions of said mortgage deed, on Wednesday, the second day of September, A. D. 1914, at three o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises hereinafter described, and therein described substantially as follows:

That parcel of land with the buildings thereon situated on the easterly side of Gates street in said Lowell, shown as lot twenty-seven (27) on a plan entitled, "Plan of Building Lots in Lowell belonging to the children of the late Josiah Gates, surveyed October, 1881, by John D. Smith, Civil Engineer and Surveyor," recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book of Plans 18, Plan 69, and as lot 27 on a plan of said lot 27, dated April 8, 1912, and recorded in said Registry, Book 161, Page 158.

The above described premises will be sold and conveyed subject to a prior mortgage given by said Nettie M. Saunders to the Central Savings Bank dated April 8, 1912, and recorded in said Registry, Book 161, Page 158, and to all taxes, municipal or other assessments and tax sales which may be due or to become due thereon. The purchaser will be required to pay \$200 in cash at the time and place of sale, and the balance in ten days from the day of sale at the office of William T. Sheppard, 103 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

WILLIAM T. SHEPPARD, Mortgagee.

BUNCH OF KEYS LOST BETWEEN Hurd st. and depot; name on key ring. Reward. Return to Max Katz, 9 Hurd st.

FOR SALE

PARROTS FOR SALE. 154 MIDDLESEX ST. Top floor. Call evenings after 6 o'clock.

NICE PAIR OF BLACK HORSES. For sale. Call evenings after 6 o'clock. Amasa A. Brown, 73 Inland st. Tel. 232.

UNUSUAL PIANO BARGAIN. Square piano, best make (full octaves), clean legs, fine tone, looks most new, with music or scratch in box of condition inside and out; cost five years ago \$225; have no use or room for it. Will sell for \$100. Cash, worth from \$50 to \$70. Call and see it, at 311 Central st. J. T. Cnealy.

NEW UPRIGHT CONCERT GRAND PIANO; also talking machine and records for sale; low price; sell at once. Call evenings after 6 o'clock. 45 Brickett st. Tel. 419. Amasa A. Brown, 73 Inland st. Tel. 232.

FIVE PASSENGER 1912 TOURING car for sale; in perfect condition; cost \$2175; will sell for \$500, or trade for some good cows. W. A. Wilson, North Main st.

MOTOR CYCLE FOR SALE. In good running condition; price \$350 if sold at once. Apply 407 Middlesex st.

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25,000 GERMANS KILLED

19 German Battleships Captured or Sunk and Several British or French Vessels Destroyed in Desperate 24 Hour Battle in North Sea—Attempt to Assassinate German Crown Prince—British Ships Struck Line of German Mines and Went Down—Bulgarians Side With Germany

The French Army Enters Belgium

FREEDOM FOR POLAND

S. D. Monarszynski, of 23 Jewett street, and M. J. Schiller, of 283 Lakeview avenue, called at The Sun office today to correct certain statements made in a local paper relative to the number of Austrians and Russians in Lowell; the paper in question having stated that there are 2500 Austrians and 1500 Russians. Mr. Monarszynski is a German Pole and Mr. Schiller a Russian Pole, and they agree on all points concerning the European trouble. They believe that the decisive battle will be fought out on Polish territory; that Poland will remain neutral through it all and when Russia and Germany have about dissipated their empires she will strike a blow for freedom. This is the little scheme that the two Lowell men have worked out in their minds and they allow it will happen just as they map it out.

"The statement which appeared in a local paper about the number of Austrians and Russians in Lowell was misleading," said Mr. Monarszynski. "There are about 700 Poles in Lowell. Three-quarters of them are Austrian Poles and the other quarter, Russian Poles. Lowell has 700 or 800 Lithuanians. Most of the Poles live in Centralville where they have bought a lot of property. They are still buying property there. We have two churches, one Roman Catholic and the other independent. We have a Polish school and we are now building a club house. "There isn't any reason under heaven why we should go home to fight for Russia, Austria or Germany. When we fight we will fight for liberty and we will probably have friends enough among the European powers to help us when the time comes. We want home rule. "We have a population of about 32,000,000 souls. We are a well regulated people and we should have our freedom. There are about 4,900,000 Poles in the United States and when the time comes they will be on hand to fight for the liberation of their home land. The present conflict will be settled in Poland for she lies directly in the path of the quarrelling nations. The last battle will be fought on Polish territory and then Poland will set her hopes on freedom. So big a nation cannot die without a struggle. The Balkans pulled out from beneath the Turkish yoke and freedom for Poland is written in the skies today."

Water

Is your home dependent on the wind for its water supply?

Or does the old oaken bucket still hang in the well, perhaps?

In either case, would not the positive water supply of the automatic electric pump be well worth your consideration?

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 Central St.

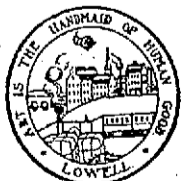
Deposits

Made Now Go On
INTEREST

Tomorrow

Washington
Savings Institution
267 CENTRAL ST.

TAX PAYERS



Owing to the stringency of the money market and the distressed condition of business in general due to the conflict of Europe, I have decided to extend the time to delinquent taxpayers to Saturday, August 22, 1914, which is the limit allowed to me by law.

GEORGE H. BROWN,
Commissioner of Finance.
ANDREW G. STILES,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes.

JAS. E. O'DONNELL
Counsellor at Law
Room 220, 45 Merrimack St.

Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty, declared in the house of commons there had not been any fighting or losses other than had been announced officially.

Complete silence reigns as to military movements in both Germany and France, and it is assumed both armies are concentrating for battle. No hint as to where they will come into contact has been given.

Liege, Belgium, was again attacked by German troops last night but was still holding out. The report of a German reverse there was denied in a despatch from Berlin.

The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau were obliged, owing to Italian neutrality to leave San Salvatore, Sicily, and have gone out to meet the British fleet. The commanders are said to have handed their wills to the German consul before departure.

A London newspaper report says the German crown prince has been seriously injured by an unidentified assailant.

A Finn sea captain on arriving at Stockholm reported the Russian navy bottled up at Helsingfors and the Russian ports of Libau and Revel to be burned after an attack by German vessels. No confirmation.

Numerous German merchantmen were brought in to English ports today by British cruisers. The Holland Lloyd steamer Tubantia, with \$2,500,000 from South America for a German bank in London, also was brought in.

French warships also captured several German merchant ships.

The French premier appealed to the women of France to gather the wheat and wine crops.

Tokio reports the German squadron at Tsing Tau, China, hemmed in by British war vessels.

A despatch to London says Germany lost 19 warships in battle on North sea.

GERMANS ADMIT LOSS OF 25,000 AT LIEGE

LONDON, Aug. 7, 4 p. m.—An Exchange Telegraph Co.'s despatch from Brussels says the German troops at Liege acknowledge the loss of 25,000 men.

The agency says this statement is official.

EXPLOSION KILLS BATTALION OF GERMANS

LIEGE, Aug. 6.—(Via London, 10 p. m.)—The Tenth German army corps, reinforced by cavalry, attacked Liege last night. They crossed a zone which had been mined and the mines being exploded by the Belgians a whole battalion of the Germans were blown to pieces while 1200 wounded were picked up.

Not a single fort has fallen into the hands of the Germans.

Several German howitzers have been placed in position near Herve and large German forces are lying in wait on the other side of the frontier.

An attack on the village of Cornise was repulsed by the Belgians.

Six Germans pretending to be English made their way to the governor's office this morning. They were killed immediately.

NAVAL BATTLE IN NORTH SEA

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the Daily News from Whitby says that a shipowner is responsible for the statement that 19 German battleships were sunk or captured in the North sea and that several British or French vessels were sunk.

Reports from various ports say that heavy firing has been heard in the North sea for the past 24 hours.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CROWN PRINCE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Standard says it has heard from a reliable source that the German crown prince has been seriously injured by an unidentified assailant, who, after inflicting grave wounds, made his escape.

The German authorities in their efforts to trace the assassin inflicted great indignities upon several Englishmen, according to the same report.

Second Edition LATE WAR BULLETINS

FRENCH ARMY ENTERS BELGIUM

LONDON, Aug. 7.—4.40 p. m.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Brussels says the French army has now entered Belgium and has advanced well into the country.

GERMAN TROOPS ASK FOR ARMISTICE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—3.55 p. m.—A despatch from Brussels to the Exchange Telegraph Co. today says the German troops attacking Liege have asked for an armistice of 24 hours.

BULGARIANS SIDE WITH GERMANY AND AUSTRIA

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 7.—(via London—9.10 a. m.)—A telegram from Nish, Servia, states that bands of Bulgarian volunteers are forming along the southwest frontier to replace the Austrian troops which have been withdrawn to the Russian line.

LONDON BANKS REOPENED TODAY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—12.20 p. m.—The financial district of London almost resumed its normal aspect today with the re-opening of the banks. Interest centered around the bank of England, where a gradually extending line of people gathered, anxious to change paper money for gold. There was no great rush until noon.

WARRING NATIONS ACKNOWLEDGE PRES. WILSON'S OFFER

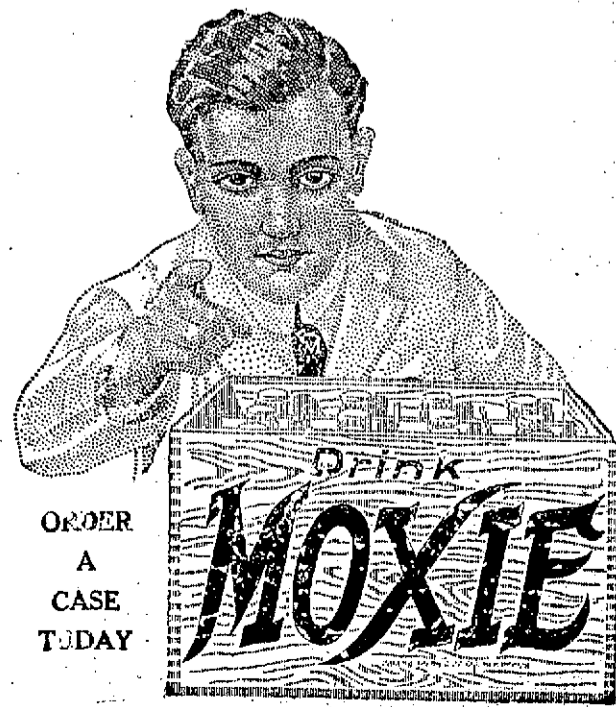
WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Receipt of President Wilson's offer of good offices has been acknowledged by some of the warring nations in Europe, but none of the responses constitute anything in the nature of a reply. Officials do not know whether it has been received in Germany.

The response from the Russian foreign office said the proposal had not been brought to the attention of Emperor Nicholas because he was moving about the country directing preparations. What others had acknowledged was not disclosed.

GERMAN STEAMER SEIZED AT RIMOUSKI, QUE.

QUEBEC, Aug. 7.—Reports from Rimouski, Que., today were to the effect that a German steamer was being held at that place as a prize.

Other War News on Pages 2, 9, 10, 12 and 13





The Bon Marche

Lowest Prices Consistent With Reliability

A MANUFACTURER'S SURPLUS STOCK OF

PARASOLS

At about One-half regular price. Shapes and colors for all occasions, priced to suit your purse.

LOT NO. 1

185 Children's Parasols in check and striped materials, also full assortment of plain colors, in all the desirable shades. Regular values 25c, 30c. Sale price

16c

LOT NO. 2

185 Children's High Grade Parasols, in plain and fancy colors, materials of crepe, plain and fancy silk and muslin, neat, dainty patterns, plain and fancy handles. Regular values 50c, 75c. Sale price

34c

LOT NO. 3

135 Women's Parasols, in plain white linen, hemstitched and embroidered white linen, plain pongees in desirable colors, mission and carved handles. Regular value \$1.00, \$1.25. Sale price

55c

LOT NO. 4

120 Women's Parasols, in plain silk coverings, full line of colors, pongee and green borders, silk stripe with colored satin edge, white linen, lace insertion trimmed, etc. Regular value \$1.50, \$1.75. Sale price

79c

LOT NO. 5

185 Women's Silk Parasols, in plain taffeta silk with Persian borders, silk and linen pongee, colored borders, embroidered white linen, etc. Regular value \$1.75, \$2. Sale price

95c

LOT NO. 6

54 Women's Plain Taffeta Silk Parasols, some with dresden borders, plain colored borders, others with plain and hemstitched borders, etc. Regular values \$2.50. Sale price

\$1.29

LOT NO. 7

32 Women's Fancy Parasols, in dainty silks, stripes and plain colors, pongees with Persian borders, in a big variety of combinations, plain and carved handles. Regular value \$3.00. Sale price

\$1.59

LOT NO. 8

All of Our Highest Grade Parasols marked at one-half the original price.

4 only, \$5.00 Parasols, at \$2.49
6 only, \$7.50 Parasols, at \$3.75
4 only, \$10.00 Parasols, at \$5.00

HIGH CLASS

Waists and Blouses

At Prices That Are Below Wholesale Cost

Probably no store in Lowell shows at any time of the year the really extensive line of high grade Blouses that this store does. It is impossible to sell every waist in a limited space of time, therefore this sale and these low prices to force a quick clearance.

Silk Chiffons, Crepe De Chine, Laces and All Sample Waists, Values \$6.98, \$8.75, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15.98, Now

\$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF

The Greatest Suit Values We Ever Offered

Tailored Suits at Prices Positively Lower Than the Bare Cost of Material Alone

29 SUITS AT

\$5.98

FORMERLY \$12.50 TO \$16.00

57 SUITS AT

\$9.75

FORMERLY \$18.75 TO \$22.50

56 SUITS AT

\$14.98

FORMERLY \$25.00 TO \$37.50

These Suits are of Bedford Cord, Whipcord, Mannish Serges, Crepe Cloths and Waffle Cloths, including Blue and Black, as well as every other desired color.

Every Suit in This Store Included in This Sale. Select Yours Now.

Bring in the Little Tots Now and Fit Them Out

ALL COATS, HATS AND BONNETS

At About One-Third Their Original Prices

(Sizes 2 to 6 Years)

(Second Floor)

The continued cool weather suggests these pretty little medium weight Coats and you can now choose from our entire stock at a saving of about two-thirds the former price. Why not take advantage of these low prices while the assortments are large?

SECOND FLOOR

LATE WAR BULLETINS

AUSTRIA DECLARES WAR AGAINST RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 7.—Austria-Hungary last evening declared war on Russia.

AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR ASKS FOR PASSPORTS

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The French embassy in London was advised last night that the Austrian ambassador at St. Petersburg has asked for his passports, Austria-Hungary regarding herself in a state of war with Russia.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR GIVEN HIS PASSPORTS

VIENNA, Aug. 7 (via London).—The Russian ambassador to Austria-Hungary was given his passports last night.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY REPULSED IN EAST PRUSSIA

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—Amsterdam and London.—The force of Russian cavalry which tried to break through the German frontier guard was repulsed yesterday near Soldau, in East Prussia.

Another Russian cavalry division also suffered losses and is retiring in the vicinity of Neidenburg.

BRITISH CRUISER SUNK BY STRIKING GERMAN MINE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—An admiralty reports says that the British cruiser Amphion was sunk yesterday morning by striking a mine. Paymaster J. T. Gedge and 130 men were lost. The captain, 16 officers and 135 men were saved.

A previous report said that the German mine layer Koenigin Luise had probably placed some mines before she was sunk by the British destroyer Lance.

The Amphion was a light cruiser of 3140 tons. She was attached to the third destroyer flotilla, under Capt. Cecil H. Fox commanding officer. Her regular complement was 292 men. She was commissioned in April, 1913.

50 GERMAN STEAMERS CAPTURED

MADRID via Paris, Aug. 7.—According to official advices, more than 50 German steamers have been captured by the British squadron to date.

"REMEMBER THAT YOU ARE GERMANS"

BERLIN, Aug. 7, via London.—The emperor has issued an order to the German army and navy, in which he says:

"After 43 years of peace, I call upon all Germans capable of bearing arms. We have to defend our most sacred possessions in Fatherland and home against the reckless assault of enemies on all sides of us.

"That means hard fighting. I am confident that the ancient warlike spirit still lives in the German people—that powerful, warlike spirit which

attacks the enemy wherever it finds him, regardless of cost, and which in the past has been the dread and terror of our enemies.

"I have confidence in you, German soldiers—in each and all of you. An ardent, indomitable will for victory is living in each and all of you. I know, if needed, each and all of you would die like heroes.

"Remember our great and glorious past and that you are Germans. God bless you.

ENGLISH NORTH SEA COAST NOW CLEAR

HULL, Eng., Aug. 7.—The hospital authorities here yesterday received orders to prepare to receive 250 persons wounded in the North sea engagement.

Shipping firms have been informed that the east coast is now clear from Hull to London. Coastwise services have been resumed and fishing vessels are free to proceed to Iceland.

BRITISH CAPTURE CRUISER AND SINK ANOTHER

MADRID, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from the Canary Islands says a British squadron has sunk one German cruiser, the name of which is not given, and has captured another, which is being conveyed to Gibraltar.

FLEETS FIGHT ON THE HIGH SEAS

LONDON, Aug. 7, 1:42 A. M.—The British fleet has engaged the German fleet on the high seas. The British warships are reported to be driving the Germans toward the Dutch coast. The Press association claims that it was advised of the fight between the fleets by the admiralty. The admiralty, however, refuses to confirm or deny that a battle is in progress.

TREAT RUSSIAN GRAND DUKE AS PRISONER

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A dispatch to the Post from St. Petersburg says that the indignation in the Russian capital over the detention of the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna at Berlin has been increased by reports that Grand Duke Constantine, who was undergoing the cure at Wildungen, is being treated as a prisoner of war.

VOTE \$500,000,000 FOR BRITISH ARMY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—At the request of Premier Asquith, the house of commons yesterday evening unanimously voted a war credit of \$500,000,000 for the increase of the British army. This is the record war credit passed by the house, the sum of \$525,000,000 having been voted two days ago. In making the request for this new war credit the premier informed the members that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener wanted power to increase the British army to 500,000 men.

BELGIANS SHOOT AIRSHIP, KILLING 28

BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—Germany lost one of her biggest Zeppelin dirigibles yesterday afternoon. It was attempting to pass over the fortifications on the Herve plateau, when the Belgian gunners got the range with a gun especially designed for air craft. An explosive shell crashed through the envelope and the gas bag exploded, the dirigible falling a crumpled mass, her entire crew, believed to number 28 men, being killed. The wreckage landed a little way from the fortress on the Herve plateau.

Almost immediately after the Zeppelin was wrecked, an aeroplane rose from the German position and attempted a flight over the Herve

fortifications in the direction of the main fortress at Liege. It also was wrecked by the aerogun from the Herve fort. This last demonstration of the accuracy of the Belgian fire discouraged the Germans, and their aeroplanes for the rest of the day contented themselves with flights over the German lines.

GERMANS MOWED DOWN BY BELGIANS

LONDON, Aug. 6, 10:30 p. m.—All reports of the fighting at Liege agree that the German infantry advanced in masses, holding to absolutely close order. This resulted in heavy casualties, for the Belgian fire swept them down row after row.

CHASE GERMAN FLEET TOWARD HOLLAND

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The admiralty announces that British coastwise shipping on the east coast is now safe because the British fleet has engaged the Germans on the high seas and the German fleet is now being chased toward the coast of Holland.

500 ARRESTED DURING RIOTS IN PARIS

PARIS, Aug. 7, via London.—Five hundred persons were arrested during disturbances of the past few days and will be tried by court martial. The authorities are taking elaborate precautions to deal with any further disorders.

GERMAN FLEET BEATEN BACK BY BRITISH FLEET

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the Daily News from Newcastle says that a wireless message received at South Shields shortly before midnight states that the British fleet engaged the German high seas fleet in a heavy battle off the South Dogger banks.

After a general engagement along the battle line which extended for many miles and in which ships on both sides took part, the German fleet was beaten back and moved in the direction of the coast of Holland.

It is now believed that the German fleet is completely hemmed in the eastern side of the North sea.

MAURETANIA MADE SPEED RECORD

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 7.—Completing in four days and ten hours her fastest and most dramatic voyage across the Atlantic, the mammoth Cunard liner Mauretania, the fastest commercial vessel afloat, bound from Liverpool to New York, arrived at Halifax today with 1670 passengers, most of whom were Americans fleeing from war-ravaged Europe. The mails for the American continent will be landed at Halifax, together with the Mauretania's passengers and forwarded by fast trains to New York and other centres of the United States and Canada.

400 AMERICANS LEAVE ESBJERG FOR ENGLAND

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 7.—Four hundred Americans, including Alva Adee, second assistant secretary of state and a delegate to the Spitzbergen conference at Christiania and George Post Wheeler secretary of the American embassy at Tokio and the latter's wife, are proceeding from Esbjerg to England. Henry White, former American ambassador to France, is reported safe in Berlin but unable to leave. All the Americans have sufficient funds.

TO AID ALL TRAVELERS

THREE AMERICAN AMBASSADORS IN EUROPE STRIVE TO HELP REFUGEES



1. HERRICK—2. MARYE—3. GERARD

These are the three American ambassadors in Europe who hold important and trying positions because of the general war. Myron T. Herrick, the retiring ambassador to France, who was to have sailed home on Aug. 6, remained in Paris. He was particularly concerned over the hardships endured by American travelers. James W. Gerard, ambassador to Germany, is in the thick of perplexities over the fact that the Kaiser ordered that no foreigners should leave the country. George T. Marye, the new ambassador to Russia, had hardly reached his new post before the war broke out.

MRS. WOODROW WILSON DEAD

Wife of President Passed
Away at the White
House

Mr. Wilson and Three
Daughters at Bedside
—Congress Adjourns



MRS. WOODROW WILSON
© MARCAU

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president of the United States, died at the White House at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Death came after a brave struggle of months against Bright's disease with complications.

The president was completely unnerved by the shock and his grief was heartrending. He bore up well under the strain, however, and devoted himself to his daughters.

The end came while Mrs. Wilson was unconscious. Her illness took a turn for the worse shortly before 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and from then on she grew gradually weaker.

Kneeling at the bedside at the end were the president and the three daughters, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N., and a nurse were in the room, and just outside a door were Secretary McAdoo and Francis B. Sayre, Mr. Wilson's son-in-law, and Mr. Tumulty, his secretary.

President Informed Death Near

Both houses of congress adjourned when Mrs. Wilson's death was announced, and for a brief time the wheels of government practically stopped.

The beginning of the end came at 10 o'clock yesterday morning when Dr. E. P. Davis of Philadelphia, who had been called in for consultation, realized that the time for hope had passed. He took the president into the Red Room of the White House and there in a broken voice told him the truth. Mr. Wilson's face blanched, but he bore the shock well. He was informed that the end was only a question of hours.

Mr. Wilson then took his daughters, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Margaret Wilson, aside and told them of their mother's condition. Until then they had thought there was a chance for her recovery.

From that time on the president and his daughters remained constantly at Mrs. Wilson's bedside. The president held his wife's hand and the three daughters were grouped nearby.

Sec. McAdoo and Sec. Tumulty stayed outside the door.

Mrs. Wilson lapsed into unconsciousness but rallied. By 1 o'clock she began to sink rapidly. She could still recognize those about her, however, and looked cheerfully toward them with the sweet smile that will linger long in the memory of the many who knew her.

It was a characteristic expression which officials and their families as well as people in the stuns whom she had befriended and had learned to love.

Her Strength Ebbs Rapidly

At 2 o'clock, Mrs. Wilson was still conscious but her strength had almost departed and a few minutes later she sank into the sleep of unconsciousness from which she never awoke.

For three hours the president and his three daughters gazed longingly into her eyes in the hope that she might speak to them again but she could not. The sun was casting its long shadows from the Potomac to the south grounds, coloring the fountains, gardens and elms.

There was a hushed stillness in the upper apartments. All eyes were turned toward the southwest corner of the house.

Just at the hour of 5 death came. The president and his daughters were in tears. Sec. Tumulty waited slowly to the executive offices, his head bowed.

Funeral Plans Yet to Be Made

Quietly he announced to the correspondents that the end had come. Gloom settled over the executive mansion and the offices. Presently Dr. Grayson, his face haggard and worn from day and night vigil, came to the offices.

There was an impressive silence everywhere.

PEOPLE WITH THIN BLOOD

Some people have a tendency to become thin-blooded just as others have an inherited tendency to rheumatism, or to nervous disorders. The condition in which the blood becomes so thin that the whole body suffers comes on so gradually and stealthily that anyone with a natural disposition in that direction should watch the symptoms carefully. Bloodlessness, or anaemia, as the medical term is, can be corrected much more easily in the earlier stages than later. It begins with a tired feeling that rest does not overcome, the complexion becomes pale, and breathlessness on slight exertion, such as going up stairs, is noticed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a home remedy that has been most successful in the treatment of diseases caused by thin blood. With pure air and wholesome food these blood-making pills afford the correct treatment when the symptoms described are noticed. A former sufferer from anaemia says: "I was emaciated and did not have a particle of color. I had severe headaches, had no ambition and could not get around." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills quickly restored appetite, flesh and health. A full statement of this case with directions regarding diet will be found in the booklet, "Building Up the Blood," sent free by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Until she became unconscious Mrs. Wilson frequently nodded to one or the other and smiled cheerfully.

Anxious About President

During the day Mrs. Wilson spoke to Dr. Grayson about the president, whose health she thought more about than she did her own.

"Promises me," she whispered faintly, "that if I go you will take care of my husband."

It was the same touch of devotion which she had so many times repeated—her constant anxiety having been that the president might not worry about her or be disturbed in his official tasks.

The president returned to the sick room from the last conference with the doctor, his three daughters leaning on his arm. Francis Bowes Sayre and

TODAY AND TOMORROW BLUE SERGE SUITS

MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S MODELS

FANCY STRIPE BLUE WORSTEDS
BROWN FANCY WORSTEDS
BLACK AND WHITE STRIPES

And a big collection of odd suits and small lots in Cheviot mixtures, about three hundred suits in the entire lot that sold at \$10.00, \$12.75 and \$15.00. On sale today and tomorrow at...

\$8.75

TALBOT CLOTHING CO.

AMERICAN HOUSE BLOCK

CENTRAL STREET

WAR NEWS HERE BEFORE LONDON GETS IT

By special arrangement (in conjunction with the New York Times) The Boston Herald and Traveler will receive cable dispatches sent by war correspondents to

THE LONDON DAILY MAIL
THE LONDON CHRONICLE

Dispatches to these great British newspapers will be transmitted to The Herald before publication in London. All other news of interest to America will be cabled at once by a special war news bureau established by the New York Times and The Boston Herald.

This extraordinary service is coupled with the Associated Press, United Press, The Herald's own correspondents and the New York Times' special correspondents stationed in every capital and with every military force on the war map.

The difference in standard time between Boston and London (five hours) enables The Morning Herald to detail every happening up to noon, and The Evening Traveler every event from noon to midnight, in the regular editions. Extra editions will be published whenever there is real news of importance. For all

WAR NEWS

Quickly, Accurately, Comprehensively

You Can Rely Upon The

BOSTON HERALD

(Every Event from Midnight to Noon)

BOSTON TRAVELER

(Every Move from Noon to Midnight)

WAR MAP

Showing Every Scene of Battle, Siege and Naval Engagement, with

SUNDAY HERALD

everywhere. Secretaries, attaches, clerks and servants seemed overcome. Vice President Marshall and members of the cabinet, and the leaders in congress were notified. Both houses promptly adjourned.

The flag on the White House was dropped, gates were closed and the silence of death spread over the White House for the first time since 1892, when Mrs. Benjamin Harrison passed away.

Dr. Sylvester W. Beach, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Princeton, where the family has attended for years, has visited Mrs. Wilson frequently during her illness, but was not here yesterday.

Prof. Stockton Axson, her only brother, was en route east from Oregon on a Union Pacific train and was reached by telegraph at Pendleton, Ore., with the news.

Members of the cabinet, justices of the supreme court members of the diplomatic corps telephoned their condolences and sent cards. From many humble homes came flowers, as Mrs. Wilson had made many friends in the stuns and city generally in her endeavors to help the friendless and poverty-stricken.

She had told the president yesterday morning she would more cheerfully "go away" if the bill for the improvement of alloys were passed by congress. A word to leaders from Sec. Tumulty and the measure was adopted in silence by the senate and soon reported in the house, where it will be passed today.

She learned that the measure would

be a law in another day or so and expressed her satisfaction.

Interest in Husband's Career

She had become deeply interested in the social welfare of the community and had worked always without seeking the aid of the president.

It was the strain of this, the duties of entertainment and the kidney trouble which became chronic last autumn that sapped her life.

Mrs. Wilson took an active interest in the career of her husband, in his contests with congress over legislation and the numerous official duties with which he was burdened. Throughout life she had been his constant helpmate and adviser.

Her clear judgment on political affairs and broad views of educational questions had been a source of gratification to him for years.

With her help he wrote his books and on her judgment he relied. Her devotion to him, according to those who have known the family intimately, was of remarkable depth. Her one thought was of him. Every morning and evening during her illness she cautioned Dr. Grayson not to tell the president if she had spent an uncomfortable hour.

Her anxiety was that he should not be worried or disturbed. However painful was her suffering, it was her one aim to keep the president from being affected by her condition.

News Announced in Senate

But the president watched her sorrowfully for weeks and realized that she was slowly growing worse. He spent every moment he could by her side and when he was not there, she was constantly calling or speaking of him.

Mrs. Wilson was a woman of simple ways, possessed of a naive, magnetic manner. She had a faculty of putting her guests promptly at ease and was a charming hostess. She was ever democratic and modest in her tastes.

When the news of Mrs. Wilson's death reached the senate, discussion of pending business was immediately ended by Senator Kern, the majority leader. Interrupting the debate on the shipping bill, he said:

"Mr. President, it becomes my duty to convey to the senate the melancholy intelligence of the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the president of the United States. Of course, the president at this hour has the earnest sympathy of all the people of the nation and, as a mark of sympathy entertained here and all through the republic, I move, that the senate do now adjourn."

Funeral Delegation From House

The motion was silently agreed to and the senators quietly withdrew from the chamber.

Majority Leader Underwood of the house hurried to the floor as soon as he received word from the White House. He stopped the discussion of the moon railway bill pay bill.

"It is my sad duty," he said, "to announce to the house the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the president of the United States. I think the house should show the proper respect at this time, and I therefore move the adoption of the following resolution: 'Resolved, That the house has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president of the United States;'

'Resolved further, That a committee, composed of the speaker and one additional member from each state

AMONG THE TOILERS

Grant McElroy, employed at the Lowell Bleachery is sojourning at Hampton beach for two weeks.

Michael Sullivan of the Bigelow Carpet Co. is spending the week at Rye beach with a party of friends.

President Auclair of the Ring Spinners' union is making remarkable progress in bringing new members into the union.

We wonder what has become of McLaughly, the Tremont & Suffolk under path king. It can't be that he has taken that defeat to heart.

Mike Wrenn, of the Bigelow Carpet Co., by the looks of things has been let alone by the number of contestants who think that they would like to swim him. Mr. Wrenn stops them when he asks them to produce the coin.

The "Hinky Dinks," a party of young men, well known in this city will hold their annual auto ride to the beaches in the immediate future. Bill Giblin, the manager of the affair is busy at present arranging the numerous details.

Manager Lyons of the South Ends would like to make arrangements with Manager Cannon of the Lawrence manufacturing baseball team for a game in the immediate future. He is also desirous that a side bet be made.

War and the Shoe Trade

Export trade in American shoes will not be destroyed by the European war. European countries take only \$3,000,000 worth of the \$16,000,000 worth of shoes that American manufacturers send abroad annually. The Cuban and West Indian trade, which is safe and secure, takes as many American shoes as all Europe. The South American trade, which is rapidly increasing, is buying nearly \$3,000,000 worth of American shoes annually. Canada is buying more

than \$2,000,000 worth and Mexico more than \$1,000,000 worth. The Philippines, British Oceania and other countries, that will not be affected by the war, take another million dollars' worth.

Even the \$4,000,000 worth of European trade will not be all lost by the war. The British trade, which amounts to more than \$1,000,000 annually, and the French trade, which totals to more than \$200,000 annually, will probably be kept up, even if Europe be drawn into a long war. England, as mistress of the sea, will doubtless keep open lines of communication between this country and her own ports, also with the ports of France. Shoes and other American manufactured goods, will be sent to England, and from England to other European countries.

The Cuban, West Indian and South American trade can be handled by American ships, or foreign ships entered in American registry. The Canadian and the Mexican trade can be taken care of by the railroads. The Philippines trade seems safe, too.

It is possible to take even an optimistic view of the future of foreign trade in American shoes, especially trade with Cuba, the West Indies and South American countries. European nations will be likely to withdraw from this trade in order to give their entire attention to their wars. That would leave the fields clear to American manufacturers and exporters.

Doubtless enterprising Americans will take advantage of the situation to push their export trade. It is an established fact of history that American merchants and ship owners made fortunes a century ago by developing their export trade while European nations were at war. History usually repeats itself, and the present world wide disturbances of trade may stir latent energies in American people and stir them into the front rank of manufacturers and merchants of the world.

her chances of recovery were slight. Her condition continuing to grow worse, Dr. Grayson yesterday morning gave out a statement in which he described her illness as "alarming."

During Wednesday night and early yesterday morning she was kept alive by oxygen and stimulants. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon Dr. Grayson gave out another statement, in which he said that Mrs. Wilson had had two sinking spells during the morning and that she was conscious, but growing weaker. This was the last word to come before her death.

THE SUN
IS ON SALE
IN THE
NORTH STATION
BOSTON



WHITE VELVET HAT

White as the driven snow is the velvet hat illustrated. Its trimming of white satin ribbon is a very plain band supplemented by an erect loop of the material designed to give height to the figure.

Look with Tom the Story: Springfield And Mally Ott

A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

In a day or more the assessors will announce the tax rate for 1914 and they have given out in advance the sad announcement that the rate will be considerably higher than last year, despite the well advertised contention that this is an economical and reform government.

Quarter of a century ago the old Sun announced the tax rate of 1889 and the headlines employed on the item might be used for the announcement of this year's rate for they read as follows: "Taxes Are Higher—An Increase of 40 Cents on Each \$1000 Valuation—Clean Politics and Good Government Are Pretty Expensive Ornaments."

Then follows the announcement: "The figures from the valuation lists as prepared by the assessors were given out on Monday. The total number of assessable polls now on the list for 1889 is 19,027. Of this number 18,973 are males and 54 females. This is an increase of 665 polls over last year, of whom three are females. The total amount assessed on these polls is \$37,976. The total property valuation is \$58,742,419, divided into \$15,630,684 personal and \$44,105,735 real. This valuation is an increase of \$19,754 for personal and \$1,536,390 for real, over the figures of last year."

"The total tax levy for the year 1889 is \$1,016,953.51. By items: City appropriations, \$864,100, an increase of \$85,400; state tax, \$57,040, a decrease of \$724.50. The city is assessed \$323,747 for armory tax, which is levied this year as a separate tax for the first time, making in reality the state tax about \$4000 less than last year."

"The county tax is \$44,234.90, an increase of \$814.50 over last year and \$14,161.56 over the county tax of 1887. Overlays, \$81,075.07, a decrease of \$1847.90; nonresident bank tax, \$16,124.57, a decrease of \$404.41. The tax rate is \$16.10 per thousand against \$15.70 for 1888."

These figures will prove interesting for comparison with those of this year, which are expected to be given out tomorrow.

Hart-Fitzgerald Nuptials

Con Hart, for many years employed in the health department, and his estimable wife will observe their 25th wedding anniversary in just one week, for

The Sun quarter of a century ago tells us of their marriage as follows:

"On Wednesday evening at St. Patrick's parsonage, Mr. Cornelius Hart, an employe of the health department, and Miss B. Fitzgerald were united in marriage. Rev. Fr. Burke officiating. Miss Eliza Fitzgerald, a sister of the bride, and Mr. James F. Danahy were bridesmaid and best man respectively. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents and a wedding supper was served. After a wedding tour Mr. and Mrs. Hart will take up their residence in Willistown street."

Hibernians at Worcester

Says the old Sun: "Bright and early Thursday morning the local lodges of the A. O. H. marched from Market street through Central and Merrimack streets to the depot, where a special train awaited to convey them to Worcester where a grand parade of Hibernians was to be held. Patrick J. Gusty was chief marshal of the Lowell contingent and he led a host of men of whose general bearing he might well be proud. The Hibernian Rifles were in line and they were the centre of admiration. There were about 500 Lowell men in line and a brass band made melody for their marching. The Lowell men do not fear to speak of '89 and at the head of the parade division was carried an Irish pipe that did good service at Vinegar Hill in '38. About 8000 men were in line in Worcester and just as the procession moved the rain came down in torrents and continued through a portion of the day, but didn't break up the parade. The marchers sticking it out until the last. A big dinner was served at the Fair Grounds and the afternoon was devoted to field sports."

"The prize drill for a set of colors, open to companies bearing arms, attracted a great deal of attention. The judges were: Capt. J. R. Kirby, Fitchburg; Lieut. J. M. Callahan, Woburn; Lieut. John B. O'Connor, Lawrence. The contestants were: Company A, Hibernian Rifles, Fall River; Capt. Thomas Morgan, Company A, Hibernian Rifles, Lowell; Capt. P. C. Corry and Company A, Hibernian Rifles, Worcester; Capt. Thomas McGourty, who drilled in the order named. The colors were awarded to the Worcester company, who scored

38 points to 26 for Lowell and 20 for Fall River. In the individual drill the Worcester Rifles and the Lowell Rifles, each entered four men. The Worcester entries were: J. J. Gilman, William McMahon, John Gallagher and Frank Reynolds. The Lowell champions were: John Sullivan, P. J. Trawley, Michael O'Shea and John Costello. The first and second prizes were won by McMahon and Reynolds of the Worcester team, respectively. William F. Salmon of Lowell participated in a number of races and won the half mile race which was open to members of the order only. Salmon was protested because he could not give the password of the order. He won the race and will receive the prize if he shows he is a member in good standing. Hugh Kieran of Lowell won the half mile run in 10m. 20sec. Among the speakers was Hon. John J. Donovan of Lowell."

The Hibernian Rifles are no more in Lowell, but in their stead Lowell has two well drilled companies of the Irish Volunteers, the Meagher and the Wolfe Tone Guards. Billy Salmon, the runner, can still travel a mile in good time and only recently has participated in some of the local long distance events.

Board of Trade Busy

Just quarter of a century ago, according to the old Sun, Mr. James O'Sullivan, of O'Sullivan Bros. became a member of the Board of Trade, and he has been a valued and active member of that organization ever since. At a meeting 25 years ago, Mr. A. G. Pollard brought up a matter of vital importance to all local business men which perhaps might bear repetition at the present time, for the old Sun says:

"A. G. Pollard introduced a matter of general interest to the merchants of Lowell. He said that the merchants had been frequently annoyed by non-resident merchants bringing stocks of goods into the city advertised as bankrupt or damaged, and by misrepresentation disposing of them to the people. These dealers have no intention of becoming permanently engaged in business in this city. They pay no taxes; they locate in places of cheap rent, and by their methods injure the business of regular merchants. The merchants of Lowell have good credit, and can and do serve their patrons at as small profits as are consistent with legitimate business enterprise. They pay the taxes, they support our institutions, and they invest their money in the city. Merchants of all trades are complaining against this abuse. Measures have been taken generally through the west to regulate this abuse. Haverhill

and Lawrence have already moved in the matter and Lowell should give it immediate attention."

Mr. Pollard's remarks gave rise to a discussion in which Messrs. O'Brien, Adams, Manscomb, Pollard and Chadwick participated. In the course of the discussion it was developed that this class of traders are not subject to any license save the nominal rate charged by the local auctioneer, if one is employed. The board referred the matter to the committee on mercantile, banking and other business interests with instructions to report at the next regular meeting. Mr. Pollard's resolution read as follows: "Resolved, that we the Lowell board of trade respectfully urge upon the city council the necessity of passing an ordinance prohibiting every person, whether principal or agent, not engaged in a permanent business in this city but desiring to begin a transient business for the sale of merchandise whether the same shall be as represented, or held forth to be bankrupt, or about to quit business, by goods damaged by fire, water or otherwise, to take out a license for the same, the fee to be fixed by the city council."

Merchants for Quarter of a Century

The fly-by-nights have come and gone and many another firm that started with the best intentions for permanency in business, has since passed away but Mr. Pollard and his business are still with us, the latter greater and more prosperous than ever and the former as active both in his private business and for the general good of Lowell as he was 25 years ago. Among the other business concerns whose advertisements appeared in The Sun of a quarter of a century ago, and who are still in business today are the following, with their locations at that time:

Howard and Wilson (E. A. Wilson), coal, 35 Merrimack street.
Peter Davey, undertaker, furniture, 46 Market street.
Lewis D. Gumb (Gumb Bros.), monuments, Gorham street.
Murphy's Ticket Agency, 3 Appleton street.
Bartlett and Dow, hardware, 123 Central street.
C. B. Coburn and Co., 35, 39, 41 Market.
W. P. Foye, hay and grain, 113 Market.
Cook, Taylor & Co., 121, 123, 125 Central.
A. G. Pollard & Co., 80, 82 Merrimack.
Wm. E. Livingston, coal, etc., 27 Thorndike.
H. R. Barker Mfg. Co., plumbing, 8, 10 Central.
Stanley & Co., coal, 63 Moody.
C. H. Hanson & Co., horse and carriage met, 29 to 45 Rock.
J. L. Chaffoux, clothing, 15 Central.
J. F. O'Donnell, undertaker and steamship agent, Market and Worthen.
Lowell Gaslight Co., E. Cushing, agent 22 Shattuck.
Bacheller, Dumas & Co., 130 Central.
W. H. L. Hayes, cigars.
A. L. Kiltredge, wall paper, etc., 123 Central.

Ayer's Canadian Laboratory

The Sun recently contained an account of the opening and early progress of a laboratory opened within a year at Rio Janeiro by the J. C. Ayer company, for the distribution of its products to the South American trade. Just a quarter of a century ago the J. C. Ayer company opened its branch laboratory in Canada for the benefit of the people and incidentally its growing business north of the Canadian border. In opening the Canadian laboratory the company sent employees from Lowell, according to the old Sun, which said:

"The following named ladies and gentlemen left Monday for Montreal: Misses Gormley, Anderson and Shanahan, Messrs. Kiltredge, McManus and Gendron. They are to work on Ayer's preparations in the laboratory recently erected by that firm for the Dominion trade."

Of that sextet only one is still in the employ of the company. Mr. Fred Gendron, who is a popular member of the celebrated "Quarter Century Club" of the J. C. Ayer company.

The Opera House
Last Saturday a party of New York men came to this city to look over the Lowell Opera House for the purpose, it is said, of purchasing the theatre from Julius Cahn, if it suited them. Their first exclamation upon being taken to the theatre was: "The location is poor." They were favorably impressed with the interior, however. Subsequently on their way down town when they came to the property at the corner of Market and Central streets, now owned by I. Wit, one of the party said: "This would be the proper location for a good theatre in this city."

The march of progress has made the present location of the Opera House, somewhat out of the way, while Kelt's and the Merrimack Square have the ideal locations. But 25 years ago the Opera House was a brand new luxury and the public didn't mind the inconvenience of getting there, changing cars, etc., as long as they knew that they were to be rewarded by witnessing a good show in a new and well appointed theatre.

The Sun of 25 years ago said: "A new archway entrance to the new theatre is to be constructed from Central street. The American orchestra of 10 pieces has been engaged for the coming season."

Prof. Emil Borjes, who has recently returned to this city, was leader of the famous old American orchestra, also playing first violin. He is still leading his own orchestra, but now he has a chip of the old block, yelp Hans, who plays second fiddle when father is around, but who can take the baton and play first, when his dad is otherwise engaged.

Old Timer Actors

Speaking of the Opera House, the same issue of The Sun told us of the doings of some of Lowell's actors of that time, for it said:

"Mr. J. L. Dempsey, the well known character-comedian is at his home in this city for a few weeks. He is leaving for the office of the American Specialty company at Albany, New York, for a general tour and will appear in Lowell, October 4. Mr. Dempsey doubles with Conroy, and they make a fine team."

Conroy and Dempsey were indeed a fine team of character comedians and they served up to-date comedy. Upon Mr. Dempsey's death Conroy took his partner, John Fox, and as Conroy and Fox they delighted large audiences here and elsewhere. It was upon the occasion of a visit of Conroy and Fox, to Lowell when they were putting on a funny comedy at the old Music Hall, that John Fox while visiting friends in The Sun office, discovered "Joe" Rickford, the old Sun building's famous janitor and "squirrel" poet. After hearing "Joe" recite his famous piece: "Don't Part Your Hair in the Middle," Mr. Fox decided that "Joe" must appear in connection with his show at Music Hall, the following night, and he secured his services by the offer of a five dollar note, which as a guaran-

The Gilbride Co.

AFTER STOCK-TAKING SALE

Inventory complete, we are going to close out all Odd Lots, Broken Sizes and Remnants at Half Price and Less. Everything must be cleaned up at a price. The greatest price cutting ever known in Lowell will take place here FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

COATS, SUITS and DRESSES

Fifty Cents Reduction Each Day Brings the Price of Coats, Suits and Dresses Down to \$3.00 Today.

We started this sale last Monday. The values have been town talk. If you want a coat, suit or dress that formerly sold for \$10 to \$25, you can buy it here today for...

This Sale Closes Tomorrow Night.

\$3.00



CLEAN-UP SALE OF WAISTS

Lingerie Waists—Special lot of Waists, made of voiles and fancy crepes. With new sleeves and rolling collars. Embroidered fronts and back and an all over embroidery. Very neat. Worth 98c. Price 45c

Silk Waists—In all the new colors, with flat collar and new sleeves of Jap wash silk. Very effective and smart. Worth \$1.50. Price.....98c

Lingerie Waists—Organdies, plain and fancy voiles, made with new standing up collars and vest effects. All the latest styles, neat and stylish. Price 98c

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY

Women's All Silk Hose, high spliced heels, linen soles, lisle garter tops, in black, white, tan, sky, pink and American beauty. All perfect. \$1.50 value. Special sale.....79c Pair

Women's Silk Lisle Hose, very sheer, double heel and toe, deep garter top, in tan, black and white. 19c value. Special sale, 2 Pairs for 25c

Children's Cotton Rib Hose, double heel, toe and knee. 12 1-2c value. Special sale, 4 Pairs for 25c

WOMEN'S GLOVES

A Real Kid Glove—2 clasp, in tan, black, also black with self and white embroidery. This glove always sells for \$1.50. Broken sizes. Special sale79c Pair

16 Button Silk Gloves—Double finger tips, in white, black, navy and tan. \$1 value. Special sale69c Pair

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SPECIALS

Women's Drawers—Made of fine quality cambric, with cluster of tucks and embroidered ruffle. Regular price 39c. Special25c

Women's Drawers—Made of good cotton. Regular price 19c. Special.....12 1-2c

Corset Covers—Made of good cambric, trimmed with lace, embroidery and ribbon run. Regular price 39c. Special.....25c

Women's Gowns—Made of good cambric, with yoke of Hamburg insertion and edge. Regular price 69c. Special50c

12 Different Styles of Ladies' Gowns—Made of fine Nainsook, lace and embroidery trimmed. Regular price \$1.50. Sale.....\$1.00

LINEN DEPT.—MAIN FLOOR

100 Dozen Sheets—Size 72x90, made of nice, fine bleached cotton. Regular price 40c. Special value for Friday and Saturday.....29c Each

200 Dozen Pillow Cases—Size 42x36, made of extra quality cotton. Regular price 12 1-2c. Special value10c Each

\$1.98—The Popular White Crocheted Spreads—Fringed, cut corners, double bed size. Special value\$1.50 Each

59c Mercerized Table Damask—2 yards wide, best American make. Special value, 37 1-2c Yard

50 Dozen Scarfs and Squares—Size scarfs 18x54; squares 30x30. Trimmed with torchon lace. Regular price 50c. Special value for Friday and Saturday.....25c Each

25 Dozen Damask and Huck Towels—Warranted all pure linen. Slightly soiled. Regular 50c and 69c. While they last.....25c Each

\$3.75 Imported Dress Patterns, 40 inches wide, 5 yards in each pattern. The colors are Wilson blue, French blue, argent, new brown, apricot. Special value\$1.25 Each

O'BRIEN'S ULTIMATUM

YOU HAVE UNTIL SATURDAY NIGHT TO PICK FROM EVERY STEIN-BLOCH BLUE SERGE AND FANCY SUIT IN THE STORE AT

Choice of the House

\$15.00

That's our ultimatum—the \$15.00 Choice-of-the-House Suit Sale ends Saturday night.

STEIN-BLOCH FANCY SUITS
STEIN-BLOCH BLUE SERGE SUITS
STEIN-BLOCH SUMMER SUITS
STEIN-BLOCH FANCY TOPCOATS

All that are left sold up to \$25—Now \$15.00. None on approval, none reserved. Alterations free.

Choice of the House
\$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00

OUTING TROUSERS

\$3.00

Gray Flannels, Tropical Worsteds and White Striped Serges

Choice of the House
\$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

FANCY VESTS

\$1.65

Cloth and Wash Vests. Dress Vests only excepted.

Manhattan Shirts Marked Down

All Manhattan Shirts (except white shirts) are on sale now at reduced prices.

All \$5.00 Silk Manhattans—
Now \$3.55

All \$2.00 Manhattans—Now.....\$1.38

All \$3.75 Silk Manhattans—
Now \$2.65

All \$1.65 Manhattans—Now.....\$1.25

All \$1.50 Manhattans—Now.....\$1.15

All Dollar Shirts—Now.....79c

All \$3.25 Manhattans—Now\$1.98

Furnishings Marked Down

ALL 50c UNDERWEAR, Now.....39c

ALL \$1.00 PAJAMAS, Now.....79c

B. V. D., Poroskait, Balbriggan.

Soisette and Madras.

ALL \$1 UNION SUITS, Now.....79c

ALL \$1.50 PAJAMAS, Now.....\$1.15

B. V. D., Poroskait, Jersey Ribbed.

Soisette and Crepe Cloths.

ALL \$1.50 UNION SUITS, Now \$1.15

ALL \$2.00 PAJAMAS, Now.....\$1.38

Manhattan, Athletic, Jersey Ribbed.

Crepe Cloth and Initial Soisette.

ALL 50c NECKWEAR—
Now 35c, 3 for \$1.00

25c FIBER SILK HOSE—
Now 19c, 3 Pairs 55c

Choice of the House

EVERY STRAW SAILOR—Was \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 or \$4.00. Now**\$1.00**

EVERY PANAMA AND BANGKOK—Was \$5.00, \$6.00 or \$7.50. Now.....**\$3.75**

D. S. O'Brien Co.

THE SMART CLOTHES SHOP

222 MERRIMACK STREET.

tee of good faith, he deposited in the hands of Editor Gallagher, to be turned over as soon after "Joe" had appeared on the stage, as he could locate the stakeholder. "Joe's" debut was advertised in the papers and that night there was a big house, including all the reporters and printers in the city, some with pockets bulging out suspiciously, while the gallery was packed with newboys, who were "Joe's" special enemies, and whose favorite name for him was "Fig's Feet."

Toward the close of the first act, with the entire company assembled on the stage, a visitor was announced and Messrs. Conroy and Fox, arrayed in Irish comedians, soberly ushered in and announced: "Joseph P. Bickford, Lowell's famous poet."

An outburst of applause that shook the rafters greeted his appearance and for several moments the uproar continued. "Joe" was fearfully and wonderfully arrayed in a new black suit with trousers that were shy about two inches in length, an immediate, other voice from the gallery cried out: "Bickford's poet!"

When Mr. Fox had signalled for silence the crowd subsided and with a pleasant smile, profound bow and a tremendous clearing of the throat that sounded suspiciously like a slight touch of the "dry ones," "Joe" was about to launch forth his poetic effusion when out of the stillness came a piping voice from the gallery:

"Say Joe, you're too far, into them pants."

"You shut yer mouth, or I'll have you arrested; I know ye," cried "Joe," looking up at the sea of wide-open and dirt-begrimed faces in "Nigger-heaven."

Once more quiet was restored only to be rudely shattered again when another voice from the gallery cried out: "Fig's Feet!"

"Officer, arrest that boy," yelled "Joe" at the top of his lungs.

It began to look as if Bickford would never get a start until Mr. Conroy pleaded with the audience to give

"Joe" a chance, whereupon they subsided and he started off with: "Don't part your hair in the middle."

Just as he finished the first stanza the bass drummer broke loose with a combination of noise of which the big base drum was only an incidental feature.

"Here, you, stop that!" cried "Joe" at the orchestra. "I'm reciting poetry; this ain't no song."

Order was again restored but a few lines, however, when somebody started a full-grown carrot over the foot-lights, the horse-faced narrowly missing his "bean." "Joe" picked up the vegetable and, aiming at Reporter Sternberg, who was in an orchestra seat cried out: "I saw you throw that, you crazy reporter!"

The carrot nearly took a woman in the head and her escort immediately wanted to mount the stage and put the finishing touches on the devotee of the Muses.

And then things began to come "Joe's" way from all directions, embages, carrots and nice ripe tomatoes. The members of the company rushed to shelter behind the scenes, leaving "Joe" alone in his glory, and the curtain was hastily rung down, though not as a matter of protection to the poet, but to save the scenery.

But to return to the late J. L. Dempsey. He and his partner were members of the old Howard Athenaeum specialty company, one of the first vaudeville companies and one of the strongest that ever toured the country. Among its members were May and Flo Irwin, James T. Powers, Peter Dafford, and several others, each of whom became an individual star. The company was managed by a New York man, Andy Hughes, an old pal of Torrey Gray, of this city, brother of Manager Jimmie Gray of the Lowell baseball team. A son of Dempsey's is now on the stage while Charles F. Dempsey of New York, who with the late Frank Mack, formerly ran the old Savoy theatre and Miss Margaret Dempsey of the Yvonne theatre, are nephews and nieces respectively of the famous comedian.

Another mention is made of a Lowell actor of quarter of a century ago, as follows:

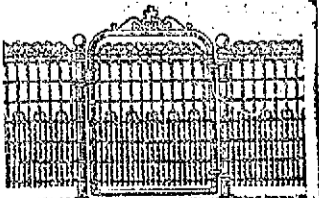
"Eddie Quinn left this city this week for New York to join Barton Brothers minstrels. He is to do a character and sketch business."

Eddie, or as he was better known, Paul Quinn, was subsequently a member of the American Tour, a noted team of entertainers. He is still in the business and has prospered.

Here's another line about an eminently successful actor who started his career quarter of a century ago: "James A. McDonald and Charles Gorman of Lowell have joined Atkinson's 'Peck's Bad Boy' company, which is to appear here at Music Hall, this evening."

Jimmie McDonald subsequently became well known on the stage as a singing comedian and composer of songs. He appeared here some years ago in a leading role in the big production of the "Cotton King." He has been successful from the start and is still making good.

THE OLD TIMER.



ORNAMENTAL WIRE FENCE
Erected Complete, 75c Running Foot
IRON WIRE AND FARM FENCES AT
MILL PRICES—CHEAPER
THAN WOOD

Send for Catalogue to
OLD COLONY FOUNDRY & FENCE CO.
SHOW ROOMS, 48 WEST ST., BOSTON
Phone 268-M Oxford

W. J. CASSIDY, Representative
45 Barclay Street.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

PRESIDENT WILSON'S LOSS

While the affairs of Europe for the past few days plunged the world in tense anxiety and laid the burdens of enormous responsibility on the shoulders of President Wilson, he worked and watched beside the death bed of his beloved and devoted wife, and today he watches beside her casket. With characteristic delicacy, the president showed to the world no sign of the sorrow under which he has been laboring, but went about his official duties with the same calm idealism that has marked him from the beginning. The world respects the sanctity of his grief and out from the great heart of this nation wells a loyal sympathy that may in some small measure support him in days of official and personal trial. When the first lady of the land lies dead, all Americans feel in some measure a personal loss, and this is peculiarly true in the case of the noble woman who graced the highest station in the land with virtuous simplicity.

Since the elevation of her husband brought her into the national limelight, Mrs. Wilson showed herself a worthy successor to the distinguished line of ladies of the White House, and every revelation of her sweet personality displayed a womanly woman, well poised, intellectual, cultured and, better than all, actuated by the domestic virtues that brighten many a humbler home throughout the country. The president and his wife have apparently been most devoted to each other and they have been the center of an exemplary home circle. At this time when the official career of the chief executive is a burden on human endurance, may the sympathy of a united nation assuage the pain of a domestic separation which is as keen in the palace as in the cottage.

THE WAR SITUATION

From the point of view of the peace lover the momentous European war grows worse daily, though in all probability its speedy settlement will depend greatly on the time to elapse before a great land conflict takes place between Germany and either France or Russia, or a great naval battle between Germany and England. The eyes of the entire world are on the North sea, and it is not an exaggeration to say that many of the most humane and idealistic people of all nations are hoping for a gigantic engagement that may open the way for some diplomatic solution of the struggle that has plunged Europe in the darkest war in the history of mankind.

The first engagements of any consequence are reported to have taken place between the respective armies of Germany and the hitherto neutral Belgium; the Belgians are said to have been victorious. Germany has shown little respect for treaties and agreements, and one of her first acts was to invade Belgium in a desire to strike at the more unprotected frontier of France. German generals published proclamations professing the greatest regard and respect for Belgium and promising to respect her neutrality and to leave her liberties unimpaired, but Belgium showed a spirit of independence that was apparently unexpected by Germany. Instead of waiting supinely while German soldiers cut through her territory in their eagerness to attack France, King Albert actively opposed his invaders, and so Belgium is in the conflict, to stay until the end. If by any miracle Germany should emerge victorious, Belgian liberty or neutrality would be a thing of the past; Belgium, however, has not only acted as her feelings dictated, but has thrown her lot with the side that the world holds to be the probable winner. Germany may succeed in forcing a way to the less protected French frontier through Belgium, but there she will meet the French soldiers fully prepared and eager for battle. Anticipating possible trouble, Belgium has invited France over the frontier.

In her desire to strengthen herself by taking strategic positions on the north, in preparation for a possible naval battle with England, Germany is said to be bombarding the coast fortifications of other nations. Her action towards Luxembourg, Belgium and France indicates a total disregard for previous agreements, and she is not apt to be guided by any principle but absolute selfishness. England as yet is not on the offensive, but she is certainly anxious to meet Germany in a great naval battle. England's suspicion of Germany's motives did not begin yesterday, and there are scores between both countries that only a decisive engagement may wipe out. In a few weeks or in a few days the greatest engagement of the war may take place in an epoch-making clash between the navies of the great rival powers. England has by far the greater navy, but Germany depends on the perfection of her naval equipment. In guns, explosives, aerial craft, including the famous dirigibles and submarines, Germany stands for the latest and most progressive in naval warfare. It is rumored that the clash has already come but of this there is no certainty.

With the exception of Austria, Ger-

many has found neither aid nor sympathy among the great powers, and even one nation of the triple alliance—Italy—has refused to keep her agreement. Germany has now sent an ultimatum to Italy, but domestic conditions in the southern country may prevent active participation on either side, though it is supposed generally that Italy's sympathies are against the side that Austria supports. Italy is poor and in some domestic straits and her aid to either side would not be very material. Her moral support, however, would count for something in a struggle in which so many great powers are involved.

President Wilson is being commended on all sides for his timely and delicate offer of mediation, but much is not expected from it. The powers have gone too far to turn back without some degree of fighting, and all that the world can hope is that the dead will be counted in thousands instead of millions. Already the direct effects of war are discernible in higher prices in London and the other European capitals, and the rank and file of these countries are complaining. They may have reason to complain far more before the war ends, but in such complaints is the germ that will some day prevent any seeming monarchy or nation from subjecting the people of the earth to untold suffering and inhuman misery.

WATCHFUL WAITING VINDICATED

The present European whirlwind of war gives President Wilson a splendid opportunity to vindicate his "watchful waiting" policy towards Mexico, but no claim of his is needed; facts speak for themselves. The United States had far greater reason to declare war against Mexico than Austria had against Serbia, but the president waited in the face of mockery, abuse and base accusation and so the threatened war cloud passed. Still, it was easy for some not-to-be-named politicians to make the administration policy look weak and wobbly until Europe flamed with war from end to end. Now we hear nothing about the watchful waiting policy from foes of the administration, and we are not liable to hear anything about it for some time to come. Although Mr. McCall, aspirant to the Massachusetts governorship, threatened a little while ago, through some mysterious process of reasoning, to make it a great issue in the coming campaign. It is to be hoped that Mr. McCall has more sense than to attack the Mexican policy of President Wilson which leaves us peaceful and prosperous while most of the great world powers stand on the brink of hell.

REGARDING PARISIAN STYLES

Among the much lamented miseries of war are the shortage of Parisian gowns in this country, and the inability to import any for some time to come. Miss Flora McFlinsey will certainly have nothing to wear this winter unless she is satisfied with the creations of home dressmakers. It may be that the very opportunity will create American costume artists that will make Paris look to its laurels for the domestic product has always been as good as if not superior to the imported article, but the craving for distinction with the foreign ball-marks made fresh fashions from Worth or Paquin or Lucile look gorgeous, while neglected dressmakers in Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass., were creating gowns far more economical and far more artistic. Silks, laces and muslins are manufactured here in abundance and our artists are reputed to be among the most advanced and original in the world. It seems an excellent time for national pride to assert itself among our exploited society women, and the peacock lady with a "little creation from Paris" should be treated with deserved disdain. "Get your gowns made in America, ladies, and, as for Miss Flora McFlinsey who has 'nothing to wear,' why let her stay home for a season. Her feet are tired from the lunge, anyway, and the poor girl is in need of a rest."

A DEADLY DARE

From Lynn comes a story of juvenile tragic during that is more direct in its thrilling appeal than many wild west stories or "human interest" movie films. Some youngsters there have been in the habit of climbing an elevated railroad structure to avoid the police and then laying their heads on the rails in front of an approaching train. In order to demonstrate their possession of nerve. On Wednesday two of them, having challenged each other to a test in the strange game, climbed to the track, as usual, but in their obstinacy to prevent each other from being victim, each kept his head on the rail too long, with the result that both were hit by the engine and hurled to death.

These boys certainly showed abnormal courage, but in their very determination is something which should serve as a warning to parents and to all who have any part in shaping the future of our youth. The boy who would keep his head on a railroad track in front of an approaching engine has nerve sufficient to break into a residence in the dead of night, to

destroy property, to murder, to become wholly lawless. Neither of the dead boys may have done these things and both may have been desirable characters, but their deadly daring is the daring which is so apparent among growing boys of the present, the daring that leads often to prison or to the electric chair. The absence of fear so typical of many daring boys of the rising generation may in reality be a lack of moral sense with which so many virtues and weaknesses are entwined.

It would be interesting to know if the Lynn boys who gave up their lives as the result of such inhuman sport were habitués of the moving picture theatres or members of a gang where wonderful exploits were recorded. Somehow or somewhere they had imbibed a false impression of courage and their abnormal craving for excitement showed anything but a healthy boyish attitude towards life. The lesson of their death should be put down by all who read it as another of the modern instances that point to an undesirable and dangerous spirit in our growing youth.

Those who went out on the darkened Lusitania which tore through the darkness with two German cruisers in pursuit could scarcely make the old

charge that an ocean trip is too innocuous. In fact, any trip now in a German, French or English liner promises more thrills than a Coney Island loop-the-loop.

It is to be hoped that if any two of our foreign citizens got together and wrangle over the merits of their respective countries, a stalwart American will step up and hang their heads together. America is neutral ground and we should not tolerate international strife on our shores, even among individuals.

Meanwhile the sun rises and sets, the flowers blow, the fruits ripen, and everything on earth, except mankind, shows no change. Nature is not perturbed by the strifes of mortals; where thousands of dead lie this year on the plains of Europe, white daisies and scarlet poppies will blow all the more beautifully when the fight is over and the hopes of hundreds are hushed.

Is that the imperial eagle aloft, or is it a French monoplane?

The bulletins that puzzle many of our people are well understood by the dark skinned workers who pause on their way home from the mill.

God defend the right!

SEEN AND HEARD

Lusitania, the chased.

"Williehad" a narrow escape.

The most popular naval band: contraband.

No use in talking this canned music is putting a whole lot of musicians out of business.

Some baseball fans are in Europe, and the heartfelt cry doth come: "It's time to clear the bases. Send a 'tiner' and bring us home."

They feel! The German hosts disband, the sturdiest hearts dismayed. At the sight of Marshal Fochurst, and her militant brigade.

Those Parisians who predict a shortage of champagne in this country evidently do not know that the supply of labels is practically good for years to come.

Banish squirrels from state house grounds—war cry of Columbus, O.

People resent the logic of these little bits of nature.

Their presence proves there's many a "bunt" in Ohio's legislature.

Woodrow Wilson 1 to peace, wishes Europe's war 2 cease; Asks the 3 great powers to wait, now, till it is too late.

If 5 any influence, pray, listen to its tone away. Peace is gracious 7 a mandate; won't you let me meditate? So be, he makes his call, let us hope they'll listen, all.

THE CORNERS CHECKERS CLUB

Rufe Coffin said: "Bill Hawkins has won him that he's bin in a train robbery, the Colorado labor riots, was nearly hung by sum Mexikins a week later, and lost all his close in a hotel fire in Saint Louis. Seize! I've got so that excitement don't excite me any more." Ain't it so? Us Americans has got so that even Roosevelt don't excite us no more. "Oh only thin' that wud rely excite us, now, wud be a spell of peace an' quiet."

PROPHECY OF NAPOLEON

A hundred and some odd years ago Napoleon Bonaparte, the second Julius Caesar, a Corsican by birth and a nobody by ancestry, forced his rule upon France, willingly bowing her neck to his sovereignty, because full of military glory to her, but no less welcome because it was a relief from the despotic tyranny of her own Bourbons.

But when Napoleon usurped the sovereignty of Naples and put first his brother Joseph upon its throne, and then his sister Caroline and Murat, when Joseph was made king of Spain and Louis king of Holland, the sovereigns of Europe, among them the great powers of Russia, Austria, England and Prussia, all felt that the usurping beneath them, and with mighty armies combined they crushed him.

Looking back upon the ruins of his once overwhelmingly splendid dominion and seeing his enemies returned once more to their absolute rule, Bonaparte yet had the vision of the seer in looking

into the future, and he said: "In a hundred years Europe will be either all Cossack or all republican."

GLORY

Why do you shiver and gaze with dread Where the black clouds skyward creep?

Why does your face wear the look of the dead? Mother mine, why do you weep? The people shout and the trumpets blare.

And the marching soldiers sing, And father has come to do and dare And fight for our lord the King.

And the little children festival keep, Yet you, my mother, tremble and weep.

The sun was high in the summer sky In the dim years long ago When I kissed my father and brother good-bye.

And I heard the trumpets blow, My father stoops in the French Champagne.

By brother rests by the Rhone, My sister's man in the Vogues was slain.

And lies in a grave unknown, My mother, grey with her griefs And years.

Went till Death came, and Death dried their tears.

Mother, the streets re-echo with cheers, The noise of men are anflame, Yet wives and mothers are shedding tears.

When heroes the King acclaim, Fluttering pennants and beating drums And regiments marching by, And plaudits loud when the great King comes.

That roar to the sunlit sky When huzes blow and the world is gay, Mother, dear, why do you weep always?

The soldiers go but women remain To harvest the lonely fields; The glory that soars in grief and pain A bitter price of glory pay.

Peasants and tollers, pawns in the game That kings and war-lords play, Are fed to the mouth of war and fame And the price of glory pay.

Marched to the fields and slaughter-trenches like sheep, While mothers and wives must wait and weep.

Mother, our country's foes are in arms, With mailed and menacing hand; Must our heroes wait in war's alarms Till their stricken native land, Till their tramping hoofs are at our door.

And our fields are laid in waste, Till we hear the angry cannon's roar And bitter defeat we take part. Mother, dear, dry your tears and rejoice.

That our heroes answer our Country's voice.

Our Country's voice? 'Tis a King that speaks, Alike for us and our foes; The living peace no glory seeks, Though he give and take the blows. Friend and foe, we suffer alike: Ours are the shattered and dead; The King cry war and the peasants strike.

Blind fools on the fields of red, The broken heart and the vacant chair, And hunger and pain are the mother's share.

—Joseph Smith.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

THE PRESIDENT'S OFFER
Mr. Wilson knows perfectly well that the nations have not gathered to Armageddon for the purpose of bargaining a peace, but his offer of the good offices of the United States to the warring powers that have ratified the Hague convention is none the less correct, humane and commendable, whether or not it bears fruit later. It serves to put again the perfect neutrality and the impartially friendly wishes of this country, a composite of

so many races and origins, and therefore bound to be an unpledged and unprejudiced observer of foreign quarrels and a just balancing mediator, should occasion hereafter call.—New York Sun.

NONSENSICAL ALARMS
A good deal of alarmist silliness is getting into print about what will happen to this country because of the fact that the statement that 1,000,000 men—one of the men of fighting age in the countries involved will return to Europe to take part. The fact is most of them came here to escape from militarism. The "call for recruits" will have small response compared with the whole. And think how long a time it would take to transport a million men to Europe, yearly immigration figures.—Worcester Post.

ENGLAND'S PART
The occasion for England's declaration of war was the German invasion of the neutral state of Belgium. England as one of the guarantors, had a grievance against the violator of the ready promise to protect the neutrality of France, it is conceivable that if the neutrality of Belgium had been maintained, the war would not have come to the full extent of war with Germany. Then why did Germany insist on that road into France, even at the cost of bringing to war with Germany?—Lewisohn Sun.

HIGH COST OF CITIES
It is stated authoritatively that the cost of running cities has increased one-third in 10 years and few will doubt this when they consider the increased living expenses in their own households. The high cost of living in the family have occasioned a similar rise in the expense of the maintenance of cities. As a consequence, the high cost of living is being reduced.

OH! THOSE NAMES
The Balkan war put a severe strain on the linotype operators and the

PUTNAM & SON CO.

There Are Plenty Yet to Pick From

You can still make a good selection from the excellent merchandise offered in our

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE OF

FINE SUITS, BALMACAANS and FALL OVERCOATS

All From Lots That Sold for \$15, \$18, \$20, \$23 and \$25, for

\$12.50

WE STARTED WITH

231 Spring and Summer Suits— 97 Fall and Winter Suits 61 Balmacaans and Fall Overcoats

ALL IN THIS SALE

Every garment made for us by our best manufacturers or ROGERS, PEET & CO. None but all wool garments is offered—hand finished and strictly correct in style.

THE SUITS embrace fancy worsteds, chevots, casimeres and vestless suit, conservative, English and young men's models, sizes 33 to 52 breast measure, including longs and stouts—were \$15, \$18, \$20, \$23. Now **\$12.50**

THE FALL OVERCOATS include cravenetted Balmacaans of the smartest cut, of tweeds, homespun and chevots, most of them with silk yokes—the overcoats of fancy tweeds, worsteds, black thibets, and a few black thibets, silk faced—Sold for \$15, \$20, \$23 and \$25. Now **\$12.50**

IT'S THE ONE CHANCE of the season for the man who wants a suit or light weight overcoat for immediate service—for vacation wear—or for the coming fall days.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

proof readers in negotiating some of the tongue-twisters in the way of names of individuals and places that figured in the news despatches, but with this general war about to commence, involving so many foreign countries, the worst is yet to come.—Fall River Globe.

MODERN WAR'S LIMITS
The action of the British government

last night crows in dramatic manner a swift series of portentous events which have now totally destroyed the hope of confining the Austro-Serbian war within narrow limits. There still remains, however, the possibility of limiting it in time; and the rules of modern warfare, if observed will greatly limit it in atrocities, as compared with the physical consequences of earlier fighting in the same field.—Providence Tribune.

Watch Your Baby These Summer Days

Little Stomachs Get Out of Order Easily in Hot Weather

During the hot months mothers should look very carefully to the condition of the bowels of babies and young children, and, for that matter, it is very important in the lives of people at all ages. Care should be taken that the water is pure, the milk wholesome and the fruit ripe, (though not over-ripe), and that not too much of anything is eaten.

When trouble results it is usually in the form of constipation or of diarrhoea. If the child loses appetite, is fretful or languid, and complains of headache, you may look for constipation. Give it a small dose of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at night on laxative will have acted and the child will be its normal self again.

At the first sign of a summer cold also give Syrup Pepsin, as the clearing away by ridding the bowels of the poison and germs that cause the trouble. This opinion of the value of Syrup Pepsin is shared by thousands of people like Mrs. E. A. Denzel, 124 Nichols ave., Stratford, Conn., who uses it successfully herself and gives it to her two little boys; and Mrs. C. C. Allen of New Monterey, Cal., who finds it in every particular just what she and her family need.

Avoid giving children cathartics, purgatives, pills or powders, as they are too harsh. Confine yourself to a gentle laxative-tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. You can obtain it of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, the latter being the family size.

Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it, postpaid, by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 414 Washington st., Monticello, Ill.



CARBONOL
For Washing Clothes

All laundry coming from a sick room should be washed with Carbonol, the wonderful coal tar disinfectant.

The addition of a little Carbonol to the water will turn it into a powerful disinfectant, destroying germs in the clothing, sheets, etc., making them sterile.

If you send your laundry outside of the house, you ought to insist that your laundress use a disinfectant regularly, for she mixes up your clothes with those of other people and disease germs may be transmitted in this way.

Carbonol is so powerful that very little of it is used at a time; accordingly its cost is insignificant.

10c., 25c., 50c., 75c.

At all dealers. Free sample on request.

Barrett Manufacturing Co.
35 Woodall St. Boston, Mass.

Clean Faces

With safety razors as low as 25c, there's no excuse for not having a clean shave; from that up to \$9.00, and every one guaranteed. GILLETTE, AUTO STROP, GEM, STAR, DURHAM, MARK CROSS, U. S. R., SEXTOBLADE, LESLIE, ENDERS, KEEN KUTTER and EVER READY razors and blades always in stock.

THE SAFETY RAZOR SHOP

HOWARD The Druggist, 197 Central St.

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ATHLETES AND ATHLETICS

Frank McPherson, the Centralville boy who has been with the Lynn and Haverhill teams this season, was signed up by Manager Gray this morning when it was found that Greenidge would be unable to play this afternoon in the game at Lawrence. McPherson will play second base.

Bon Webster and Jack Anderson, the two Revere swimmers, met Mike Wrenn at the Sun office last night in an endeavor to arrange a match but no definite plans were laid. In other words none of the fifty change was posted. Webster announced himself as ready to take up Tim Maloney's challenge to swim him any distance over five miles in any water, but Anderson refused to swim Wrenn in fresh water. It looks as though Mike has the swimmers in this vicinity pretty well scared in fresh water propositions.

Although the Lakeview pool tournament is not ended as yet it looks as though Peter Leveque would pull out a winner. Leveque has played each of the last four tournaments since early summer and is leading his nearest opponent by a wide margin.

Rabbit Maranville gave the Boston fans a thrill yesterday when he slammed the fence in the tenth inning of the Braves-Pirates game. The ex-New England leaguer was the real hero of the contest. He procured three of the Boston team's eight hits and only had one slip in twelve chances. That's some record for an afternoon!

Yes, Matty Zieser was wild yesterday but with a little better fielding and hitting behind him Worcester would have had a tussle at any rate. It must be discouraging for Zieser to pitch for this year's team when he remembers the caliber of the club which represented us last season.

Yale will retain Guy Nicholls as coach of the crew for next season. The same stroke which defeated Harvard this year will be adopted again.

Nicholls is regarded as nothing short of a hero by the students at the New Haven university. It was announced as one time that Nicholls had been discharged. The reasons for such a move could be nothing but personal for Nicholls performed a stupendous task with the Yale crew.

King Couchman capped the big purse yesterday at Concord, Rapid, Mich., when he paced the 2.11 event for the Comstock stake in straight heats. This horse won the C. & C. stakes last week at the Detroit meeting of the grand circuit.

Yesterday's game between the Brooklyn and City Federal League clubs proved to be an Indian duel. Bluejacket was on the mound for Brooklyn and Johnson worked for Kansas City. It was a splendid contest with the Brooklyn team winning 2-0.

Christy Mathewson had one bad inning in his battle with the Chicago Cubs yesterday and that was just enough to beat him 4-3. "Big Six" has not displayed his oldtime control in the last few games he has pitched for the Giants.

The Australians won the Davis cup singles at the Longwood courts yesterday although the British team put up a strong argument in every match. Parkie, the Irishman on the English team, gave a wonderful exhibition in his match with Brooks.

President Ebbetts has signed up Sherritt O'Mara for the next two years at an increase in salary. The Brooklyn shortstop, although only 20 years old, is considered one of the National League's sensations. O'Mara was a battery at the St. Louis hall park until three years ago. Eddie Bernard takes notice.

The Braves will play at Fenway park again tomorrow and a larger crowd than attended last Saturday's contest is expected. They certainly deserve all the support that the Hub fans are giving them.

DIAMOND DAZZLES

Mike O'Brien did very well yesterday in his decisions on the bases. Umpire Doherty was off on two or three occasions, his worst offense being on Sweeney's hit to left field which he called foul but which actually kicked up the line on the line. Sweeney was resting on second when he called him back to the plate. This is the second time Doherty's eyesight has been at fault on a batted ball, his decision in Lawrence on one occasion being the turning point against Lowell. Bruggs was allowed a two bagger on a ball which struck foul by nearly a yard.

Bushelman will have to gain better control than he had yesterday before he will be of much aid to Jesse Burkett. The big fellow was very wild and it was a good move to take him out.

Gay is certainly the goods when it comes to pinch hitting. It was his timely single Wednesday which allowed Worcester to tie up the score and his single yesterday gave the visitors a chance to tie up the second game. He's a dangerous batter at any time.

Johnnie Strands played a wonderful game at third base. His assisted double play in the eighth inning was one of the features of the afternoon. Strands is playing the greatest game of his diamond career this season.

It was a sad, sad day. Two games went Worcesterward. The first defeat was not so bad but it was a hard blow when the second contest was pushed over into the lost column.

Burke is evidently taking a rest. His playing in both games yesterday was not up to the standard set by him earlier in the season. Can it be that the local captain would like a change of climate?

Wacob caught two fine games of baseball. Peter is just about the class in the "little league" when it comes to backstop duty. Wacob is also hitting the ball hard these days.

Greenhalge's homer woke up things for a short time and that four run lead looked mighty big. It was a welcome knock out, alas, it went for naught.

Sheehan is the most finished "booter" on the Lowell club and that is giving the young man some distinction. Whenever the local club is in a tight place Sheehan can be depended upon to kick the sphere around even on the easiest chances.

Greenhalge was injured in the fourth inning when he tried a high dive into the plate. Snubber is a good batter and a hard worker at times but he does like to play before a full grandstand. His injury yesterday was his own fault and Carroll was not to blame. Some day Greenhalge may learn that it is silly to play "to the grandstand."

Lawrence's defeat at the hands of the Haverhill club yesterday puts Worcester right up in the running. Both clubs are aggressive and are noted for coming from behind and turning over a win. It will be a great battle between them from now on.

Shorion, Pottelger and Stewart make a great trio of outer gardeners. Shorion in particular is a wonderful fielder as well as the league's lead-

7-20-4
NRC SULLIVANS
10c CIGAR

Thirty-nine years' continuous increased sales tells its own story. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

—WE, SELL—
COAL

The best from the leading mines at lowest prices. None better.

Wm. E. Livingston Co.

15 THORNDIKE ST. Est. 1828

er with the willow. All three of these outfielders contributed features.

Speaking about outfielders it would be rather hard to improve upon Sweeney and Stimpson in the long grass positions. They are both fast and can grab a fly ball anywhere. Sweeney pulled down several hard hit drives in deep center.

LEAGUE STANDING

N. E. League	Won	Lost	P.C.
Lawrence	57	30	65.5
Worcester	51	31	62.3
Portland	47	34	58.0
Lynn	41	43	48.8
Lewiston	41	45	47.7
Haverhill	37	46	44.6
Lowell	35	50	41.2
Manchester	26	59	30.6
American League	Won	Lost	P.C.
Philadelphia	63	34	65.0
Roston	56	44	56.0
Washington	54	41	56.1
Detroit	52	49	51.5
St. Louis	48	50	49.0
Chicago	48	52	48.0
New York	44	54	44.0
Cleveland	35	65	32.1
National League	Won	Lost	P.C.
New York	65	38	59.1
Chicago	53	45	54.1
St. Louis	53	42	55.0
Boston	49	45	52.1
Cincinnati	47	51	48.0
Philadelphia	45	50	47.3
Brooklyn	40	52	43.5
Pittsburgh	40	54	42.6
Federal League	Won	Lost	P.C.
Baltimore	53	41	56.4
Chicago	50	44	52.0
Brooklyn	50	41	54.9
Indianapolis	50	45	52.6
Buffalo	48	47	50.5
Kansas City	48	50	49.0
Pittsburgh	41	52	45.6
St. Louis	42	56	42.9

GAMES TOMORROW

New England
Lawrence at Lowell.
Haverhill at Worcester (2 games).
Lynn at Lewiston (2 games).
Manchester at Portland.

American
Boston at Detroit.
New York at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cleveland.
Washington at Chicago.

National
Cincinnati at Boston.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at New York.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.

Federal
Buffalo at Kansas City.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Baltimore at Indianapolis.

BASEBALL RESULTS

New England
Worcester 14, Lowell 1.
Worcester 8, Lowell 7.
Haverhill 3, Lawrence 1.
Manchester 1, Lewiston 0.
Portland 5, Lynn 2.

American
No games scheduled.

National
Boston 5, Pittsburgh 4, (10 innings).
Chicago 4, New York 3.
St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 2.
Cincinnati 4, Philadelphia 2.

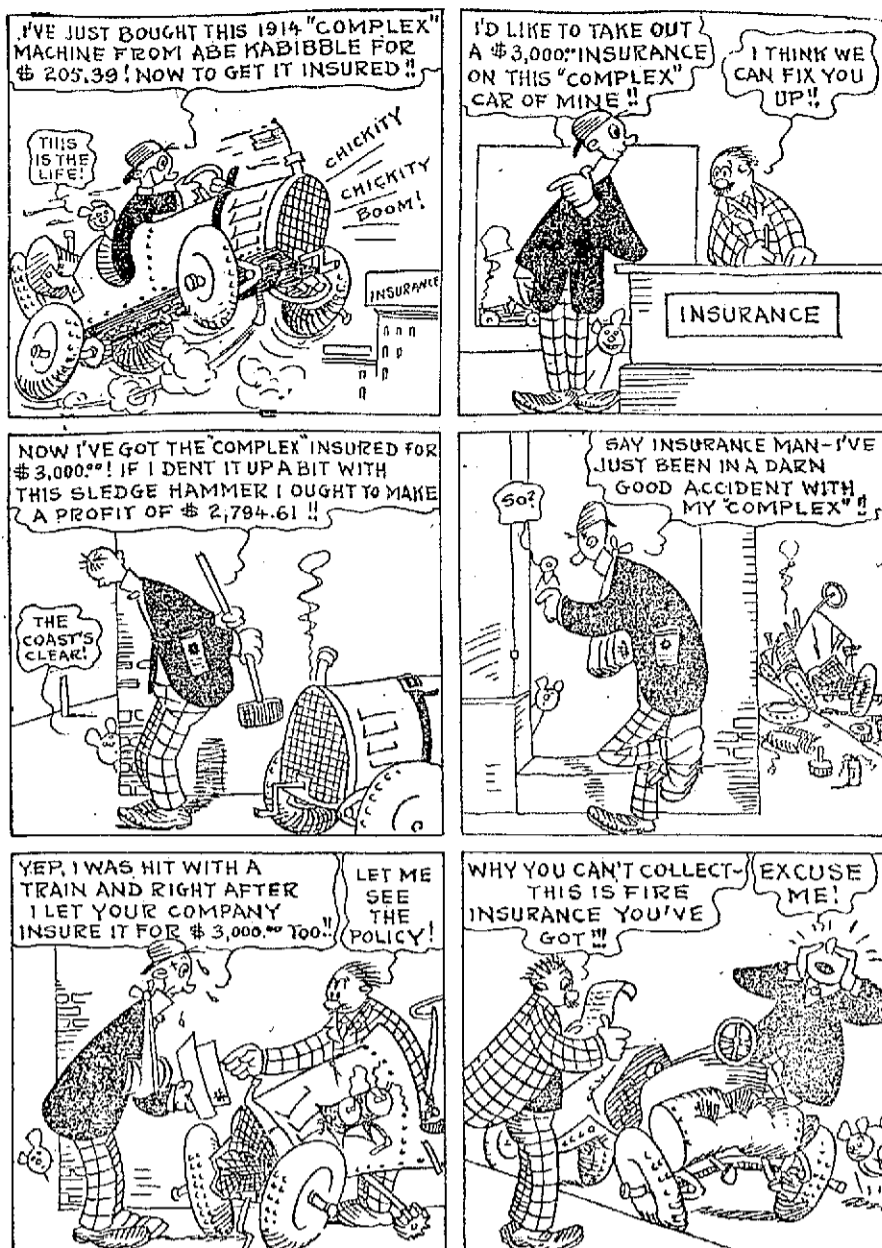
Federal
Buffalo 4, Indianapolis 3.
Buffalo 2, Indianapolis 1.
Brooklyn 2, Kansas City 0.
Pittsburgh 6, St. Louis 5.
Baltimore 5, Chicago 2.

NO SHORTAGE OF WHEAT

BROCKTON, Aug. 7.—The joint shoe council, advisory body of 13,000 members of the Boot and Shoe Workers union in Brockton, yesterday sent to Secretary W. B. Wilson of the department of commerce and labor, the executive council of the American Federation of Labor and to the Chicago Federation of Labor a protest against alleged plans of corporations and their agents to advance prices of flour and other staples of food because of the European crisis. The protest declares there is no shortage of wheat and that great crops that will fill the markets should decrease prices rather than cause increases. The protest asks that investigation be made immediately and that the results be made public.

BASE BALL
TOMORROW
LAWRENCE
VS.
LOWELL
Spalding Park
Starts 7 o'clock

EXCUSE ME



SURGERY FOR SICK TREES

Tree Surgery as a Science Every Year More Generally Appreciated—Good Suggestions

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7.—A cavity in a decayed tree is something like a cavity in a decayed tooth. If an unreliable tree surgeon who has been called in to save the tree only partially removes the diseased part of the wood, leaving no antiseptic coatings in the cavity and fills it up with cement the tree is no more cured than is a person whose decayed tooth has not been properly filled by a dentist. The only difference is that after the tree cavity has been covered, if the work has not been properly done, the tree has no way of making its trouble known except by further decay.

Within the last decade there has been a great increase in demand for surgeons to repair decaying shade trees, but the possibilities of practicing fraud in this profession like the instance just cited have tempted so many unreliable people to dabble in the science that tree surgery has fallen somewhat into disrepute. The U. S. department of agriculture realizes that commercial tree surgery should occupy a high place in the estimation of the public, and has recently issued a pamphlet entitled, "Practical Tree Surgery," wherein suggestions are made for improvement along these lines.

As in all professions, there are reliable and unreliable men and firms competing for contracts in tree surgery. In recent years so many occasions have arisen when property owners felt the necessity of calling in commercial tree surgeons to attend to their trees that there are now numerous firms, both honest and dishonest, engaged in the work. Usually tree surgery is practiced in connection with some nearby related line, but often it is taken up as a business of itself. When a blight such as the chestnut bark disease, infects the trees of a district, the community, or individuals in it, will often spend considerable money to control ravages which may rob the whole district of its trees. An affliction like the chestnut bark disease is contagious. It requires scientific knowledge of the disease to know whether an affected tree should be destroyed at once or is worth treating. It requires the same knowledge to understand the manner of growth of the trunk causing the disease and what treatment is best.

Many individuals who have had faith in tree surgery have lost it through following the advice of unreliable tree surgeons who claimed to be able to diagnose a case, but whose main interest was to collect a good sum of money for their work.

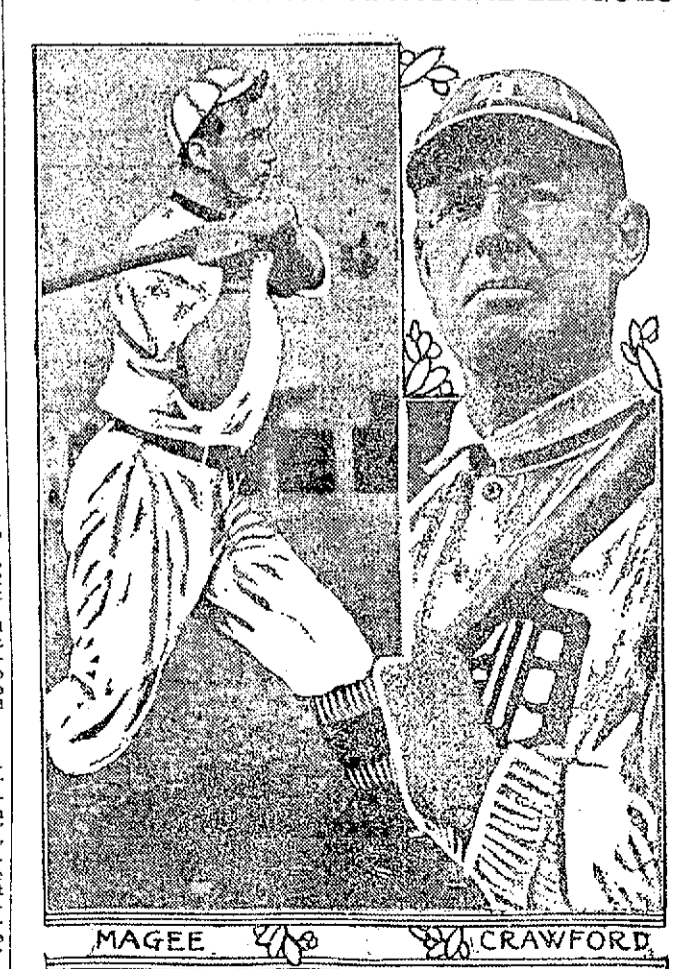
Misuse of Pruning Hooks
Besides the careless filling of decayed cavities in trees, there are other practices of certain so-called "tree surgeons" that do the trees more harm than good. Many of these "surgeons," as well as the people who employ them, do not realize the danger arising from fresh injuries to a tree. The tree owner should realize that prompt attendance to fresh injuries will largely do away with the need of tree surgery 15 or 20 years hence. The tree surgeon must realize that if they make fresh injuries to a tree, they are laying the tree open to more dangers of infection that will result in further decay.

Just as a person is subject to infection through cuts and scratches, trees are rendered subject to infection by having their living bark torn. Notwithstanding this, many tree surgeons use

pruning hooks and climbing spurs and cut fresh gashes in the tree. To break off small dead branches a workman may use a long pruning hook as if it were a club. In doing so the hook usually causes injury to the young bark near by. Every new wound may furnish a new point of entrance for decay, even though the old dead branch may have been removed.

The use of climbing spurs should be particularly avoided on trees in vicinities where there is a contagious

CRAWFORD AND MAGEE BEST SLUGGERS IN AMERICAN AND NATIONAL LEAGUES



Here are the two heaviest sluggers in the two big leagues. Sam Crawford of Detroit leads the American league in long distance home-barring with sixteen doubles, eighteen triples and seven home runs. Magee of the Philadelphia Nationals heads his league with twenty-four doubles, six triples and eight home runs.

WITCH HAZEL

Which is made from fresh green twigs and pure grain alcohol. It is triple distilled. Pint 15c

BAY RUM

Which is prepared by distilling selected Rum into which fresh leaves of the bay tree have been steeped. Pint 35c

C. B. COBURN CO.
63 Market St.

Free City Motor Delivery



originate) within five minutes after the final trimming cut is made.

(4) All cut or sheared surfaces shall be painted with commercial creosote, followed by thick coat tar.

(5) All diseased, rotten, discolored, water-soaked, or insect-eaten wood shall be removed in cavity work and the cavity inspected by the owner or his agent before it is filled.

(6) Only a good grade of Portland cement and clean, sharp sand in no weaker mixture than 1 to 3 shall be used to fill cavities.

(7) The contractor shall repair, free of expense, and defects that may appear in the work within one year.

If the owner prefers to have a cavity filled with asphalt or other material instead of cement, the contract can be altered accordingly. If it is desirable to substitute some other preparation for shellac, this can be done. Similarly, under certain conditions, various other modifications may be made, although alterations in Nos. 1, 2, 5, and 7 should be made with caution. It may so happen that if all insect-eaten wood is removed, the tree may be dangerously weakened; under such conditions the diseased matter can be removed to solid wood and the cavity fumigated. Other suggestions along these lines may be found in the pamphlet issued by the department.

Invitation to Co-operate

The department realizes that this science is comparatively new and that methods in the near future may be developed that will prove far superior to some now in common use. It therefore invites correspondence, either

from individuals or firms concerning new methods of treatment and is prepared to advise regarding any particular method so far as experimental results will permit. The co-operation of all who are interested is necessary for this work. All interested are urged to write for the new bulletin.

IN POLICE COURT

Judge Pickman and Supt. Welch had a very easy time of it this morning for today's police court session was only a matter of a few minutes. Only four defendants faced them from the dock.

All of this morning's defendants were simple drunks. Three out of the four should have known better than to linger at a one-night apartment for they have left the heavy hand of the law before.

Charles W. Ryan, a third timer within the year, took a trip up Thorndike street way for a 90 days' stay with Sheriff Evelyn. Joseph G. Weaver was allowed a furlough to Bridgewater for an indefinite period. Michael Connors was rather unsteady on his pins this morning and was sent up to jail for a short stay of 15 days. Herbert C. Small drew the lucky ticket and got off with a \$6 tax. And that was all there was doing this morning.

Liggett's HALL & LYON STORES

America's Greatest Drug Stores
UP-TO-DATE PRESCRIPTION SERVICE.

The Rexall Stores

Novelty Doll House Free For the Children

Given Away Tomorrow With Every Purchase at TOILET GOODS DEPT. Amounting to 50c or over.

5c Pkg. Necco
Wafers Free

With every purchase at CANDY DEPT. Tomorrow amounting to 25c or over.

Soda Extra Special
Delicious Frozen Pudding

With Minneapolois Cherry Sauce
Regular 10c Special tomorrow 10c

FREE 12 Regular 10c Straight

Lord Prior HIGH GRADE PORTO RICO Cigars

With Each 13 Purchased at the Regular Price 10c Each

DON'T MISS THIS UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

SALE OF IMPORTED BRIAR PIPES

Sterling Silver ferrule and hard rubber bit. Your choice 50c
FREE! 2 10c pkgs. Prince Albert Tobacco with every pipe purchased.

Summer Toilet Necessities

AUTO GOGGLES Good variety to choose from. 25c to \$2.00	"Thymo-Sach" TOOTH BRUSHES Sold in sealed cartons—each brush guaranteed. 35c, 3 for \$1.00	"BOUQUET JEANICE" Talcum Powder Exquisitely Luxurious 30c
HARMONY GLYCERINE SOAP Large ½ lb. cakes. 3 for 25c	For a Perfect Shave REXALL Shaving Powder, Stick or Cream 25c also Special at 10c	Extra Large Heavy Turkish FACE CLOTHS 3 for 25c
The Famous VIOLET DULCE TOILET WATER 75c and \$1.25	SPECIAL! Regular \$1.25 "H. & L. No. 225" HAIR BRUSHES Saturday only 50c	LIGGETT'S Hard Rubber COMBS Best Value on the market. 10c to 88c

LOWELL'S LEADING DRUG STORE 67 Merrimack St.

WORCESTER TOOK BOTH

Lowell Club Beaten in Double Header Although Second Game Required Extra Inning

Jesse Burkett's grouch of Wednesday was not so apparent yesterday as he hustled his Worcester club out to Spalding park after the noon repast for the afternoon's double header. Old Jesse was hungry for that pair of games for Lawrence's double win over Haverhill Wednesday gave Piper's boys another half game advantage. By winning both of yesterday's contests, thought the wily Worcester leader, things will be about evened up.

All that could be heard in the baseball camps of each club in the morning was the shouting of Empire Bannan yesterday. If Bannan could only have heard the remarks made about him yesterday it is probable that he would lay aside the toga of New England league decision maker and go into hard training for a fight, or rather a series of them.

If Burkett and Gray stick to their intentions of yesterday it is quite likely that Mr. Bannan will be looking for a job elsewhere before long. As stated in last night's Sun, yesterday was the first time that Jesse ever protested against an umpire, and the former great right fielder has been chased by all of them. When Burkett, after the heat of the diamond battle is over, says that an umpire is a disgrace to the league, you may make up your mind he means it.

In response to the messages sent him by both clubs, Secretary Cooper appointed Empire Doherty as official in charge of the two games. "Milk" O'Brien, who worked in the league last year, was sent out to assist Doherty, doing duty on the bases, while Doherty went behind the catcher. "Shorty" Dee once more took his place in the Lowell lineup, going into shortstop in place of Sheehan.

The lineup was as follows:

Lowell
Sweeney cf
DeGroot rf
Greenhalge 2b
Stimpson lf
Dee ss
Burke 3b
Kelly 1b
Wacooh p
Zieser c

First Inning

Young lifted a fly to Sweeney in center-field which Frank accepted with ease. Shorten dropped the ball into left field for a single. Burke took Strands' foul fly. Sweeney once more was of use when Pettigrew slammed the ball to center field. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Strands squeezed Sweeney's high fly near third base. DeGroot smashed one

of Gaw's offerings on the nose to left center for a single. Greenhalge hit a grounder to Roos and DeGroot was forced at second. Stimpson made the third out when he fanned. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Score: Lowell 0, Worcester 0.

Second Inning

Sweeney made another nice catch when Roos slammed a liner out in that direction. "Wild Bill" was talking to himself as he walked back to his place on the Worcester bench. Wacooh dropped Stewart's third strike, but his throw to Kelly got him at the bag. Zieser then rebuffed Cooney on strikes and the crowd awarded him a fine hand when he came in from the pitcher's box. No runs, no hits, no errors.

"Shorty" Dee celebrated his return to the game by slugging to right and logging it around to third when the ball went through Shorten's legs. Burke hit to Strands and Dee was held at third while Strands and Roos made the put-out. Kelly tapped a fly in the third base line with a foul and then put one into the grandstand as if to show that he was impatient. Kelly smashed a hard one at Gaw, which the Worcester pitcher knocked down with his gloved hand. Kelly was thrown out at first but Dee scored. Gaw's play of the hard hit ball could not be improved upon. Wacooh filed out to Pettigrew. One run, one hit, one error.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 0.

Third Inning

Zieser fiddled Carroll on the ribs with a fast one and "Stubby" ambled along to the nearest "hump." Gaw cracked out a single to left along the foul line and Carroll moved to second. Young bunted toward first and Kelly held the ball to Burke in an attempt to get Carroll but "Stubby" reached third and there were three men on. Zieser forced in Carroll who he squeezed wild and passed Shorten. Burkett and the third base blunderer exchanged compliments as of old. Strands lifted a sacrifice fly to Sweeney, Gaw scoring after the catch was made. Young and Shorten moving up a base. Pettigrew drove a liner through the box and both Young and Shorten scored. Roos cracked out a single to center and Pettigrew made third by good use of his legs. Zieser struck out Shorten for the second time and Roos went out on attempted bunt at the second pillow. Four runs, three hits, no errors.

Young ran into short center where he made a nice catch of Zieser's fly. Sweeney hit a ball to left field which kicked up the chalk on the foul line but the umpire, after a pause, called the ball foul. It should have been a two banger. Sweeney then struck out. DeGroot followed suit with another

strikeout. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 0.

Fourth Inning

Cooney dropped a fly into Greenhalge's hands. Zieser was wild and passed Carroll. "Stubby" remembered the wallop in the ribs which he received the last time and took good care that there was plenty of space between himself and the plate. Carroll then stole second and went to third when Gaw smashed a ball to Zieser which the latter could not handle. Young pushed a bounding grounder over Burke's head, scoring Carroll and sending Gaw to third. Zieser was once more afflicted with the Christmas spirit and filled the bases with a swift to Shorten. Stimpson took Strands' sacrifice fly while on the run, it being a swell catch. Gaw scored. Greenhalge booted Pettigrew's grounder and the bases were full once more. Roos hit to Dee and Greenhalge dropped Dee's throw to second which would have forced on Pettigrew. Strands scoring on the error. Stewart crashed Shorten and Pettigrew, while Roos went to second. Roos stole third. Burke being spiked as the Worcester first baseman slid into the bag. Roos and Stewart attempted a double steal but Wacooh put the ball on Roos two yards from the plate. Dee's throw to "Pet" was perfect.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 0.

Fifth Inning

Dee's peg to Kelly got Cooney at the initial sack after he had hit a grounder toward shortstop. Carroll was called out on strikes. Gaw was called out at first on his bunt to Zieser. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Strands made a fine stop of Burke's hard smash and got Billy at first. Stewart juggled Wacooh's grounder but recovered it in time to make a putout at first. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 0.

Sixth Inning

Drummond, a school boy from Waburn, was sent in at shortstop in place of Dee in the sixth inning. Young fled out to Sweeney and Shorten then singled to center. Strands fled to Stimpson but Pettigrew knocked a single through Greenhalge, sending Shorten to third. Pettigrew started for second but instead of Wacooh throwing the ball to second he shot the ball to first and caught Shorten disappointed off third. No runs, two hits, no errors.

Zieser was hit by a pitched ball and went to first. Sweeney forced him at second, however, with a grounder to Strands. DeGroot fled out to Pettigrew and Sweeney was caught off the bag by Gaw's throw to Roos when he attempted to take a nap. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 0.

Seventh Inning

Roos opened the seventh by flying to Wacooh. Stewart drew a pass. Zieser regained control and struck out Cooney. The new short stop took Wacooh's throw when Stewart attempted to steal and the third put-out was made. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Pettigrew, on the other hand, was not so sure of his own strength. Greenhalge's fly to left center, Pettigrew also took Stimpson's lung drive to center. Drummond received a hand from the fans when he made his first trip to the plate. The new shortstop fled to Cooney. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 0.

Eighth Inning

Sweeney made a beautiful catch of Carroll's long fly to left center. Gaw then went to first on four bad ones. Young singled to center and Gaw went to third. Burke threw to Drummond to get Young at second and when Drummond muffed the ball Young went to third while Gaw crossed the plate. Shorten, walked and then stole second without an attempt being made to get him. Strands singled to short left and Young scored while Shorten went to third. Pettigrew fumbled to Wacooh. Sweeney made another feature catch when he took Roos' fly while on the run. Two runs, two hits, no errors.

Burke fled to the center-field fence and the fans gave him a fine hand. Pettigrew showed remarkably fast fielding, turning his back to the ball as soon as wood met horsehide. "Stubby" Carroll took Kelly's foul fly close to the press box. It was another nice bit of baseball. Strands grabbed Wacooh's liner and touched third base for an unassisted double play. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Score: Lowell 1, Worcester 11.

Ninth Inning

Drummond's high throw pulled Kelly off the bag on Stewart's grounder. "Deb" made a fine one-hand stop. Wacooh contributed a feature by taking Cooney's foul fly. Carroll snapped a double to left along the third base line and Stewart went to third. Greenhalge made a pitiful attempt to field Gaw's grounder and the ball went into right field. Gaw going to second and Stewart and Carroll scoring. Young rapped out a single to right center. Gaw going to third. Young stole second. Drummond intercepting Wacooh's perfect throw to Greenhalge. Shorten sent in a sacrifice fly to Stimpson which scored Gaw. Drummond threw out Strands at first. Three runs, two hits, two errors. Sheehan went in to hit for Zieser, and fled to Roos. Sweeney grounded out to Wacooh. Kelly came forth with a single to center. Greenhalge fled to Stewart. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Final score: Lowell 1, Worcester 14.

(First Game)

WORCESTER

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Young ss	5	2	3	2	1	0
Shorten rf	2	2	2	1	0	2
Strands 3b	4	0	1	2	2	0
Pettigrew cf	6	1	2	5	0	0
Roos 1b	6	0	1	7	1	0
Stewart lf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Cooney 2b	5	0	0	2	1	0
DeGroot p	4	2	3	0	1	0
Gaw c	4	2	3	0	1	0
Totals	37	14	13	27	8	1

LOWELL

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Sweeney cf	4	0	0	7	0	0
DeGroot rf	4	0	2	0	0	0
Greenhalge 2b	4	0	0	2	0	0
Stimpson lf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Dee ss	2	1	1	0	2	0
Burke 3b	3	0	1	1	0	0
Kelly 1b	3	0	0	5	0	0
Wacooh c	3	0	0	0	1	0
DeGroot p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Drummond ss	1	0	0	1	1	0
Sheehan	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	1	4	27	9	0

*Batted for Zieser in 9th.

Worcester.....0 0 4 5 0 0 0 2 3-11

Lowell.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1

Two base hits: Carroll, Three base hits: Burke, sacrifice hits: Young, Strands, Shorten. Double play: Zieser, Wacooh and Greenhalge; Strands (unassisted). Stolen bases: Carroll, Roos, Shorten, Young. Bases on balls: by Zieser 3, struck out: by Zieser 5; by Gaw. Hit by pitched ball: Carroll, Zieser. Left on bases: Worcester 8;

Lowell 2. Time: 1:35. Umpires: Doherty and O'Brien. Attendance: 1270.

Lowell 2. Time: 1:35. Umpires: Doherty and O'Brien. Attendance: 1270.

SECOND GAME

Worcester came from behind in the second game and won out in an extra inning. By mutual consent of the two clubs it was agreed that seven innings would be enough baseball for the day, but at the end of the seventh the score was a tie at 7 runs each. Burkett's squad, however, came through in the first half of the eighth and out over another rally which Lowell could not duplicate in the last half. Lowell had the game well in hand with the score 7-2 in their favor but costly boots and hard hitting by the visitors wiped out the lead and gave Worcester the opportunity to pull the game out.

Dee, in spite of his recently injured thumb, played a spectacular game for Lowell in the field. DeGroot's hitting was also a feature. Shorten, Young and Pettigrew excelled for Worcester. The scores:

(Second Game)

WORCESTER

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Young ss	2	2	1	1	0	0
Shorten rf	2	1	1	1	0	0
Strands 3b	3	1	2	0	2	0
Pettigrew cf	5	2	2	0	0	0
Roos 1b	5	2	0	6	0	0
Wacooh c	4	0	0	2	0	0
Cooney 2b	2	0	1	2	1	0
Carroll lf	4	0	1	2	2	0
Bushelman p	2	0	0	0	0	1
Van Dyke p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gaw x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	8	10	24	6	1

LOWELL

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Sweeney cf	3	2	0	1	0	0
DeGroot rf	1	0	2	3	0	0
Greenhalge 2b	1	0	1	3	1	0
Stimpson lf	1	0	0	2	0	0
Dee ss	1	0	1	1	0	2
Burke 3b	1	0	1	1	0	0
Kelly 1b	2	1	1	7	0	0
Wacooh p	3	1	1	6	0	0
Maybom p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Ring p	2	0	0	0	0	0
Sheehan 2b	1	0	0	1	0	1
Drummond ss	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	25	7	5	24	8	4

x-Batted for Bushelman in 5th.

xx-Batted for Ring in the 8th.

Worcester.....0 0 0 2 4 1 0 1-5

Lowell.....0 4 0 3 0 0 0 0-7

Two base hits: Stewart, Strands, Carroll, DeGroot, Shorten. Home run: Greenhalge. Sacrifice hits: Shorten, Strands. Double plays: Dee, Greenhalge and Kelly. Stolen bases: Greenhalge 3, Stimpson. Bases on balls: by Bushelman 3; by Maybom 4; by Ring 1. Struck out: by Bushelman 1; by Maybom 2; by Ring 3; by Van Dyke 1. Hits: Off Maybom 3 in 4 innings; off Bushelman 3 in 4 innings; off Ring 7 in 4 2-3 innings; off Van Dyke 2 in 4 innings. Hit by pitched ball: Sweeney by Bushelman; Fassel ball: Wacooh. First base on errors: By Worcester 2; by Lowell 1. Left on bases: By Worcester 5; Lowell 6. Time: 1:55. Umpires: Doherty and O'Brien.

MUSICAL PROGRAM

Was Given at Elmsere Last Evening For the Benefit of St. Anne's Mission

The pupils of Frederick Haywood, a New York music teacher, gave a pleasing concert for the benefit of St. Anne's mission at the home of William H. Haywood, Elmsere, last evening and the various numbers on the program brought frequent bursts of applause from all who attended. The grounds about the house were appropriately decorated with Japanese lanterns a number of those who attended were seated on the lawn.

Rev. Mr. Suter of St. Anne's announced the program, which was as follows:

PART ONE

The Last Song.....Toot

Tired Hands.....J. C. Kinsey, Baritone

The Lark Now Leaves His Watery Nest.....Mrs. H. A. Beach

Ecstasy.....Miss Eva Skinner, Soprano

Tokens Three.....Saar

Aria from Tosca.....Saar

Miss Elma Hanson, Soprano.

Caro mio ben.....C. Lighter

Who Knows?.....Mary H. Brown

A Plight of Birthdays.....Cowan

Miss Glad Endemann, Soprano.

Nay Did Me Not Resign.....Mozart

Miss Endemann and Mr. Kinsey.

PART TWO.

Kille no crayon pas.....Thome

Aria from Tosca.....Puccini

Mr. Carosio.

Jewel Song from Faust.....Gounod

Moonlight.....Miss Endemann

To You Dear Heart.....Class

The Brownies.....Luonia

Ever Since the Day.....Carpentier

Miss Mary.....Forster

The Crescent Moon.....Sanderson

The Harbor Night Song.....Sanderson

Exhortation.....Cook

Mr. Kinsey.



This map shows Belgium and part of Holland, together with Luxemburg, the buffer countries in the general European war. Already the greatest fighting has taken place on Belgian soil.

Before Stock-Taking Sale

FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND MONDAY

Every garment must be turned into cash, former prices and cost not considered. We had our profits in the season. The balance of stock we are ready to sacrifice. We must have room for Fall goods arriving daily.

50 Suits, former prices \$15 to \$20, now.....	\$4.75	\$25 DRESSES in crepe de chine, silk poplin, crepe meteor, orinkled crepe and taffetas, at.....	\$8.98
15 Suits, former prices \$20 to \$30, now.....	\$6.75	CLOTH SKIRTS, values \$3.50 to \$7.50.....	\$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.75
8 Suits, former prices \$25 to \$40, now.....	\$9.50	WASH SKIRTS, former prices \$1.50 to \$5.00.....	95c, \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.98
46 Suits, odds and ends, values \$10 to \$30, now.....	\$3.98	RAINCOATS, value \$7.50, at.....	\$2.75
68 Coats, values \$8 to \$15, now.....	\$3.98	WAISTS.....	
46 Coats, values \$12 to \$20, now.....	\$6.75	WAISTS—150 Dozen Waists, value \$2.00, at.....	89c
\$15 Heavy Chinchilla Coats, now.....	\$7.98	\$3.50 WAISTS.....	\$1.90
		\$5.50 WAISTS.....	\$2.75



SUMMER DRESSES—89c, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98		CORSETS, values \$1 to \$3.50, at.....	49c, \$1, \$1.50
Values \$4 to \$15, all these season's materials and styles		SPORT COATS.....	\$1.00
SILK DRESSES at.....	\$2.98		
See Them.			
EVENING AND PARTY DRESSES, values \$10 to \$20, now.....	\$5.00		
LINGERIE DRESSES FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.....	\$1.00		

NEW FALL SUITS ON SALE AT REDUCED PRICES FOR EARLY BUYERS

184-196 MERRIMACK STREET
A. L. BRAUS
Owner and Operator of 25 Stores
FORMERLY O'DONNELL'S

FAIRBURN'S

12-14 MERRIMACK ST. TEL 788-789

MORE NEWS

Remember, you can secure here everything necessity demands and fancy could wish for in the way of fresh provisions and fancy groceries, and that, too, at prices, quality considered, that are from 10% to 20% less than you would pay for same quality elsewhere.

FRESH SHORE FISH	SPECIAL CUTS
Fancy Large Mackerel, about 1 1-4 lb. each.....3 for 25c	We have some cuts we call "money savers." They are solid pot roasts of beef with little or no waste. They make fine slicing, both warm and cold.
Block Island Bluefish, lb.....12c	They sell for.....15c lb.
Shore Haddock, lb.....6c	
Center Cuts Swordfish, lb.....20c	
Every fish is fresh and firm	
Veal Potpie, lb.....10c	Hickory Smoked Shoulders, lb. 16c
Veal Roasts, lb.....16c	Sweet Pickled Shoulders, lb. 16c

VEGETABLES	SPECIAL	LAMB
That Are Fancy	Witch Hazel Floating Toilet Soap.....10c	Very fancy young stock at very reasonable prices.
Shell Beans, qt. 5c	Lilac Talcum Powder 10c	Small Legs, lb. 19c
Snake Beans, qt. 5c	Retail value.....20c	Small Fores, lb. 13c
Green corn, doz. 20c	Our Special Price for both.....10c	Chop Roast, lb. 16c
Celery, bunch.....20c		
Egg Plant, lb.....5c		

LAST CALL FOR MOXIE	JERSEY CORN FLAKES
Your last chance to get Moxie, 19c Bottle	They remain crisp in milk. Twice the size package of others. 13c Each, 2 for 25c

VEGETABLES	FREE	CREAMERY BUTTER
New Potatoes, Pk.....23c	Whole Family of Ducks	Is rising. This will be the last call at the old price, 30c Lb.
New Cabbage, lb. 2c	A drake, a duck and 18 ducklings given to the one who guesses how many beans of "M. S. M." Coffee in a jar. One guess free with every lb. Look in our window.	
New Turnips, lb. 2c		
New Carrots, lb. 3c		
New Beets, lb. 3c		
Sweet Potatoes, lb. 5c		
Onions... 2 lbs. 11c		

LATE WAR BULLETINS

BELGIAN SUCCESS ENCOURAGES FRANCE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—3.10 a. m.—The Daily Mail's Paris correspondent names three Belgian fortresses, Liege, Namur and Huy (Herve) as seeming likely to hold a proud place in the history of the present war, for they held back the head of the advancing German hosts and have given the French army time in which to make up for the thirty hours disadvantage in mobilization which they suffered through Germany's earlier preparations.

It was never expected that Liege would offer any serious resistance, says the correspondent, yet already it has stemmed the German onset for two precious days and only today have two of its ring forts fallen before the concentrated attack of the German army.

This partial success against fortifications 30 years old was gained by the Germans' light siege artillery.

The Belgians, falling back on Liege, still resist stoutly and a fierce resistance may yet be made in the very streets of the modern city. Even when Liege falls, Namur and Huy will carry on the resistance. Meanwhile the Belgian success has mightily encouraged the French, who are now more than ever certain of victory.

MAURETANIA TO BE WAR SHIP

HALIFAX, Aug. 7.—When the Cunarder Mauretania, which put into port here yesterday with 2400 passengers fleeing from Europe, again sails from Liverpool she will be fitted out as H. M. Mauretania and prepared to destroy the hostile shipping of Germany.

It was expected today that the Mauretania would soon return to Liverpool under convoy of British warships and that she would immediately be turned over to the admiralty for her equipment of quick fire rifles, a new coat of dark gray paint and white ensign.

Commerce destruction was the ultimate purpose for which the Mauretania was constructed. She was practically built for the admiralty and many features of warship construction were embodied in her hull.

Armored gun positions were built into her hull with ammunition hoists to the magazines. Every officer and the greater part of her crew are naval reserve men.

SON OF GERMAN GENERAL KILLED AT LIEGE

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—The 19 year old son of the German general, Count Von Arnim, was wounded before Liege and died tonight.

BRITISH EMBASSY IN BERLIN WRECKED

OLDENZAL, Netherlands, Aug. 7.—(Via London)—The correspondent in Berlin of Reuters Telegram Co. of London, who with other British subjects was expelled from the German capital, arrived here with several other newspapermen on the train which conveyed the British ambassador, Sir William Edward Goschen.

The correspondent says the British declaration of war on Germany was followed by an attack on the British embassy. A crowd besieged the building for hours, smashing all the windows.

The same night two Americans and two English correspondents were arrested on suspicion of being spies but were released a few hours later through the efforts of the American ambassador.

All British subjects in Germany, according to the correspondent, are being rounded up by the police and about 40 of them have been kept as prisoners in the fortress of Spandau but the American embassy in Berlin hopes to be able to secure their release.

Among those held is Captain Horace Holland of the British navy, who had been lent to the Turkish government as naval instructor.

WOMEN PROTEST AGAINST WAR IN EUROPE

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—As a protest against the war in Europe a movement has been started here by suffrage leaders for a parade of women, dressed in funeral black, on Saturday Aug. 22 or Sunday, Aug. 23.

Appeals for women to "march for peace" were ready to be sent out today by Miss Lillian Deaver, who is in charge of the movement of the Women's Political Union. Miss Deaver explained that the parade would have nothing to do with suffrage. There will be no music in the parade save that of muffled drums.

BRITISH CRUISER STRUCK MINE AND SUNK

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The admiralty has issued the following: "In the course of reconnoitering after the German mine-layers Koenigin Luise was sunk this morning and the cruiser Amphion struck a mine and was sunk. The forepart of the British ship was shattered by the explosion and practically all of the loss to the crew ensued from this cause. All not killed by the explosion were taken off by the boats of the destroyers before the Amphion went down.

Twenty German prisoners of war who were confined in the forepart of the ship were killed.

The line of mines was probably laid by the Koenigin Luise before she was sunk. They extend from Aldeburg Rade to latitude 52.10 north, longitude 2.25 east.

STEAMER WITH \$2,500,000 AT PLYMOUTH

PLYMOUTH, Aug. 7.—The Holland Lloyd steamer Tubantia from South America, which has been brought here by warships, has \$2,500,000 in gold aboard, part of which is consigned to the German bank of London. There are many reservists besides a quantity of grain aboard.

TO TAKE CARE OF IMMIGRANTS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Secretary Wilson has decided that immigrants deported aboard vessels which later put back into the United States because of the war crisis may be received back from the steamship companies and taken care of at immigration stations pending developments.

FRENCH TROOPS OCCUPY GERMAN TOWNS

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The minister of war announces that French troops have occupied Vic and Moyenvic, small German towns in Alsace-Lorraine, just over the border and about 17 miles east of Nancy.

NO WORD FROM CARDINAL FARLEY

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Failure to learn the whereabouts of John, Cardinal Farley, who sailed from this city for Rome on April 26 last, hearing the index volume of the Catholic encyclopedia and was last heard from while in Paris, to which city he went after attending the Eucharistic congress at Lourdes, late in July, is causing considerable uneasiness to the clergy and laity of the metropolitan diocese of the Roman Catholic church.

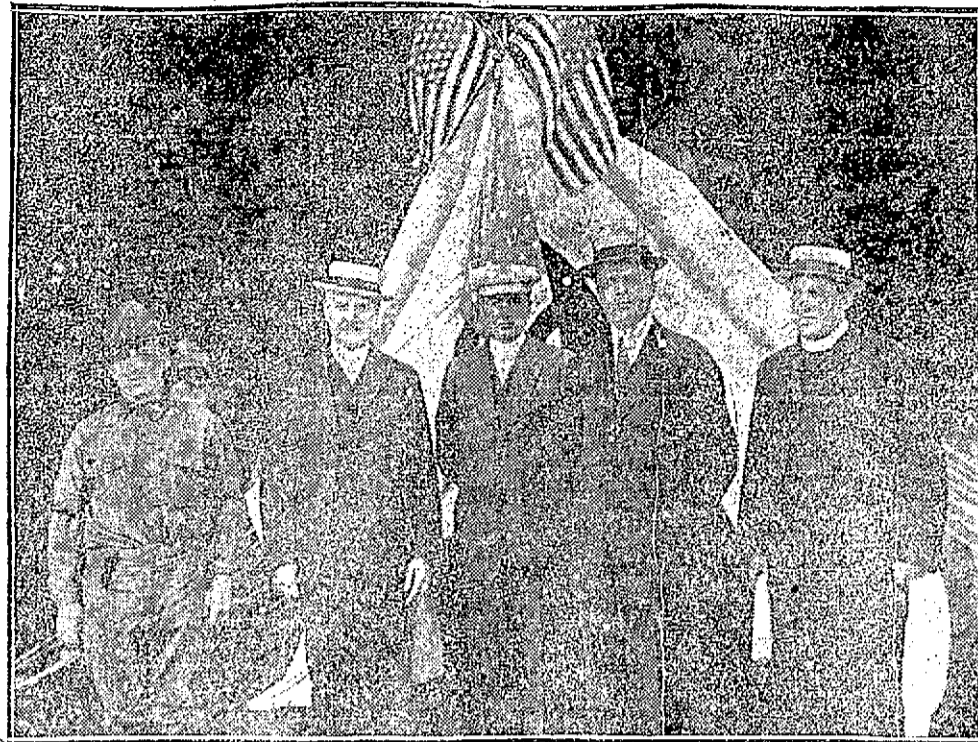
BOMBARDMENT OF LIEGE CONTINUES

BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—News received from Liege last night shows that the fortress is still holding out. It is being bombarded by heavy shells but is still undamaged while the Belgian fire is working havoc among the Germans. It is reported that French forces are increasing from several directions.

BRITISH TANKER DESTROYED BY MINE

ANTWERP, Via London, Aug. 7.—(11.20 a. m.)—It was reported here today that the British tanker San Wilfredo, which arrived at Hamburg from New Orleans, July 20, and was on her return voyage, had been destroyed by a mine off Cuxhaven, Germany.

Inspiring Spectacle at O. M. I. Cadet Camp—Religious Service in Open Air



SNAPPED AT O. M. I. CADET CAMP
Left to Right—Capt. Walter Jones, Col. Humphrey O'Sullivan, Lieut. Bernard McArdle, Mayor, Dennis J. Murphy and Rev. Dennis A. Sullivan, O. M. I.
(Photo by Slater)

With ideal weather conditions and a host of fair visitors to gladden their hearts, the enthusiastic boy soldiers of the O. M. I. Cadets observed "O'Sullivan Day," a day dedicated to their honorary colonel and benefactor, Humphrey O'Sullivan, at their camp at Milligan's grove, Wilmington, yesterday. The day was perfect and under its benign influence the boys showed up at their best and their efforts won the applause of a large number of visitors.

It was a long and a busy day in camp, but the combination of pleasure with business made the hours speed by quickly and it was a happy and well satisfied, even if tired, aggregation of juvenile militarists who in response to the call of "Taps" at 10 p. m., extinguished the lights in the little white settlement and prepared to rest up for today's activities.

Arose at Sunrise

Just before sunrise, Captain Owen Conway and his men were awakened from the land of nod by the note of the reveille and a few minutes later the booming of the cannon announced the opening of the day's activities.

Breakfast was partaken of and immediately after the grounds were scoured by the young soldiers and put in first class shape, for police duty is the first order of the day. Following the able supervision of Captain Walter Jones, of Co. G., a welcome visitor to the camp who put the boys through extended order work. Capt. Jones expressed surprise at the fine showing made by the boys in their obedience to their military instructor, Bernard McArdle and commander-in-chief, Rev. D. A. Sullivan, O. M. I., saying that they were one of the best drilled organizations of boys in the state. After the drill, Capt. Jones enlisted the boys with a reminiscent talk of his experiences in the Spanish war, which were received with enthusiasm. Having cooled off after their drill the boys were then ready for their morning swim. Physical Director Matt McConn had charge, and yesterday 12 more boys were made proficient in the natural art.

Upon returning from the swim the boys proceeded to the mess tent where a roast beef dinner was served by Carter Wood, and it is needless to state that the young soldiers did full justice to it after their active morning's work. After dinner the boys were taken on a tactical walk by Capt. Jones. This consists of skirmishing in the brush, signaling and touring the country and is a practice much indulged in by the various militia companies.

A ball game between the O. M. I. Cadets and Duffy's Fats of Lowell was in progress when the boys returned

from the walk, and it was some game. The contest went 14 innings before the winner was decided and was won by Duffy's Fats by a score of 6 to 4. The snappy playing of Tom Clark featured for the Cadets, while the hitting and base running of Eddie Cox excelled for Duffy's Fats.

The game was about over when Humphrey O'Sullivan arrived and he was given a royal welcome. The Cadets then repaired to their respective quarters and awaited the call for dress parade.

The Dress Parade

Dress parade was a most inspiring spectacle, the young soldiers neatly attired in blue coats, white duck trousers, wearing a very attractive appearance. They were commanded by their major, Francis P. Haggerty. The companies, which formed, were led to the center of the large drill grounds, where a halt was called. At the command "parade rest" the cannon was fired, and its boom must have been heard for miles. The colors were lowered, while the Lowell Cadet band played the "Star Spangled Banner" and the spectators stood respectfully facing the colors, the male portion with heads uncovered. It was an impressive incident.

The battalion was then called to attention and was reviewed by Colonel Humphrey O'Sullivan, Mayor, Dennis Murphy, Dennis A. Sullivan, O. M. I., Capt. Walter Jones, Lieut. Bernard McArdle and Major Haggerty and his staff.

The Speech-making

After inspection the companies were formed in hollow square to hear the speech-making.

Rev. Fr. Sullivan then briefly addressed the boys and after complimenting them upon the excellence of their work introduced for a few remarks, their honorary colonel and benefactor, Mr. Humphrey O'Sullivan. The latter also complimented the boys on their fine showing and stated that it was a source of consolation and keen satisfaction to their parents to know that they were receiving such beneficial instruction and were in such good hands. He stated that the military training they were now receiving with its splendid features of discipline and obedience to orders would make largely for their future success in life. He spoke briefly on the European situation and stated that it was his belief and fondest hope that the European war will put the United States on years ahead and Europe as many years behind and he said, the O. M. I. Cadets are now receiving a training that will fit them to take their places among their fellow-men and give a good account of themselves in the battle of life. Speaking of his recent visit to Ireland, Mr. O'Sullivan con-

tracted conditions of today when the Irish volunteers are permitted to drill with guns in Ireland with those of 40 years ago when, if a party of young Irishmen were seen walking together in anything like military order they would be immediately seized upon. The Irish volunteer movement, he said, had spread rapidly through Ireland and had imbued the young men with the best features of the military spirit, an ambition to become proficient in intelligently defending their country should occasion require it and had impressed upon them the importance of discipline and obedience. In conclusion he again congratulated the boy soldiers and bade them strictly to adhere to the teachings and good counsel of their zealous commander-in-chief, Rev. Fr. Sullivan.

Mayor Murphy followed with brief remarks after which the formal exercises of the afternoon came to a close when the supper call was responded to with alacrity.

Music and Prayer

In the evening the Lowell Cadet band, John J. Giblin leader, gave a most pleasing concert program which was enjoyed not only by the Cadets and their friends, but by the many runners of Wilmington and Silver Lake many present from Lowell. The Cadets choir, unaccompanied, rendered "Veni Te" and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," during the progress of the service and at the conclusion of the mass the entire congregation joined with them in singing the well known hymn of praise, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name."

Open-Air Mass

On a temporary altar located at the head of the company street, a mass was sung in the open this morning by Rev. Fr. Sullivan, with a large attendance from the neighboring camps. In addition to the Cadets, who arrayed in their khaki uniforms formed a hollow square, facing the altar. Although the service was held at an early hour there were many present from Lowell. The Cadets choir, unaccompanied, rendered "Veni Te" and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," during the progress of the service and at the conclusion of the mass the entire congregation joined with them in singing the well known hymn of praise, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name."

The Sham Battle

Tomorrow, either in the morning or afternoon, the sham battle will be held, and it is expected that many local military men will attend. A large attendance of visitors is also expected.

LOWELL MAN ARRESTED

IN FALL RIVER—DEAF MUTE, CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY GETS SUSPENDED SENTENCE

Edward Butler, a deaf mute from Lowell, who was arrested in Fall River early in the week on a charge of vagrancy, was adjudged guilty in district court this morning and given a suspended sentence to the state farm at Bridgewater. Judge Hanly of the Fall River court allowed the stranger to leave the city, upon his representation that he could get work either in Providence or New York, having worked last winter in the latter city. He had a dollar in his possession at the time of his arrest.

When the prisoner was called up again yesterday he carried on a correspondence with the witnesses by writing notes to the court and maintained that he was unable to talk, despite the suspicion that he was feigning. Police Surgeon Merritt who was called into the case yesterday afternoon confirmed the written declaration of Butler that he had been under treatment at a hospital in Boston during the early part of last winter. Dr. Merritt informed the court that he had talked with the hospital authorities who recalled Butler and they said that at no time during his treatment did he ever indicate that he was able to talk. As Butler was eager to leave the city and promised to remain away Judge Hanly permitted him to go under the suspended sentence.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

SAVED TWO LIVES

Man and Wife Pulled From Water at Worcester by J. K. Clark

WORCESTER, Aug. 7.—Two lives were saved in a thrilling rescue off Sandy Bar in Lake Quinsigamond at 6 o'clock last night.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Lowe of 84 Evers street, who were wading out in three feet of water on the bar, stepped off a ledge into 20 feet of water, and neither being able to swim, they sank at once. Mrs. Lowe threw her arms about her husband's neck as they sank, and it appeared that both would drown before help could reach them.

James K. Clark of 28 Wilson street and Lawrence O'Connor of 5 Pitts street, who were standing on the shore about 50 feet from the drowning couple, saw their struggle in the water and, without waiting to remove their clothing, started to run along the bar to the spot where Mr. and Mrs. Lowe had gone down. Clark managed to get hold of Mrs. Lowe and pulled her from the water. He turned her over to O'Connor and then dove into the water and brought Lowe out on the bar. Mr. and Mrs. Lowe were taken to their cottage on Standard drive, where they were attended by Police Surgeon Lewis R. Casals. Mrs. Lowe remained unconscious for several hours, but was reported to be recovering late last night. Her husband rallied quickly and suffered no ill effects from his experience.

HORSES SEIZED

Racers, Some From America, Worth \$2,000,000 Taken

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Americans with stables of horses in England, France and to a lesser number in Germany, Austria and Russia, having a "sporting" value approaching \$2,000,000, have been, or will be, deprived of their highly prized animals to help to the mobilization in progress in those countries.

While the number of American-owned horses that have been requisitioned by the authorities of the warring European states is not very great, as army requirements go, the quality of the animals taken is of the best. Those in England and France are mostly thoroughbred racers, while Russia and Austria have a number of trotters sent over there to campaign. A few of both runners and trotters are in Austria and Germany, though the stables are small in each country.

Word was received here yesterday that Alfred C. Vanderbilt's coaching horses, including the famous "all grey" team with which he won several prizes at the horse shows and in the coaching marathons, had been donated to the British authorities by him. Mr. Vanderbilt's horses, numbering between 50 and 100, mostly Vermont bred, are considered the finest string of coaching horses in the world. The famous team of greys was rated as a \$10,000 team.

Next to the Vanderbilt lot the most valuable string of horses owned in England by an American was probably that of Walter Winans of Baltimore, whose harness horses swept all the prizes in several classes at the recent international horse show at Olympia. Mr. Winans has some 25 high-class harness horses. He also owned a number of saddle horses bred in Kentucky, and a remarkable string of roadsters, all American bred.

NEW KIND OF A JAG

WOMAN WHO FLIRTED WITH TIP FLOWING BOWL REPORTED HER LITTLE GIRL MISSING

Shortly before 10 o'clock this forenoon several boys rushed into the inspector's office at the police station and informed Messenger Johnnie Finner that a 10-year-old girl had disappeared from her home in John street and that the child's mother was very much disturbed as to her whereabouts. When questioned as to how long the child had been missing, one of the boys said that she left her home at 8 o'clock this morning and that her mother was rushing about Kirk street informing pedestrians that the child had gone away. The mystery was cleared up a few minutes later when Patrolman Jack Leighton sent in a call for the patrol wagon from John street, where he had a woman under arrest for indulging too freely in fire water.

FORMER R. R. PRESIDENT

FREDERICK A. DELANO, APPOINTED MEMBER OF RESERVE BOARD, WELL KNOWN IN R. R. CIRCLES



WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Frederick Adrian Delano of Chicago, who was recently appointed a member of the federal reserve board, is one of the best known railroad men in the country. He was formerly president of the Wabash and in 1911 was named as one of the receivers of the road. Mr. Delano was born in China, but lived most of his boyhood at Newburg, N. Y. He began his railroad career with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. His life was steady and deserved.

KAISER WILL BE BEATEN

RUSSIAN ATTACHE SAYS HE EXPECTS DECISIVE VICTORY WITH END WAR

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—"The very magnitude of the European conflict will make it of short duration. I speak as an economist, not as a soldier. So many nations are allied with Russia in the fight that the odds against Germany are overwhelming and the German armies cannot combat them successfully." So declared C. J. Medzhovsky, commercial attache to the Imperial Russian embassy at Washington, yesterday, shortly after his arrival in Boston, to attend a meeting of the foreign relations committee of the Boston chamber of commerce.

"I think that it will require a great and decisive victory over the Germans before they will sue for peace," he said. "That, of course, will mean a frightful conflict with tremendous loss of life."

The proposed steamship line between Boston and Russian ports, which is now being negotiated, will be carried out as originally planned, the Russian official said. It will be necessary, however, to wait until the war is over before the liners actually begin operations. The port of Boston will benefit greatly through the new line, he said.

FATHER HELD PRISONER

RUSSIA DEMANDS \$1000 FROM SONS IN AMERICA—OLD MAN MAY BE SENT TO SIBERIA

LYNN, Aug. 7.—Benjamin Masofsky, who has a shoe store at 72 Pearl street, Lynn, has received word from his father in Russia that he is held a prisoner by the Russian government for \$1000 ransom on the charge that his son, Benjamin, and his two younger brothers, who are in this country, though registered in Russia to serve in the Russian army, are not available now for the war with Germany. Hence the senior Masofsky is held a prisoner. It is believed that if the money is not sent at once the father will be sent to Siberia.

Benjamin has been in this country 18 years. His two brothers, Ruben and Julius, came over eight years ago. Mr. Masofsky said yesterday that during the Russian-Japanese war he had to send the Russian government \$500 for his release in the army, or his father's home would have been sold. Therefore, he believed that the ransom now required is for the younger brother, who has reached the age of 21, when he is supposed to serve.

The Best Remedy For All Ages

and proven so by thousands upon thousands of tests the whole world over, is the famous family medicine, Beecham's Pills. The ailments of the digestive organs, to which all are subject, from which come so many serious sicknesses, are corrected or prevented by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Try a few doses now, and you will KNOW what it means to have better digestion, sounder sleep, brighter eyes and greater cheerfulness after your system has been cleared of poisonous impurities. For children, parents, grandparents, Beecham's Pills are matchless as a remedy.

For Indigestion and Billiousness

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

The directions with every box are very valuable—especially to women.

Protect Yourself!
Against
Substitutes ... Imitations
Get the Well-Known Round Package
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
Made in the largest, best equipped and sanitary Malted Milk plant in the world
We do not make "milk products"—Skim Milk, Condensed Milk, etc.
But the Original-Genuine
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
Made from pure, full-cream milk and the extract of select malted grain, reduced to powder form, soluble in water. Best food-drink for all ages.
ASK FOR HORLICK'S Used all over the Globe
at Home or Soda Fountain

LATE WAR BULLETINS

AUSTRIAN WAR VESSEL LEAVES ITALY

BRINDISI, Italy, Aug. 7.—(Via London)—12.20 p. m.—The small Austro-Hungarian war vessel Taurus, after repairing damage to her machinery, left here at midnight.

SAYINGS THAT SHOW GERMAN SPIRIT

While the Germans are setting their war stage along the well-remembered paths of victory in 1870, are they being spurred on by their emperor, who is taking as his motto the words made famous by Attila, the scourge of the Huns? This is one of the questions which are being asked when Attila is called to mind, as well as other war time sayings of famous Germans, of which the following samples are remembered:

Attila: "The grass never grows again where my horse has once trod."
Bismarck: "The decision will come from God; the God of battles, when he lets fall from his hand the iron dice of destiny."
Bismarck: "The decision will come from God; the God of battles, is not by speech, but by iron and blood."
Von Moltke: "The victory of the Prussians was a victor yof the Prussian schoolmaster."

AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR LEAVES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 7, via London, 11.20 a. m.—The Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Russia, accompanied by his staff and 80 Austrians who were residents in St. Petersburg, left this morning. He is proceeding to Vienna by way of Finland and Sweden.

DOWAGER EMPRESS OFF FOR RUSSIA

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 7, via London.—The dowager empress Maria Feodorovna has left for Russia taking with her 600 refugees on a special train.

LINER ST. PAUL SAILS FOR EUROPE

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The American liner St. Paul, first trans-Atlantic vessel to leave New York without fear of capture since Great Britain and Germany went to war, sailed today with crowded cabins and stowage for Liverpool. The St. Paul flies the Stars and Stripes and therefore is not subject to seizure by any of the European warships believed to be hovering near the track of ocean liners. Had the liner twice her accommodations she could not have carried all who sought passage. She sailed with approximately 450 aboard. The largest consignment of mail that ever started across the Atlantic was aboard. The St. Paul was the only vessel sailing from this port today for Europe.

SICILIAN RUSHES BACK TO QUEBEC

QUEBEC, Aug. 7.—The Alban liner Sicilian, which put out to sea on Saturday last with passengers for Glasgow, came back here today for fear of capture by German cruisers.

FOREST FIRES NEAR QUEBEC

QUEBEC, Aug. 7.—Forest fires were raging today near Quebec and the Valcartier military camp, where 2000 men are expected to mobilize within a few days.

VIOLENT FIGHTING CONTINUES AT LIEGE

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Official reports here say that the German troops have entered the Belgian city of Liege but have not been able to take the forts.

Fighting of the most violent character took place in the streets. The Belgian troops have captured 27 German cannon.

MORATORIUM BY PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 7.—The Peruvian government today issued a proclamation of a moratorium, to be in effect for 30 days.

ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—An anti-war demonstration by the socialist party with representatives of all the warring nationalities participating will be held in Union square tomorrow afternoon. Executive officials of the party announced today that they had obtained a permit for holding it and for parades preceding it.

The demonstration is "to show the civilized world that the emperors and kings of Europe do not really express the desires of their subjects in declaring war."

BRITISH CRUISER AT SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7.—The British cruiser Rainbow put in here today. Collector Davis sent out boarding officers to learn her intentions. Under the neutrality laws she can take on only sufficient coal to make another port and she may not remain here more than 24 hours.

GERMAN SQUADRON BOTTLED UP BY BRITISH

TOKIO, Aug. 7.—An authentic report received here states that the German squadron has been bottled up at Tsing Tau by the British.

FRENCH CAPTURE GERMAN MERCHANTMAN

CHERBOURG, Aug. 7.—via London, Aug. 7.—The French minelayer Pluton captured and brought here a German merchantman of 5000 tons.

GERMAN CRUISERS GOEBEN AND BRESLAU SAIL

MESSINA, Sicily, via London, Aug. 7.—The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau sailed out of San Salvatore at half past five this morning under full steam. Their decks were cleared for action in the expectation of meeting the vessels of the British fleet patrolling the straits.

CRUISER TENNESSEE SAILS FOR EUROPE

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The armored cruiser Tennessee, converted for the time being into a treasure ship, left port at 9.45 o'clock last night to carry millions in gold to many thousands of Americans who are in want in European countries.

REDMOND'S STATEMENT BLASTED HOPE OF GERMANS WHO BANKED ON HOSTILE IRISH

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—A glance at the last batch of German newspapers to come to hand, printed on the eve of the war is sufficient to show how swiftly the significance of the Austrian ultimatum to Serbia penetrated the German mind. It was everywhere taken for granted that this move had been made with the knowledge and consent of the German foreign office. Indeed, the German ambassador in Paris promptly announced that Germany was aware of the Austrian note and would support her ally, though he added that there was no intention of forcing a war.

But the German press was instantly alive to the danger of a general European war. The Hamburg Fremdenblatt foreboded it, and so did the Berlin Tageblatt. These two papers discussed the matter in phrases so nearly identical that it almost seems as if they were obeying an order of the day. Both spoke of the intention of Germany to "localize" the war, if possible—as if you could localize an earthquake—but also declared the firm purpose to go to war with France and Russia if necessary. It is, however, in the Frankfurter Zeitung that we find the gravity of the situation best appreciated and most weightily discussed. This liberal organ did not conceal its belief that the whole system of European alliances was on the point of being broken down. Nor did it share the opinion of those

WAR MAP OF HOTTEST ACTION IN EUROPE'S CARNIVAL OF CONFLICT



This map shows the section of Europe now most concerned in the great conflict. In the waters of the North sea the English and German warships are clashing. In Belgium and along the Franco-German border the Germans are fighting against the French and the Belgians, with the probability that the English will soon take part.

optimists who predicted that Russia would back down as she did in 1905. It apparently had a juster measure than most. Germany did, indeed, the emperor, of that "Nationalismus" in Russia which would infallibly push the czar into defence of Serbia.

On one point the Frankfurter was sadly in error. Alluding to the possibility of England's being drawn into the conflict, it said: "A country of which one great province is in open rebellion cannot be brought to be dangerous of insupportable military dangers outside its own territory." The best comment on this is the roar of English guns in the North Sea.

KITCHENER ASKS 500,000 MEN TO ENLIST IN THE ENGLISH ARMY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The passage of a war budget for \$500,000,000 in the house of commons yesterday without a dissenting voice and the granting of an army increase of 500,000 men in accordance with the plans of Lord Kitchener, the new minister of war, shows that Great Britain has put her hands to the plow.

A call to arms, issued by the war office last night, says an addition of 100,000 men to the regular army is needed immediately and that "Lord Kitchener is confident this appeal will at once be responded to by all who have the safety of our empire at heart."

The term of service for the new men is to be three years, or until the war is concluded. The age of enlistment will be between 18 and 40.

The naval estimates provide for 67,000 additional officers and men, which

will make the navy's strength 218,000 men. There are no illusions in England that the war is certain to be a swift and decisive one. The people are steeling for a long and exhaustive struggle.

Warned Against Bad News

The admiralty notified the public last night that the first news from the navy might not be good news. Swift upon the heels of this intimation came the tidings that the cruiser Amphion had been sunk by a mine with a loss of an officer and 130 men—Great Britain's first sacrifice to the war.

It is considered that British ships in the North sea are running greater risks during the first days of the war than the Germans. The royal family shares with the homes of its many subjects the suspense of waiting for news of the fate of the different units of the fleet. Prince Albert, the second son of the king, aboard the battleship Collingwood, is one of the many lay shipmen aloft sharing the perils of their elders.

There was a dramatic incident in the house of commons yesterday when the feud between Lord Charles Beresford and Winston Spencer Churchill, the first lord of the admiralty, was buried. Admiral Beresford shook hands with the lord and said, "Well done."

The torpedo boat destroyer Lance, which sent the Hamburg-American liner steamer Koelnin, Sunday, in the harbor with four shots, only came out of the shipyards last Saturday with her paint hardly dry.

German Prisoners

Londoners had the first realization of war brought home to them last night when hundreds of commuters who were

KAISER DISCUSSING NAVAL STRATEGY WITH TWO OF HIS MAIN ADMIRALS



Kaiser Wilhelm is here seen standing talking with two of his principal admirals, Von Tirpitz and Holtzendorff. This picture was snapped recently while the three were discussing naval operations in case of war with England. Reports state that similar conferences are now being held.

Away They Go

VALUES --- OUT

of the door with a rush, in the form of Suits, each and every one a real prize winner at any sale contest. Light and medium weight.

SUITS

Fine quality Blue and Black Serges, Cassimeres and Worsteds, strictly all wool.

Patterns in every description, various styles, English and conservative models suitable for business or pleasure.

\$12.50, \$18.00, \$20.00
EXTRA GOOD SUITS \$10.00

FLANNEL TROUSERS

Exceptionally good, smartly shaped plain white and snappy stripes, all wool, all sizes. \$5.00 and \$6.00 Pants.....\$3.75

Macartney's Apparel Shop

72 MERRIMACK STREET



taking their trains at the Victoria station were surprised to see 85 German prisoners guarded by a file of the West Kent regiment with fixed bayonets. The Germans were naval reservists who had been taken from their ships and made prisoners of war. A number of naval reservists and also some German army reservists were attempting to proceed to Germany were gathered in the station, thinking the Germans were spies, began to hiss them. The demonstration was quickly silenced by cries of "shame!" The Germans seemed wholly reconciled to their fate and on the best terms with their captors.

Several more persons, supposed to be spies, were arrested yesterday in different parts of England.

THE SOUTHERNERS FIGHT

FOR \$5,000,000—SEEK GOVERNMENT FUND HELD UP FOR WARTIME PROPERTY CLAIMS

Several thousand residents of the southern states are engaged in a picturesque fight before the court of claims of the United States to obtain a share of a fund of approximately \$5,000,000 held by the government. This money came from the sale of cotton and other property captured by the federal forces during the Civil war.

Some of these claims have been dragging along for years, but interest is being revived by the prospect that the court of claims will pass judgment in several of the test cases in October. The court has recently passed upon several legal questions bearing on the cases, and is ready to decide the merits of the claims.

More than 1000 cases, some of which represent as many as 100 petitioners, are pending before the court. Scores of letters are being received at the treasury department daily, indicating that several thousand more cases are to be filed when the test cases have been decided.

There appears from the tone of the letters to be a general misunderstanding as to the amount of money held by the treasury department for the settlement of these claims. Some persons have the idea that \$100,000,000 is in the vaults ready for distribution when the rightful owners are found.

The treasury officials say they are holding in round figures \$1,000,000 for distribution when the validity of the claims has been established.

One official went into detail as to how the treasury came into possession of the fund. Congress, he said, in 1865 authorized the secretary of the treasury to appoint special agents to collect captured and abandoned property in the states where rebellion existed. All the property collected by them and not returned to the owners was sold and the funds sent to the treasury.

In some cases the money was sent to the owners of the property, but a fund of \$20,837,584.33 was accumulated. Of this, \$15,880,054.19 came from the sale of cotton, the rest being derived from the sale of captured vessels and other property.

After the Civil war ended, Aug. 20, 1865, two years were allowed for the presentation and payment of claims, in which time payments amounting to \$9,841,300.75 were made. Additional

payments have been made from time to time under special and private acts by congress.

At various times hundreds of claims have been disallowed, because the confederate records in the possession of the treasury department show that the cotton and other goods were sold to the confederate before their capture. Therefore, as the property belonged to the confederate government the individual had no proper claim—Washington correspondence in New York Herald.

DEATHS

DRISCOLL—Peter Driscoll, for the past 50 years a resident of this city and most of that time of St. Patrick's church, died last evening at the Chelsea street hospital, aged 80 years. He leaves a brother, John Driscoll, the body was taken to the funeral chapel of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

SWEENEY—Oliver Sweeney, aged 51 years, died early this morning at his home, 73 Church street, after a long illness. The deceased was a resident of Lowell many years. He leaves to mourn his loss a wife, Nellie, three children, Fred, Francis and Eva, one sister and four brothers.

SAUNDERS—Regina, aged 5 months and 6 days, daughter of John P. and Alice Saunders of 545 Fletcher street, died today at Old Orchard beach, where the family was stopping for the summer. The body will be removed to the home of the parents in this city by Undertaker Peter F. Savage.

FUNERALS

RANDALL—The funeral of Samuel J. Randall, who died yesterday afternoon from the same of his brother, William Randall, 12 Jones street. The services were conducted by Rev. Ernest A. Trilles and there were many beautiful flowers. The bearers were William Randall, Thomas Welch, James Hulton and Henry Hulton. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

O'CONNOR—The funeral of Catherine O'Connor took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, William and Mary O'Connor, 140 Cushing street. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

FOSTER—The funeral of Pauline, infant daughter of Frank and Ella Foster, was held yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 330 Pawtucket street. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Fowler. Burial was in the Edison cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George M. Eastman.

QUIRK—The funeral of the late William Quirk took place this morning at 8.45 o'clock from the chapel of James E. O'Donnell and Sons and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. Many members of the local lodge of the Order of the Sons of the Holy Spirit were present. The funeral was held at the home of a departed brother, Mr. Richard A. Griffin, rendering appropriate

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

hymns. A mass of requiem was sung this morning at St. Patrick's church by Rev. Joseph Curran. Among the floral tributes was a mammoth pillow from the Lowell Aerie of Eagles. The bearers were Patrick Cummings, Edward Burns, John O'Keefe, Hon. John McMahon, George W. E. Carey, and J. Peter Nawn, the last three representing the F. O. E., which also sent the following delegation: James J. Gallagher, Patrick P. Riley, Arthur Furcell and Richard Flynn. At the grave Fr. Curran read the committal prayers and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

FUNERAL NOTICES

SWEENEY—The funeral of the late Oliver Sweeney will take place on Monday morning from his home, 73 Church street. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church, time to be announced later. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

DRISCOLL—The funeral of Peter Driscoll will take place tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock from the chapel of J. F. O'Donnell & Sons. Services at the grave. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DUKE—The funeral of the late Mrs. Adelaide M. Duke will take place Saturday morning at 3 o'clock from her home, 16 Burke street. Solenn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Peter's cemetery. Undertaker T. J. McDermott in charge.

ITALIANS AGAINST WAR

NORTH ENDERS READY TO SAIL TO FIGHT GERMANY—ITALY WANTS NO INTERFERENCE

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—"If Italy goes to war it will be against Germany, and Austria," declared Dr. Rocco Brindisi, former Italian vice-consul in this city, yesterday.

Dr. Brindisi said that Italy will not permit any interference with its interests, whether that interference comes from Germany or any other country. He expressed the belief that the Italians will not allow themselves to be dragged into war, but he said that if Germany attempts to force war they will defend themselves against the Germans.

Fear For Relatives

Italians in the North End colony are watching the developments in the European situation with keen interest and enthusiasm, and it is believed that if Italy fights against Germany many of the residents of that quarter will go back to their native land to take up arms in its behalf.

Immigrants in the North End are worried because of no more money being sent over to Italy and they fear that their relatives there may suffer from lack of funds.

Notification was received by all agencies of the Fabro line here to cancel all passages to the Venezia, which had been scheduled to sail for Italy Sunday from Providence. Similar notifications were sent by the Lamport Holt line for South American ports.

Italian steamship offices are still selling transportation for the White Star liner Canopic, which is scheduled to sail from this port Aug. 22. The Canopic left Italy yesterday and is out in Boston Aug. 16. Many inquiries were made at the steamship offices and banks yesterday as to her position.

SYMPATHY FOR PRESIDENT

Messages From Every Part of the United States and Abroad Poured Into White House

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Messages from every part of the United States and from abroad poured into the White House today bearing the sympathetic expressions for President Wilson and his daughters on the death of Mrs. Wilson.

Bearing up well under his deep grief the president went to his desk early today to sign a few important papers, but returned immediately to the White House, where the flag fluttered at half-staff and the shades at the windows were drawn. Gates to the grounds were closed, only the most pressing business was transacted at the executive offices and attached servants, all of whom Mrs. Wilson knew personally, showed their deep grief.

A procession of carriages bringing cards and callers from the official and diplomatic circles, circled around the White House offices. The president, under the heavy strain of domestic legislation, the situation at home resulting from the European crisis, the long, hard work through the Mexican crisis, worked unceasingly.

The cabinet meeting was cancelled and all regular engagements for the next few days will be put off, the president seeing only officials with pressing business.

Definite arrangements for the funeral will not be made until the arrival of Prof. Stockton Anson, Mrs. Wil-

son's brother, now on his way from Oregon.

It is thought the funeral will be at Rome, Ga., where the Mrs. Wilson's father and mother. The services in Washington while they will be simple, will be attended by committees of the senate and house, members of the cabinet, the supreme court and other officials. The president spent a comparatively quiet night, but according to those who saw him today, was feeling a reaction and a full realization of his loss.

Special telegraph operators were brought to the White House to receive the thousands of sympathetic messages.

According to present arrangements the regular business of the government departments will not be interrupted except at the time of the funeral. Because of the president's desire that the pending trust legislation be hurried through congress, the senate resumed its regular session today.

George Howe of North Carolina, a nephew of the president and other relatives, arrived at the White House today.

Formal announcement was made at the White House today that the funeral services in the White House tomorrow will be strictly private. It was also announced that the time and place of the burial had not been decided on.

HANGED BY MOB

Three Negroes Were Lynched at Monroe, La.—Killed Grocer

MONROE, La., Aug. 7.—Two negroes named Hall and Griffin, charged with burglary were taken from the local city hall tower today and hanged by a mob. Less than 24 hours before Henry Holmes was lynched near here in connection with the same crime.

A. J. Madden, an aged grocer, was killed by burglars Wednesday night and Holmes was captured and lynched by a mob several hours later. He is said to have confessed and implicated the other two negroes in the crime.

Hall and Griffin were arrested yesterday. Fearing they would be lynched the sheriff locked them in the city hall tower. The mob located the negroes when one of them lighted a cigarette and the double lynching followed.

UNVEIL SMITH TABLET

TERCENTENARY CELEBRATION ON MONHEGAN ISLAND—UNABLE TO GET TRANSPORTATION

BOOTHBAY HARBOR, Me., Aug. 7.—The revenue cutter Androsogin having been ordered to Bar Harbor and no other steamer being available, a delegation from the Maine Historical society from Portland, headed by Hon. Jas. P. Baxter, could not reach Monhegan Island yesterday in time to take part in the tercentenary celebration of the landing of John Smith. The celebration was held, however, only the oration which was to have been delivered by Mr. Baxter being omitted.

Hon. Joseph E. Moore of Thomaston presided. George E. Smith delivered an address of welcome and Gerald Stanley, Lieut. of Northampton, Mass., responded.

A bronze tablet laid in a large boulder was unveiled by Miss Abbie G. Stanley and Miss Beatrice Sterling. Selections were given by the band composed of Monhegan fishermen, and the ceremony was under the direction of Mrs. Henry E. A. Schmidt. An industrial exhibition was held in George P. Brackett hall under the direction of Misses Nellie M. Humphrey, Mattie J. Winchester, Myra E. Stanley, Eliza L. French, etc. Miss E. Brackett, Josephine F. Davis and Alice M. Davis. There was an exhibition of paintings by the artists now on the island at Pooles studio, each contributing two pictures. In Brackett's hall, Hon. Charles F. Kenney of Boston gave a review of the history of Monhegan. There were several brief addresses. In the evening there was a ball and a display of fireworks.

BAD AUTO ACCIDENT

TWO MEN INJURED IN LAWRENCE—LOWELL MAN WITH AUTOMOBILE FIRST AID TO INJURED

LAWRENCE, Aug. 7.—Carlos Hazzarian, of 47 Oxford street is probably seriously injured in his home, and Walter Gray, manager of the National Street Co. is at his home, 232 Ames street, with bad bruises on his left leg and back, as the result of being struck by an automobile and jammed against four barrels in front of Ellis & Johnston's grocery store at 121 Broadway about 5:45 o'clock Thursday morning. But for the barrels of flour on the sidewalk in front of the store, the automobile with its driver and also the two injured men might have crashed through the plate glass window, resulting in a much more serious accident.

Miss Fannie Kaufman, of 554 Lowell street was driving the machine. She had turned into Broadway, south from Concord street, and was just about to get down and as Miss Kaufman made the turn the machine skidded a little and she was unable to control the machine, made almost a complete circle, being stopped by crashing into the two men, and the full four barrels.

Mr. Gray at the time was talking to George A. Bouchard a clerk for Ellis & Johnston and how Bouchard escaped being caught was thought remarkable. Bouchard made a brave attempt to pull Gray out of the way but was too late.

Hazzarian was taken to his home by Frank Kelley of Lowell who happened to come along in his automobile at the time of the accident. Gray was taken into Ellis & Johnston's store and after his injuries were dressed he was taken home.

The automobile headlights were the only parts of the machine damaged.

dozen years old. It is already transferring a considerable region. Enthusiastic forecasters figure out a fine net profit for the government at the end of 20 years. One can not help suspecting that most of this profit will evaporate but that is, after all, the smallest part of the matter. The main thing is that a region which was useless and a nuisance is being put to service, and that the way is being shown for state and private enterprise of the same nature on a still larger scale—Chicago Journal.

deliciously Dainty
Healthfully Wholesome
Tastily Toothsome
That's what users say about

Sea Moss Farine.

If you have not tried it there is a treat in store for you.

For Desserts, Jellies, Blanc Manges, Custards, Ice Cream, Puddings.

25c. a pkge. at Grocers or mailed by proprietors.

Send postal for FREE Sample and Recipe Book.

LYON MFG. CO.,
42 So. Fifth St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

RELIEVED POOR

OF TAX BURDEN

Gaekwar Has Made Baroda a Justly Governed State

Education is Free and Compulsory—Code of Modern Laws Provided

Since ill health has induced the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda to seek medical advice, rest and change in England and on the continent, it is quite appropriate that a survey should be made of his administration, which is responsible for overstraining his nerves, producing insomnia and cognate nervous disorders.

His Highness Shri Sir Sayaji Rao III, Gaekwar, Sena-Khas-Khel, Shamsher-Bahadur, Farzand-Khas-Dowlat-I-Indialia, C.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., was installed on the throne of Baroda in 1875, when he was just a shade under 13 years of age. The state was then estimated to have an area of about 8500 square miles and a population of just a little over 2,000,000. Its administration at the time was a fiasco. Finance and credit were nearly gone and the people were oppressed by the tax gatherers and other officials.

Not until he was 18 was Sayaji Rao empowered by the British to administer the affairs of his territory. In the meantime, the Indian statesman, Raja Sir Tanjore Madhav Rao, with the cooperation of a number of Indian colleagues, and with the moral support and guidance of the British resident, had exerted himself to give a semblance of civilized government to the subjects of Baroda. However, when, on Dec. 28, 1881, the Maharajah took the reins of administration in his own hands, he found chaos hidden behind a thin veneer of order.

The state revenue, mainly derived from the land, was arbitrarily levied without a scientific survey having been made of the farms. Only the holdings of the poor paid taxes. While the land belonging to the rich and powerful contributed next to nothing. The non-agricultural revenue was derived from a customs tariff highly injurious to trade and commerce, and from hundreds of petty imposts, some levied in this locality, some in that, some due from one caste, some from another.

No Code of Law

Of the division of governmental activities into executive, legislative and judicial functions Baroda knew nothing. The same officials imposed and gathered taxes, charged those who failed to pay their demands and punished them. They also detected crime, charged offenders, tried them and looked after them when they had been put into jail. There was not a single code of law in existence in the state. The government services were staid; as a rule, by men of little education, and there was no system of training candidates for even the trifling posts. The state business was conducted in ramshackle buildings. The administration was doing little to prepare the rising generation for life, there being one school for over 45 square miles, and less than 1 per cent of the population being able to read and write.

Modern Government

During the 33 years of his rule Sayaji Rao has completely changed the conditions of Baroda. He has organized a government along modern lines, in which the executive, judicial and legislative functions are separated one from the other, and in which university graduates, properly trained for their work, hold the high appointments, while men of education and character man the lowest grades. Liberal salary, permanent tenure, promotion and pension are guaranteed to all employees who work zealously and honestly. Practically all the land has been scientifically surveyed, the rich have been taxed, the poor relieved of their burdens, trade is unhampered and all petty imposts but one have been wiped out. Civil and criminal codes have been prepared in conformity with established custom, including Hindu and Mohammedan law and legislation based on the legal principles of the west. The Maharaja has multiplied courts, cut down the cost of litigation and established a system of appeals so that speedy and cheap justice may be obtained by people at their doors. He has also improved the efficiency of the police, and given his state, for the first time in its history, men who are trained in the detection of crime.

Industries Encouraged

Now, well built offices, many of them costly in design, are dotted all over Baroda, state Large irrigation canals and tanks and hundreds of wells have been constructed by the state to protect the agriculturists against the moods of the monsoon. Great water works have been built, more than 250 miles of railway, thousands of miles of roads, hundreds of bridges and telephone lines make communication easy. The Maharaja has organized departments, manned by experts trained abroad, to foster agriculture, forestry, cottage industries, hand and power manufactures, trade and commerce, and has done much to revive art industries and traditional arts.

His highness has lavished money upon building schools and colleges until today Baroda spends one-tenth of its income upon education, and there is practically no village without a school. Primary education is compulsory and free both for boys and girls. Medical relief has been organized along scientific lines and in a most beneficent spirit, and the Maharaja has checked the waste of state money upon lazy Brahmins and other drones.

The Gaekwar has interpreted his duties as a ruler in the widest sense of the word, and, therefore, has taken a leading part in reorganizing Hindu society along saner lines and in purifying the Hindu religion. He has passed laws to check the evil custom of infant marriage, to break down the iniquitous practice of enforcing widowhood and of making converts to Christianity for the sake of their conscience. To these laws he has added personal exertion from press and platform and the force of his individual example.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "want" column.

NEUTRALITY IN HARBOR

SIXAOLA SEARCHED IN BOSTON BY CUTTER GRESHAM—BLANK SHOT FIRED ACROSS BOW

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—Carrying out his orders from the treasury department to search every outgoing foreign steamer to see that strict neutrality of the United States is maintained, Lieut. Brockway of the cutter Gresham held up the Sixaola off Deer Island at noon yesterday.

The steamer was on her way out to Havana and Boca del Toro, with several passengers and a general cargo. Her captain, not knowing of the order to halt steamers, was steaming out at a fast clip when a blank shot across

his bow brought him to a hurried stop. The Gresham was stationed off Deer Island and her officers were keeping a sharp lookout for steamers bound to foreign ports. Lieut. Brockway boarded the Sixaola and looked over her papers, after which she was permitted to proceed. There was no contraband goods on board, and the ship's manifest and her other documents were found in proper order.

Later the steamer North Star stemmed down the harbor, bound to Yarmouth, N. S. but she was not stopped, although, according to the Washington order, it was thought she was equally as liable to detention as the Sixaola.

It was reported last night that a cruiser was cruising back and forth outside the Graves, but this lacked confirmation.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—Because Wong Wing and Chung Ming are one person,

Chung Ming must be deported, according to the ruling of Judge Morton in the federal district court yesterday. Wong Wing, presumably, may remain here, if a dissolution suit can be maintained.

Wong Wing, when arraigned before United States Commissioner Hayes, was found to be a merchant, and therefore entitled to stay. After this decision had been given, he was at once re-arrested as Chung Ming, whose deportation was ordered five years ago. Judge Morton decided that the deportation order is still in force.

SPOT COTTON BUSINESS RESUMED LIVERPOOL, April 7.—American spot cotton business was resumed today and there were some very moderate sales. Quotations were reduced 15 points. The sales totalled 2009 bales on the bases of 5.50 d. for American middling.

Lowell, Friday, Aug. 7, 1914

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Hosiery and Underwear Values

THAT ARE EXCEEDINGLY GOOD

Boys' Union Suits, cream-color, sleeveless, knee. Were 50c.....	25c	Ladies' Union Suits, lisle, lace-trimmed. Were 50c.....	30c
Children's Underwear, odd sizes in vests, pants and drawers. Were 25c.....	12½c	Misses' Fine Ribbed Black-Cotton Hose. Spliced linen toe and heel, at.....	12½c Pair
Ladies' Jersey Vests, with fancy lace yokes. Worth 15c.....	10c	Boys' Heavy Cotton Hose, in fine or heavy ribbed with double toe and heel, at.....	12½c Pair
Ladies' Jersey Vests, shaped low neck, sleeveless. Were 25c.....	17c	Children's Tan Cotton Hose, fine ribbed, double toe and heel, at.....	12½c Pair
Ladies' Jersey Shaped Pants, knee, lace-trimmed. Were 25c.....	17c	Misses' Fine Black Silk Lisle-Hose, second, double soles. Were 25c.....	15c
Ladies' Union Suits, low neck, sleeveless, lace-trimmed. Were 35c.....	25c	Ladies' Silk Boot Hose, first quality, double soles, high spliced. Green, navy, pink, gray, sky, lavender, purple.....	19c, 3 Pairs for 50c

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT—STREET FLOOR

Specials For Today and Tomorrow in our Grocery Dept.

1 Lb. Can Salmon	25c	2 LBS. A. G. P. COFFEE AT	50c
1 Can Peas.....			
1 Can Roast Beef	30c		
1 Can Corn.....			

BASEMENT DEPARTMENT

Underprice Basement Ready-to-Wear Section

ON SALE TOMORROW

2000 Ladies' Shirt Waists at 59c Ea.

\$1.00 to \$1.50 Value

We closed out from two large manufacturers their entire stock of Summer Shirt Waists at less than half price, made on latest models and of newest materials.

LAWN WAISTS AT
Ladies' White Shirt Waists, low neck, 3-4 sleeves, lace and ham-burg trimmed, \$1.00 value.....

VOILE WAISTS AT
Ladies' Shirt Waists, made of fine plain voile and allover, embroidered organdy collar and kimono sleeve, \$1.00 value.....

WHITE SATIN CHECKED LAWN WAISTS AT
Ladies' Shirt Waists, made of fine satin check lawn, hem-stitched organdy collar and kimono sleeves, \$1.00 value.....

VANITY SILK SHIRT WAISTS AT
Shirt Waists, made of fine figured vanity silk, in all the latest colors and made with kimono sleeves, \$1.50 value.....

JAP. SILK SHIRT WAISTS AT
Ladies' Shirt Waists, made of fine Jap. silk in all the latest shades and colors, made with kimono sleeves, \$1.50 value.....

SILK MUSLIN SHIRT WAISTS AT
Ladies' Shirt Waists, made with kimono sleeves, low neck, in all the latest colors of fine silk muslin, \$1.50 value.....

SALE IN MERRIMACK STREET

BASEMENT

Men's Furnishing Section

BASEMENT

MEN'S KHAKI PANTS—Men's Pants, made best quality of khaki, tan, brown and gray, \$1.50 value, at, pair.....

WORKING SHIRTS—Our assortment of Men's Working Shirts is the most complete in this section, shirts made of best material, such as fine twill, printed and woven chevrons, fine

sateen, gingham and plain chambray, every shirt made with double seams and cut full size, best value at, each.....

BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR—50 dozen Men's Balbriggan Summer Underwear, even, regular 25c garment, at, each.....

FLEET IS DOOMED

But Germany May Clean Up the Allied Land Forces

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—"England will wipe out Germany's fleet, but the German army will triumph over the allied land forces; for Great Britain, instead of making a continental invasion, will keep her soldiers at home." Thus was the European war situation summed up by Lieut. Paul Strauss of the Austrian army, on his arrival in Boston from the steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

Lieut. Strauss and eight other passengers travelled to Boston on the steamship Camden from Rockland, whither they had gone after the Cecilie had put into Bar Harbor to avoid capture by British or French warships. "Germany is going to win on land; but on the sea she will meet defeat," said Lieut. Strauss, who is a sturdy, clean-cut man of about 35 years.

"England's far superior fleet will annihilate the war ships of Germany. But it will be quite a different story regarding the land fighting."

"In the first place England will not send her troops across the channel to France. She will keep her soldiers at home. Of that I feel certain."

"Kaiser Wilhelm, with the aid he will receive from his allies, will be able to clean up the troops of Russia, France and Serbia."

"Now that war is on in deadly earnest, and the German Empire is threatened with invasion, the small nations that have held aloof will ally themselves with Germany. These countries are Italy, Roumania, Sweden, Holland, Bulgaria and Turkey."

"I have noticed in the various newspaper accounts that wonder has been expressed by many persons at the action of the Kaiser in declaring war on the great nations of Europe. Some have even gone so far as to term him 'Butch'."

"But let me say that Kaiser Wilhelm knows what he is doing. He has simply made a roll call of the European nations. He has made the big countries declare themselves. Now he knows just where they stand, and will make his plans accordingly."

PIMPLES ON NECK

CHEST AND BACK

Face Was a Sight. Large, Red and Sore. Became Festered. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Recovery Complete.

14 Holmes St., Rockland, Me.—"About a year and a half ago I would occasionally have a small pimple come out on my face and I would scratch it all the time. In doing so I began to have more and more about a year later my face was a sight. Then they came on my neck and later on my chest and back. They were large, red and sore and in a very short time became festered."

"I put on two or three things but they did not seem to help me much. One night before going to bed I washed my face in as hot water as I could bear and Cuticura Soap, then applied the Cuticura Ointment. The next morning I felt better. In a month my recovery was complete." (Signed) Paul H. Locke, Apr. 4, 1914.

RASH DISFIGURED BABY

443 Hamburg Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.—"My baby's head broke out with a very bad red rash and itched him so bad that he could not sleep. It disfigured him so that I was ashamed to take him out the street and he scratched until it bled. The hair fell out on several parts of the head. I sent for samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in two weeks my baby was entirely healed of his eczema." (Signed) Mrs. Edw. Schaefer, Jan. 26, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

Although Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold throughout the world, a sample of each with 25-p. Book will be sent free upon request. Address post-card to Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston.

LATE WAR BULLETINS

GREAT DEMAND FOR AMERICAN GOODS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Marine insurance underwriters reported today that the European demand for American manufactured goods had already started weeks ahead of the earliest moment expected by the various lines of export trade.

The demand for insurance on shipments was brisk yesterday, despite the reports of the activities of the German cruisers along the Atlantic seaboard and the further fact that rates had been raised 20 per cent.

Shippers of foodstuffs were the most insistent for insurance.

AUSTRIAN REGIMENT ANNIHILATED BY SERBIAN

ROME, Aug. 7.—(Via London—2:45 p. m.)—An unconfirmed despatch published by the Tribuna says that an Austrian regiment was annihilated by the Serbians to the east of Belgrade and that the Austrians are flying toward the Danube.

GERMANS CAPTURE RUSSIAN VESSEL

PEKING, China, Aug. 7.—The German cruiser Emden, which was reported to have sunk yesterday is said to have returned to Tsing Tau with one of the big vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet sailing between Nagasaki and Vladivostok. The captured ship carried nearly 1000 passengers and crew.

DENY DISCOURTESY TO DOWAGER EMPRESS

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—(Via London—11:48 a. m.)—The German foreign office today declared false the stories stating that discourtesy had been shown in Germany toward the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna and the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia. Officials state that her majesty was received with the greatest respect on her arrival in Berlin and that her train was diverted to Denmark because the territory east of Berlin was in a state of war.

BELGIANS CAPTURE GERMAN GUNS

PARIS, Aug. 7.—(Via London)—An official statement issued by the minister of war at midnight says that quiet reigns along the whole of the frontier. Mobilization and concentration of the French forces are proceeding satisfactorily. The Belgians have captured twenty guns from the Germans.

PRINCE OF WALES IN ACTIVE SERVICE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Prince of Wales has been given a commission in the Grenadier Guards and will go into active service, probably in England.

ENGLAND MAY TAKE OVER HARVEST

LONDON, Aug. 7.—2:27 p. m.—Chancellor of the exchequer Lloyd George announced in the house of commons that the government was considering the question of taking over the harvest throughout the British Isles.

FEELING OF HOPE AMONG FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS MEN IN AMERICA

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Timely measures taken since the closing of the stock exchange a week ago today have to some extent cleared the financial atmosphere and although many problems are yet to be surmounted there is a feeling of hope among financiers and business men that the tension will continue to relax.

The export situation was relieved today by the arrangements made for the purchases of documentary bills on London covering shipment of grain, thus renewing trade. There have also been established by J. P. Morgan & Co. cable transfer relations to facilitate money transactions not only to tourists but for the resumption of commercial intercourse between this country and France.

Exporters were relieved by Great Britain's announcement that foodstuffs, forage and grain and all other classes of articles will not be considered contraband except when intended for the use of a power with which England is at war.

FURTHER EXPLANATION OF HOW FRIENDS OF REFUGEES MAY DEPOSIT FUNDS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—John Burke, treasurer of the United States, issued a statement today giving further explanation of how friends of Americans stranded in Europe may deposit funds in their behalf with the treasury department.

"It will save time and avoid confusion and errors," said Mr. Burke, "if depositors will furnish a written memorandum stating plainly their names and address and the name and address of the persons to whom it is desired payment shall be made, giving, if possible, the age, height, weight, complexion, and color of hair and eyes of the beneficiary. This will facilitate identification of the payee and lessen the possibility of payments being made to the wrong persons, as deposits are accepted only at the risk of the owner."

Mr. Burke explained that deposits may be made with assistant treasurers of the United States or sent to Room 128 treasury department, Washington. On the arrival of the cruiser Tennessee payments will be made in the various headquarters on cable advice of the department.

Depositors were warned to keep receipts for their payments to insure refund if the beneficiary is not found.

WINSTON SPENCER CHURCHILL SAYS USE OF MINES DESERVES CONSIDERATION OF ALL

LONDON, Aug. 7, 12:30 p. m.—Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty announced today in the house of commons that there had been no fighting and no losses of

any kind other than had already been officially made public.

Mr. Churchill said: "Apart from the loss of the small British cruiser Amphion and the German mine layer Koentgen Lutz there has been no other fighting and no other losses as far as we are aware."

"On Wednesday a flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers while patrolling the upper reaches of the North sea discovered the Koentgen Lutz laying mines. The destroyers pursued and sank her. About 50 of her crew, which probably numbered 120 or 150 men, were humanely saved by the crews of the British destroyers."

"The Amphion continued to scout with the flotilla and while on the return journey was blown up by a mine."

"The indiscriminate use of mines not in connection with military tactics or strategic positions and the indiscriminate scattering of contact mines about the sea might, of course, destroy not only warships but peaceful merchant vessels under a neutral flag and possibly carrying supplies to a neutral port."

"This use of mines is now in warfare and deserves the consideration of us who are engaged in war, but of the nations of the civilized world."

Mr. Churchill added that arrangements had been made such as would reduce the possibility of accidents caused by mines to a minimum.

Mr. Churchill announced that the British government had decided to establish a press bureau presided over by Frederick L. Smith, an M. P., and from this bureau is to be issued a steady supply of trustworthy information from both the admiralty and war offices without, however, in danger of the naval and military interests of the country. In this way the country would be kept properly and truthfully informed of the state of affairs from day to day. The first lead then paid a tribute to the press for its restraint during the preliminary period when the government was without any means of controlling it. This had enabled the authorities expeditiously and discreetly to complete their preparations.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CUSTOMS AUTHORITIES TO ENFORCE U. S. NEUTRALITY

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Instructions to aid the customs authorities at New York in enforcing President Wilson's neutrality proclamation were telegraphed today from the department of commerce.

The instructions said: "Taking on an abnormal amount of coal, except in the case of colliers; unloading of guns already on board would be considered loading of war material and would indicate contraband. It must be clear that she is not to be used for transportation of reserves or recruits for a foreign army or navy. This does not prevent transportation of passengers in usual sense, as where there are women and children and most of the present nationalities, even though among them there were a few reserves without your knowledge."

"If her passengers are nearly all men and practically all of the same nationality clearance cannot be granted. It must be unquestionable that she has no arms or munitions of war aboard."

REPORTS OF NAVAL BATTLE KEPT BRITISH PUBLIC IN STATE OF AGITATION

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Persistent reports of an important encounter between the German and British fleets maneuvering for strategic positions in the North sea kept the British public in a state of agitation throughout the forenoon. The excitement was not allayed until the first lord of the admiralty made the official announcement in parliament that stories of fighting and losses other than those of the other cruiser Amphion and the mine layer Koentgen Lutz were unfounded.

News from the German side was extremely meagre owing to the interruption of direct telegraphic communication.

Denials came from Berlin by way of other countries of the "repulse" of the German forces before Liege where Belgian sources declared their attackers to have been badly checked with heavy losses.

On the other hand Paris reports that German troops have entered the city of Liege but have been unable to take the forts.

Movements of the great aggregation of troops which must by this time have gathered at their springing-off points on the German frontiers facing both the Russian and the French armies are kept from public knowledge.

Military authorities here, however, hold the opinion that preparations must be almost complete for a forward move which will give some indication of the plan of campaign to be followed out.

The French army authorities have also raised a heavy screen to hide the developments in their war moves. They seem entirely satisfied with the manner in which the men of the nation responded to the call to arms.

From the far-off portions of the world where Germany, England and France have colonies, all of which are in a state of defense, only brief despatches trickle over the wires. These indicate that small engagements have occurred, especially in Chinese waters, where French, German, British and Russian war vessels are stationed. The most important news from that quarter is the report that the British squadron has hemmed in the German vessel at Tsing-Tau, which is strongly fortified and has a numerous garrison of German troops.

APPEAL TO U. S. TO PROTEST AGAINST VIOLATIONS OF THE HAGUE TREATIES

PARIS, Aug. 7.—An appeal to the United States to protest against violations of The Hague treaties is made in today's Figaro by Gabriel Hanotaux, former minister of foreign affairs. He suggests that an inquiry should be begun immediately and proposes that President Wilson, Secretary of State Bryan, Col. Roosevelt, Andrew Carnegie, Nicholas Murray Butler and Robert Bacon assume the duty. He deprecates the fate of civilization to be in the hands of the neutral powers.

Quiet is reported from practically every point along the Franco-German frontier today. A strong force of German troops is known to occupy Luxembourg and it is officially announced here that the French troops which heretofore had kept at a distance of over five miles from the German frontier have crossed in small detachments at different points, probably on reconnaissances.

Abel Ferry, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, has left for the front as a volunteer, taking his place with Edmund Rostand, Joseph Monnier, the minister of war, Maurice Barres, the readman, and other nobilities.



SPECIAL

25 DOZEN WHITE WAISTS, 75c values, received today; a heavy loss to maker. Choice 29c

20 BALMACAN COATS, selling to \$8.90, sizes to 44. Clean-up..... \$3.98

20 LINEN AUTO COATS—\$1.50 values 75c

Choice of 60 CLOTH SUITS—Selling to \$18.75..... \$5.90

15 WHITE CHINCHILLA COATS—Selling to \$13.75, at..... \$8.95

SEE OUR WINDOWS

CHERRY & WEBB

N. Y. CLOAK & SUIT CO.

OUR

August Clearance Sale

ESTABLISHES A NEW RECORD FOR OUR PRICES

Bigger and Better Bargains For

SATURDAY AND MONDAY

Dresses at Give

Away Prices

500 TUB DRESSES—80c Sold up to \$2.00.....

30 SUMMER WASH DRESSES—Sold to \$3.50..... \$1.90

625 SUMMER WASH DRESSES—Selling to \$7.50..... \$2.90

25 COSTUMES AND HIGH GRADE SILK DRESSES—\$7.70

WAISTS—Buy them in quantities. 65c, 1.70, 2.70

Waists that sold as high as \$6.98 in the lot.

SPECIAL! READ!

120 SKIRTS—Serge, Sicilian and Plaids. Selling to \$6.50. \$3.90

25 SERGE DRESSES—Selling to \$10.00, at \$3.70

16 DOZEN CHILDREN'S DRESSES 39c

TUB SKIRTS—160 skirts reduced from \$2.00. Choice..... \$1.00

EVERY WHITE SERGE SUIT \$5.90

40 RAINCOATS—Selling to \$10, at \$4.90

40 BATHING SUITS—\$2.90 Suits..... \$1.90

Sent in by Maker Yesterday

SEE OUR WINDOWS

12-18 JOHN STREET

THE HIGH SCHOOL HOUSING PROBLEM

Puzzles School Board—A Big Increase in Pupils Expected—The Time Limit on Taxes Extended by Commissioner Brown

The members of the school committee are scheduled to hold a conference tomorrow for the purpose of solving the problem of housing the pupils of the high school at the opening of the fall term. According to some of the members of the committee the problem is a very difficult one to solve, for it is believed that there will be 250 more pupils in the coming class than there were in the graduating class last June.

The committee has two plans in view. One, to hold morning sessions for high school pupils in the Kirk street high school, leaving the afternoon for the children of the school, and the other to open new classes in the assembly hall of the main high school building and at the ends of the corridors.

As far as holding morning sessions in the primary building is concerned there is also a hitch. The small desks and seats that are being used by the children would prove inadequate for high school pupils. However, there is a lot of room in the building for the removal of the seats and desks and in stall lecture chairs similar to those now in use in the two class building in Ann street. The committee members are not much in favor of opening classes in the hall for they would be forced to do away with callisthenics.

There is also a possibility of holding afternoon sessions in the high school building, or again to release the Freshman class after the fourth period, that is at 12:40 o'clock. The committee must arrive at some understanding and arrange matters to cater for the students at the opening of the fall session. Some of the committee members allow that the most efficient way to solve the problem would be to build a new high school.

Time Limit Extended Those who have not yet paid their taxes need not hurry to do so for Commissioner Brown of the finance department has extended the time limit to Aug. 22. This is due to the stringency of the money market and the difficult condition of business for which the conflict in Europe is responsible. Aug. 22 is the limit allowed by law and the commissioner hopes that all delinquents will have settled their accounts by that time. If not, the law will take its course.

Chief Automobile The new Jeffery automobile purchased for the chief of the fire department was delivered yesterday and was put in operation today. The car is a five-passenger touring auto of a dark green color. It will be properly lettered and it is believed will do efficient service. A two-seater car was purchased so that it at any time the chief while on his way to a fire meets one or more firemen who are rushing

to the scene of the fire he will be able to pick them up en route. The tonneau of the car will also serve for the carrying of boots and other fire fighting paraphernalia. The car is fully equipped.

Junk and Paper The purchasing agent will, until next Tuesday, receive bids for the purchase of the old crematorium in Plain street, which consists of a smoke stack, boiler, piping, etc., for it has been voted by the municipal council to do away with the old crematorium. The receipts of the sale will go to the health department. The school department has also a lot of scrap iron and copper wire to sell and bids on this will be received until Tuesday.

The school department is getting ready for the opening of the fall session and accordingly has sent a requisition to the purchasing agent for the purchase of a large lot of paper and the agent is now ready to receive bids. The paper wanted is for examinations and drawing and consists of the following: 1000 pounds of manila, 500 packages of white drawings, 85 packages of gray drawing, 105 packages of manila drawing and 7000 composition blocks.

New Buildings Celanire Marchand was this morning granted a permit for the erection of a two-tenement house at 16-8 Clifton street. Each tenement will contain five rooms with pantry and bath and the dimensions of the building will be 30 by 40 feet. The cost to be \$2400.

Excursion Postponed The annual excursion of the loopers of the Lawrence Manufacturing Co., which was to have been held tomorrow has been postponed to a later date.

Cottage to Let A SEVENTH ST. 7 rooms in good repair; rent \$11. Inquire for keys at car. Bridge and Seventh sts.

BUNCH OF KEYS LOST. FINDER please notify Box T 68, Sun Office. Reward.

MAD DOG SCARE

In Lakeview Avenue—2 Stalwart Cops Dispatched Canine

The residents of Lakeview and vicinity were thrown into a scare late yesterday afternoon when Patrolman Ganley and Special Officer Gilmore of the Humane society set about on the trail of a dog which was apparently suffering from the heat as he had been roaming about the neighborhood snapping at all persons who dared venture within reach of his small, but pointed teeth. Four shots from the revolvers of the officers were necessary to kill the animal and before the fourth shot sounded a great many of the foreign population had gathered thinking, perhaps, that a treasure ship was being overhauled in the Merrimack river.

About 4:30 o'clock Patrolman Ganley and Special Officer Gilmore were dispatched to Lakeview avenue where it was reported a mad dog was creating a panic in that section. Both men were at the scene of action within a short time, but the dog had apparently "smelt a rat" and had sought shelter in a small shed in the rear of one of the tenements. After a short search it was discovered by the officers lying in the shade panting heavily, but the animal was in a very unhandy position and it took some time to get it out where a good aim could be had. Four shots were fired from the big guns and finally the dog became the target for one of them and dropped his head for the last time.

The crowd was very much excited, fearing that the dog had bitten some children, but an investigation failed to reveal signs of the rabies and it is believed that he took a fit after running about in the hot sun.

STOLE HORSE AND BUGGY

GEORGE GIRONX HELD IN \$500 FORT LARCENY OF VEHICLE FROM CHARLES F. KEYES

George Gironx, the 16-year-old Lewiston, Me., lad who was arrested a week ago yesterday while making a quick get-away with a valuable horse and buggy owned by Charles F. Keyes of this city was brought before Associate Justice Pickman in the juvenile session of police court this forenoon and his case was continued one week for sentence.

Young Gironx has parents in Lewiston, Me., and had only been in this state a few days when arrested. He admitted stealing the wagon and said that he got tired of Lowell during his three days' stay here and wanted to get to Portland, Me. Since his arrest he has admitted that he was once before arrested for larceny in Maine. Bail was fixed at \$200.

MONUMENTS and MEMORIALS of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS.

Cor. Gorham and Anderson sts. Near Edison Cemetery, Tel. 1017

PETER DONOHUE DEAD

WELL KNOWN RESIDENT PASSED AWAY AT HIS HOME IN STATE STREET THIS MORNING

Peter Donohue, employed in the water department of this city for over 25 years and recently pensioned by the municipal council, died this morning at his late home, 21 State street, at the age of 69 years, 11 months and seven days.

Mr. Donohue had resided in this city for a great many years and was well known from his connection with the water department and also developed a large acquaintance as a special officer at Lakeview park. He had not enjoyed good health for some time and passed away this morning after a long illness.

Mr. Donohue is survived by a wife, Della S.; one son, Thomas J.; one grandson, George Joseph Donohue; four sisters, Mrs. Jane Aham and Mrs. John Chanin, both of Lowell; Mrs. Elizabeth Lannigan and Mrs. John Pinder of Keene, N. H. Deceased was a Civil war veteran and a member of Court Aldissex, Foresters of America.

\$1000 NOW THE LIMIT

HEREAFTER ONE PERSON MAY HAVE \$1000 ACCOUNT IN POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

Local people who have money deposited in the postal savings bank will now be able to increase the amount of their deposits through the action of the United States senate this week. The senate passed the house bill increasing the amount which one person can have on deposit in the postal savings bank from \$500 to \$1000. Action was taken on the measure as an emergency one to prevent people from keeping their money in trunks, etc. when alarmed by war.

LOCAL NEWS

Miss Bertha Champeon and Miss Hazel Covey are spending their vacations in Dexter, Maine.

Miss Jennie Coggar, Lillie Landry and Annie Reynolds, are spending their vacations at the Gem cottage, Hampton beach.

Miss Mary Brown of Second avenue has gone to spend the summer with her cousin, Mrs. John Brown, in Dayton, Ohio.

Mrs. Annie Tibbitts, formerly of the D. L. Page Co., and her two daughters, Laura M. and Venia M. Tibbitts have gone camping for the rest of the season at Mountain Rock.

\$2000 ATTACHMENT FILED An attachment for \$2000 has been filed at the local registry of deeds against Edward G. Morrison of this city in behalf of A. O. Whynot of Springfield, an action of tort.

IT'S A CINCH

That you will be a customer of ours eventually. WHY NOT NOW? We are up-to-date DYERS and CLEANSERS in every respect. Give us a trial order and be convinced.

GLOVES CLEANED EVERY DAY

Dillon Dye Works

5 East Merrimack Street Just Across the Bridge

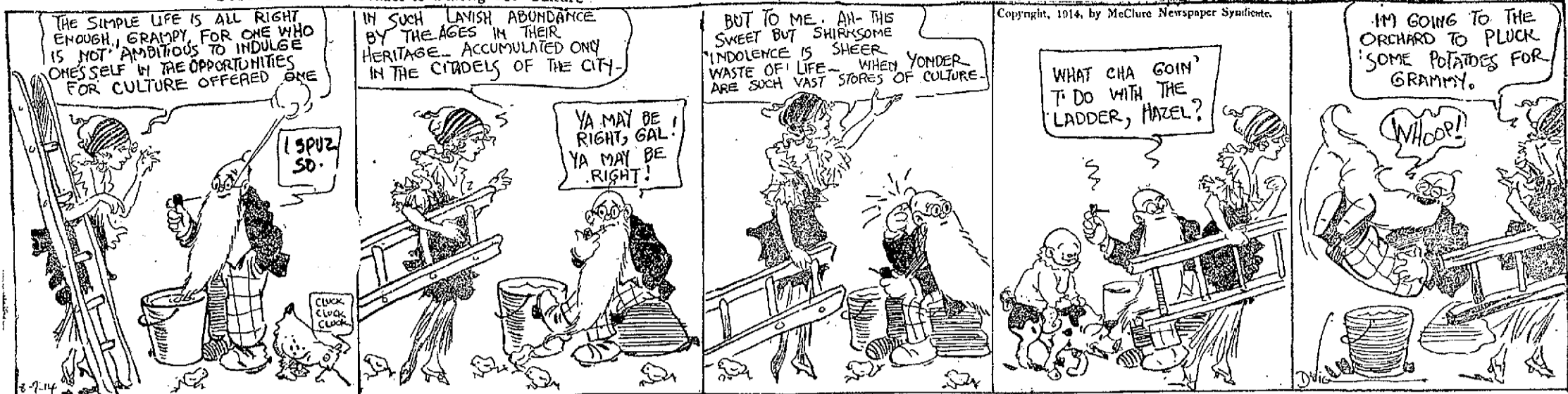
GEN. JOFFRE, HEAD OF FRENCH ARMY, IN FIELD PLANNING MILITARY MOVES



GENERAL JOFFRE (at left) IN THE FIELD

General Joffre, commander in chief of the French army, is shown in this picture on the left as he appears in the field, with one of his officers and aid. They are discussing war operations, and the picture was taken during recent maneuvers. Joffre is now in command of the French troops on the border, and he is trying to turn back the German invasion.

DAY BY DAY—Hazel is Strong for Culture



LATE WAR BULLETINS

JAPAN READY—FLYING SQUADRON FORMED

TOKIO, Aug. 7.—The reserve army officers have been instructed to hold themselves in readiness for possible mobilization. A flying squadron of seven cruisers has been organized at Yokosuka. Prince Fushimi is in command.

The battleship squadron has been increased to eight vessels and is ready for service. Admiral Kato is in command.

The fortifications at Vladivostok, Asiatic Russia and at Saigon, the French possession in China, have been strengthened to meet a possible bombardment of German warships whose whereabouts are now unknown.

REVAL AND LIBAU TAKEN BY GERMANS

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 7.—A Finnish sea captain who has arrived here reports that the Russian navy is bottled up at Helsingfors, while Reval and Libau have been taken by the Germans after a furious battle and are burning.

FRENCH DIPLOMATS BADLY TREATED IN GERMANY

PARIS, Aug. 7.—(via London).—According to a semi-official communication, French diplomatic representatives in Germany are being badly treated throughout that country while French and Russian subjects returning to their own countries are insulted and molested by crowds and authorities as well.

The French ambassador at Berlin, Jules Cambon, is believed to be still at Mecklenburg.

BRITISH STEAMER BEACHED AFTER STRIKING MINE

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 7.—11:40 a. m.—The British steamer Craigforth, of 1842 tons, was beached near here today after striking a mine.

ENGLISH TORPEDOBOATS PURSUED AUSTRIAN WARSHIP

ROME, Aug. 7.—A despatch from Brindisi to the Giornale d'Italia states that the Austro-Hungarian warship Taurus has taken refuge in the harbor there from English torpedoboats which had pursued her. The Taurus, it is reported, is leaking. The Taurus is a small cruiser of 1250 tons displacement.

GROUND PILED WITH DEAD AND WOUNDED

LONDON, Aug. 6, 10:30 p. m.—The correspondent of the Daily News at Brussels sends the following despatch:

"All the forts surrounding Liege are intact. A Belgian airman thus describes the German attack on Liege.

"After a terrible cannonade, the German infantry approached Ennam emmisse and reached the glaxis of the forts where the heavy defensive guns were unable to reach them. General Leman sent artillery to a point where the invading infantry could be shelled and the Germans were swept from their position. This occurred several times during the day and night.

"A patrol of Uhlans performed a remarkable exploit by riding into town. Belgian officers recognized them as Germans and a desperate fight ensued. Several on each side were killed.

"Red Cross authorities arriving at Brussels report that the ground before the forts is piled with dead and wounded Germans."

GERMAN STEAMER SCHLESSEN CAPTURED

PLYMOUTH England, Aug. 7.—The British light cruiser Vendictive today captured the German steamer Schlesien of 3528 tons and brought her into this port. The Schlesien was on the voyage from Brisbane, Australia, to Bremen.

SAW TERRIFIC FIGHTING IN NORTH SEA

LOWESTOFT, England, Aug. 7.—Trawlers returning here today report that they witnessed terrific fighting in the North Sea Wednesday. A German destroyer was fleeing from two British cruisers. A dense cloud of smoke from the destroyer gave the impression that she was burning.

NANCY, FRANCE, FILLED WITH WOUNDED

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Fighting continues all along the Franco-German frontier. Scouting parties in force are meeting everywhere. Nancy is reported filled with German and French wounded, and arrangements are being made to send them to hospital camps to be established. The war office claims that no hostile German force has passed the outer line of forts, although there are many in the six-mile strip inside of the frontier line.

RUSSIAN CRUISER IS ASHORE

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 7.—(via London).—The captains of two Swedish steamers report that a Russian cruiser is ashore near Hangoe, Finland.

BALTIC 200 MILES WEST OF QUEENSTOWN

QUEENSTOWN Ireland, Aug. 7.—The White Star liner Baltic, which sailed from New York for Liverpool July 30, was signalled 200 miles west of Queenstown at eight o'clock last night.

GREEN-EYED MONSTER DYING

Jealousy of Americans is Surely on the Wane

Says Mrs. Reina Marquis—American Wives are Lucky

Jealousy may be defined as outraged property instinct. That is why in the past—and at present in certain oriental lands—jealousy has been a masculine rather than a feminine prerogative. When every man catalogued his wife along with the rest of his personal property, "something better than his dog, a little dearer than his horse," he quickly and violently resented the suggestion of a new acquisition.

The modern woman denies that her husband owns her. She is equally ready to admit that she does not own him; Marguerite Moers Marshall writes in the New York Evening World:

"Every woman wants her husband on a ball and chain," a man said to me. "She's perfectly willing to give him his freedom for the length of the chain. But that's all."

On the contrary, Mrs. Reina Marquis, author, not only disbelieves in jealousy but believes that it is disappearing. Nor is Mrs. Marquis one of those irksome and trivial people who tell you that we ought to outgrow marriage and ascend to "the higher plane." She is a slim, attractive young woman, with a sense of humor.

"I don't see how one can let jealousy enter one's life," she told me. "I don't want to think of the dreadful things it makes people do. And I can't believe that there are many modern women who are jealous. It seems to me that jealousy is much less prevalent than it used to be."

"Then you don't agree with Miss Maria Thompson Davies," I remarked. "She told me that she had noticed a change in the attitude of the women of her acquaintance, and that they were now more jealous than ever."

"I have noticed just the reverse," Mrs. Marquis responded. "It seems to me that the modern American is thorough in her interest in any work which she takes up, and sincerely proud of whatever success she attains. I know my husband is like that," she added, with a happy little smile.

"The wife who doesn't do work of some sort is the one most apt to be jealous. Work seems to be the solution of so many troubles. The woman who sits around all day with nothing to do and nothing to think about is likely to become morbid. Her empty brain must be filled with something, and into it creep all the silly suspicions of her hard working husband."

"The sort of literature she's been fed with the last few years doesn't help

LEGAL NOTICES

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
By virtue of a power of sale, contained in a certain mortgage deed, given by Nettie M. Saunders of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to William T. Sheppard, of said Lowell, dated April 3, 1912, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book 484, Page 480, will be sold at public auction for breach of condition of said mortgage deed, on the premises hereinafter described, on Wednesday, the second day of September, A. D. 1914, at three o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and therein described substantially as follows:

That parcel of land with the buildings thereon situated on the easterly side of Gates street in said Lowell, shown as lot twenty-seven (27) on a plan entitled, "Plan of Building Lots in Lowell belonging to the children of the late Josiah Gates, surveyed October, 1884, by Melvin B. Smith, Civil Engineer and Surveyor," recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book of Plans 4B, Plan 69, and bounded: West by said Gates street (50 feet); easterly by lot 28 on said plan ninety-one and 70-100 (31.70 feet); easterly by lots 15 and 18 on said plan fifty and 3-100 (50.00 feet); and southerly by lot 28 on said plan ninety-three and 12-100 (98.42 feet). Containing four thousand six hundred twenty-eight and 25-100 (4628.25) square feet of land and buildings, contents and any or all of said measurements more or less, and being the same premises to said Nettie M. Saunders conveyed by said Charles Rogers, by deed dated April 3, 1912, and recorded in said Registry, Book 484, Page 476.

Also described premises will be sold and conveyed subject to a prior mortgage given by said Nettie M. Saunders to The Central Savings Bank dated April 3, 1912, and recorded in said Registry, Book 484, Page 477, for the sum of \$3500 and accumulated interest, and also subject to any and all unpaid taxes, mortgages, or other encumbrances and tax sales which may be due or to become due thereon. The purchaser will be required to pay \$300 in cash at the time and place of sale, and the balance in ten days from the day of sale at the office of William T. Sheppard, 103 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

WILLIAM T. SHEPPARD, Mortgagee.

LOWELL DRIVING CLUB

GAVE GOOD PROGRAM OF RACES AT BOULEVARD YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

There was some good horse racing on the boulevard yesterday afternoon and a goodly crowd enjoyed it. The races were given by the Lowell Driving Club and the proceeds will go to a deserving family. When it became known to the club members that a certain family was in rather straitened circumstances they decided to help out. The club arranged the races as a benefit and about \$60 was collected.

The judges were Thomas H. Braden, Ray Frost and Charles Campbell. Geo. Parker acted as starter. The races were as follows:

Free-for-All Pace: Counter Benter, Senecal, 1 1 1; Peeler Patron, Senecal and Parker, 2 2 2; Class A, Pace: Cracker Boy, Dewel, 1 1 1; Fred S. McKenna, 2 2 2; Nelson Gilbert, Clark, 3 3 3; Dorothy Gold Dust, Galvin, 2 1 2; John Brown, Titus, 1 2 2; Class C, Pace: Evelyn Thayer, Parker (fortuit), 1 1 1; Edward Wilkes, Barner, winner, 2 2 2; Class D, Pace: French Mary, Tessier, 1 1 1; Jerry B. Barnard, 2 2 2; Jasper, Senecal, 2 1 1; Nat Prince, Varum, 1 2 2; Free-for-All Trot: Lady Preley, Ryan, 2 1 1; Lady L. Sullivan, 3 3 3; Bononia, Wotton, 1 2 2; Class A, Trot: Cock Robin, Greenhalge, 2 1 2; Harry J. Clough, 1 2 1.

MATRIMONIAL

A pretty wedding took place last evening in Odd Fellows temple in Middlesex street when Mr. Harry Filler and Miss Ida Cohen were united in marriage by Rabbi Wolfson. The bride was attended by Miss Tilda Sandor, while Mr. Max Shapiro acted as best man. Flower girl was Miss Annie Filler, a sister of the bridegroom. After the ceremony a wedding supper was served by a local caterer and dancing was enjoyed with friends present from Boston, Chelsea, Lawrence and other places. Mr. and Mrs. Filler left later in the evening on an extended wedding tour after which they will reside in this city. They received many beautiful and useful gifts.

ROLLINS—FLEET

Mr. Charles Rollins of Lowell and Miss Hilda Fleet of Lowell were married Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Fleet, 144 Yonke street, Melrose. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Hugh Smith. Miss Pauline Fleet, the bride's sister, was the maid of honor, and Mr. Charles Cole of this city was the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Rollins will reside in Roca de Toro, Panama, where the former is employed by the United Fruit company.

HOWARTH—ROBINSON

Mr. Albert Howarth and Miss Sadie Robinson were married Wednesday afternoon in St. Anne's church. The bride was attended by Miss Anna Owens while Mr. William Kane was the best man.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Past Commander Sir Elmer D. Robinson of Lowell commandery, Knights of Malta and suite went to Lawrence this week where they conducted the installation exercises at the meeting of Balthazar commandery, No. 262, of Lawrence. Past commander's suite was composed of the following: Deputy grand commander, Elmer D. Robinson; grand captain, general of

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WILLIAM T. SHEPPARD, Mortgagee.

LOST AND FOUND

BUCK OF KEYS LOST BETWEEN Hurst and depot name on key ring. Reward. Return to Max Katze, 9 Hurd st.

FOR SALE

PARROTS FOR SALE. 154 MIDDLESEX ST. Top floor. Call evenings after 6 o'clock.

NICE PAIR OF BLACK HORSES. For sale; young and sound. Inquire at Adams A. Brown, 73 inland st. Tel. 3220.

UNUSUAL PIANO BARGAIN. square piano, best make full octaves, carved legs, fine tone, looks most new, without marks or scratches; in best of condition inside and out; cost \$150, years ago \$225; have no use or room for it, will sell it for \$50 cash; worth from \$75 to \$70. Call and see it, at 34 Central st. J. P. Quest.

NEW UPRIGHT CONCERT GRAND piano; also talking machine and records for sale; low price; sell at once. Call evenings, 65 Dover st. E. Brickett.

FIVE PASSENGER 1912 TOURING car for sale in perfect condition. Cost \$2175; will sell for \$900. Or trade for some good cows. W. A. Wilson, Nobscot, Mass.

MOTOR CYCLE FOR SALE. IN good running condition; price \$35 if sold at once. April 107 Middlesex st. Call evenings, 65 Dover st. E. Brickett.

CHAMBER SET IRON BED, springs and mattress, Crawford road, gas stove, Vulcan heater, sofa, easy chair, tables, couch, piano and secretary for sale. 63 Canton st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

TWO TENEMENT HOUSE NEAR Fort Hill ave.; rents \$252 per year; to settle estate; price \$2100. Cottage house and barn near Walker st., 3100 ft. lot, party leaving city \$1200. Two tenement house near Walker st.; in excellent repair; rents \$24 per month. \$2700. D. F. Leary, 233 Central st.

HOUSE LOT WITH CELLAR DUG for sale; good well; near new car shops; two minutes' car ride. Inquire at 1 Rogers st., North Billerica, Mass., or 122 South st., Lowell.

SITUATIONS WANTED

GENTLEMAN WITH FAIR KNOWLEDGE of French and English wants position; not looking for big pay. Address P. A. Sun Office.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleaning of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business. 49 JOHN STREET

Magnachusetts, Andrew G. Robinson of Melrose; grand sentinel of Massachusetts, William H. Saunders of Lowell, sir knight commander of Lowell commandery, George P. B. Bowring, past commander, within a few minutes of Lowell; recorder of Lowell commandery, Albert E. Holdsworth; captain-general of Lowell commandery, Arthur Delong.

Betsy Rose Sisterhood. The following members of Betsy Rose Sisterhood, Dames of Malta, are rehearsing to confer degree work on new members in the fall:

Mrs. C. S. Hunter, Mrs. Merrill, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Bartley, Mrs. Bealston, Mrs. Delong, Mrs. Perkins, Mrs. Withington, Mrs. Russell, Misses Aldrich, Perkins, Ruth Hunter, Florence Hunter, Nellie Whitaker, Lilla Whitaker, Miss Burton, and Miss Johnston. The ladies will be assisted by the following knights: Past Commander E. D. Robinson, Nelson C. Hill, Arthur Delong. The degree will be conferred under the direction of Commander Bowring.

TO LET

SIX-ROOM FLAT, BATH, PANTRY. 7-room tenement, bath, hot and cold water, to let; rent reasonable. Murphy, cor. Hudson and Lawrence sts.

FOR RENT—EXTRA PLEASANT tenement of four rooms and toilet on same floor. Convenient location, near depot; \$2.00 per week. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

EIGHT-ROOM TENEMENT FOR rent; bath, hot water, china closet and hardwood floors; everything complete; 531 Merrimack st. Inquire 13 Franklin st. Tel. 1394-W.

ROOMS TO LET, NEWLY FURNISHED; every modern convenience; telephone and use of recreation room; best of location; terms \$2.50 to \$5.00. Mrs. Neal, 125 Dover st. Tel. 4118.

ROOMS TO LET, NEWLY FURNISHED; with bath and gas, sunny and heated; only five minutes' walk from Merrimack st.; gentlemen preferred. Inquire 67 West Fourth st., cor. Albion st.

5-ROOM COTTAGE TO LET, with pantry and bath; 91 Weed st. Inquire 110 Bowden st.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET with board (desired either man and wife, or two single men. Apply 19 Mainham st.

ON PLEASANT ST., NICE SUNNY tenements to let; rents reasonable. Inquire Saunders' market.

COTTAGE HOUSE TO LET AT 110 B st. Inquire E. Brickett, 63 Dover st.

CLEAN, PLEASANT, 5-ROOM TENEMENT to let; handy to Merrimack sq.; price \$2.25 per week; No. 26 Fulton st., Centralville. Apply 274 Westford st.

12-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, with all modern improvements; can be used as lodging house, at 78 Chelmsford st.; also 6-room tenements for rent. Inquire 119 Middlesex st.

FOR RENT—EXTRA PLEASANT tenement of four rooms and toilet on same floor. Convenient location, near depot; \$2.00 per week. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

NEW FLATS OF SIX ROOMS TO let on Riverside st. Inquire 423 Riverside st. Tel. 2970.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; also two for light housekeeping, at 19 Hurd street.

TWO GOOD OFFICES IN THE HARRINGTON building, 62 Central st. to let at a very low rental. If desired will be rented for rooming purposes. Apply to J. J. Harrington, Building Manager, 301 Sun building.

A LARGE OFFICE, 34 BY 14 FEET on the second floor of the Harrington building, 62 Central st., good light and ventilation, for rent. Will be partitioned off to suit. Desirable trade and will be rented or leased at a very reasonable rent. Apply to J. J. Harrington, Building Manager, 301 Sun building.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER shop or business office, to let; on second floor of the Harrington building, 62 Central st.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE. Separate room \$1 per month for regular \$2 two-horse load. Pianos 50c. The dryest and cleanest place for furniture in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. F. Prentiss, 358 Bridge st.

HELP WANTED

LADY WANTED FOR LIGHT, ARTISAN work which may be done at home. Apply in person, Lowell Art Novelty Shop, room 110, Sun bldg.

LIGHT HOUSEWORK, PLAIN cooking wanted in family with children. Address 734, Sun Office.

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED LADY, to look after children. Fourteen or fifteen years of age. Apply to J. J. Harrington, Building Manager, 301 Sun building.

TRIMMING CUTTERS WANTED— Apply Early Shop Co.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wanted. Address B, Sun Office.

YOUNG MAN WITH EXPERIENCE wanted for office work; good opportunity for right man. Apply to J. J. Harrington, Building Manager, 301 Sun building.

GENTLEMAN WANTED FOR NEW line of occupation; good opening for one willing to work. Call Lowell Novelty Shop, 410 Sun bldg.

BALL GUM VENDING MACHINES, entirely new proposition, exclusive rights; 100% profit. Write for particulars. National Vending Co., Boston, Mass.

FLASHER TENDER WANTED. Apply Lowell Textile Co., North Chelmsford.

TABLE GIRL WANTED AT ONCE to go out of town. Apply at store, corner of Church and Lawrence sts.

LOWELL RAILWAY MAIL CLERK examinations coming, \$75 month. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 188 N, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD in the country; take Lawrence car, stop at Kenwood station. Mrs. Dery, brown house across the street.

SMALL FURNISHED FLAT OR rooms for light housekeeping wanted. Inquire at 100% profit. Write for particulars. National Vending Co., Boston, Mass.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS convenient for light housekeeping, in good location, wanted by widow. Address T. H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

SECOND HAND CANNON WANTED. Address P. F. Murray, 115 Middlesex st., Woburn, Mass.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS wanted for light housekeeping in good location. Address A 83, Sun Office.

E. F. Galigan & Co. PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING. Lowest prices. All work guaranteed. Estimates given. Ros. 130 Bowers st. Tel. 3324-W.

MONEY TO LOAN

\$ Vacation \$

Vacation time is here, consequently this is the one time of the year that we want to be free from worry and debt and go away for a few weeks' rest during the hot spell. If you are planning to take a vacation and find that you will not have sufficient money to carry you over the time that you are away, we will be glad to accommodate you with a loan, or if you are not going to take a vacation, and you need money for any other purpose, we will be pleased to advance you whatever amount you may need. Courteous treatment extended to all.

Merrimack Loan Company

81 Merrimack st., 17 John st., Room 3. Office hours: 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Monday and Saturdays until 9 p. m. Tel. Connections. License No. 61.

Commencing Thursday, July 9th, this office will close at 12:00 every Thursday during July, August and September.

MONEY

Supplied to all working people at lowest possible rates.

\$5 Full Charge... 75c
\$10 Full Charge \$1.50

Dealings strictly confidential. No red tape or unnecessary delays. Offices 202 Hildreth Building, 45 Equitable Loan Co.

Merrimack st., License 141
Open Evenings. Tel. 1888

SUMMER RESORTS

SINGLE BEACH HOUSE TO LET at Salisbury Beach from Aug. 8 to 22nd. Inquire Kate Jones, Haverhill, Mass. Tel. 2128, 230-B, Haverhill.

FOUR COTTAGES TO LET at Salisbury Beach. 2 6-room cottages \$12.00 a week; 1 3-room cottage \$10 a week; 1 2-room bungalow \$8 a week. 2 minutes' walking water and gas; 2 minutes' walk from center on Cable ave. Apply or address Mrs. William Evans, Albert Cottage, Cable ave., Salisbury Beach, Mass.

BOARDS HEAD, HAMPTON BEACH. Large double house, to let. G. E. Althoff, 31 Water st., Haverhill, Mass.

SPECIAL NOTICES
MRS. DEMARS, DRESSMAKER, formerly located at 6 Gates street, who she will be pleased to meet her friends and customers.

ROOMS PAPERED, INCLUDING wall paper from \$4.00 up. George E. Barker, 15 Dodge st., Lowell, Mass. Painter, paperhanger, whitewashing and glazing.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND repaired. Tuning \$1. J. Kershaw, 130 Cumberland road. Tel. 644-7.

LIMBING CO. CHIMNEY EXPERTS—Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 128 Bridge st. Tel. 22 of this city.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

PROF. EHRICH'S "606" SALVARSAN
Administered in the veins at Dr. Temple's Lowell office. NO LOSS OF TIME from business. NO PAIN. Lues, malaria, locomotor ataxia and various forms of skin diseases arising from blood poison.

This solves the problem of this century and this the world of the future. RESULTS IMMEDIATE. Vasserman blood tests made. Also treat cancer, tumors, all acute and chronic blood and nervous diseases of men and women, hydrocele, varicocele, stricture, prostatic diseases, gonorrhea, syphilis, skin and rectal diseases. WITHOUT THE USE OF THIS KNOWN diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, skin, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, bowels and rectum, epilepsy, and all nervous diseases.

Terms always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 27 Central street, Mansur block. Hours, Wed. 2 to 4, 7 to 8. Sun. days, 10 to 12.

Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE

Company Says:
 es, worth \$25 to \$4
 es, worth \$15 to \$2
 es, worth \$3 to \$4.
 es, worth \$5 to \$7.50.
 Ratine Wash Skirts, worth
\$1.00 for Silk Stockings.

1.

Waists, worth \$4 to \$5.
 these prices. When it's a question
 there is little need of comment.
 a saving proposition even though
 to reach the Merrimack Clothing

O'Sullivan

THE———
 L. 6

... Company

when fire destroyed a barn on Summer street, and two houses and badly damaged a third. The loss is estimated at about \$6000. The fire department from Lebanon and this village were called but did not succeed in getting the fire under control until late last night.

The residences of Edward Roberts and A. J. Allard are a total loss and that of Mrs. Mary Simonds was badly damaged. The barn in which the fire started was owned by W. S. Braley and was filled with hay.

1

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We defy competition

engagement will take
special for that day
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Special

CHILDREN

MISS IT!

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TO ONE CUSTOMER. COME

PRICE OF SIZES.

Clean-Up Sale
 \$1.00

D. BUSH

gains That Will Pay
for Yourself

ADS LEAD TO

THE ZEPHYRUS

STREET—163.

THE WEATHER

Fair tonight; Saturday generally fair; moderate south to southwest winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

7 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY AUGUST 7 1914

PRICE ONE CENT

GERMANS ADMIT LOSS OF 25,000 MEN AT LIEGE

19 German Battleships Captured or Sunk and Several British or French Vessels Destroyed in Desperate 24 Hour Battle in North Sea—Attempt to Assassinate German Crown Prince—British Ships Struck Line of German Mines and Went Down—Bulgarians Side With Germany

The French Army Enters Belgium

FUNERAL OF MRS. WILSON

SERVICES AT WHITE HOUSE ON MONDAY AFTERNOON—BURIAL AT HOME, GA., TUESDAY

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Funeral services for Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president, will be held at the White House at 2 p. m. Monday.

after which the body will be taken on a special train for burial at Rome, Ga., on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wilson's body was kept today in the room where she died. The president went into the room at midnight and again several times today and sat alone.

Other members of the family went in from time to time, but even intimate friends were kept out.

Cardinals Sent Messages

Among messages of sympathy were those of Cardinals Gibbons and O'Connell and of clergymen of all denominations and organizations of many kinds.

The scene at the deathbed was recalled today by one of those present.

As the last hour drew near the president sat on the bedside clasping Mrs. Wilson's hand while Mrs. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Wilson knelt on the floor, their eyes on their mother's face.

No words were spoken. Although Mrs. Wilson was unconscious she smiled. Her breathing grew fainter and fainter and Dr. Grayson realized that the end was at hand. His thoughts seemed to be communicated to the family and they moved nearer. At five o'clock,

Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty, declared in the house of commons there had not been any fighting or losses other than had been announced officially.

Complete silence reigns as to military movements in both Germany and France, and it is assumed both armies are concentrating for battle. No hint as to where they will come into contact has been given.

Liege, Belgium, was again attacked by German troops last night but was still holding out. The report of a German reverse there was denied in a despatch from Berlin.

The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau were obliged, owing to Italian neutrality to leave San Salvatore, Sicily, and have gone out to meet the British fleet. The commanders are said to have handed their wills to the German consul before departure.

A London newspaper report says the German crown prince has been seriously injured by an unidentified assailant.

A Finn sea captain on arriving at Stockholm reported the Russian navy bottled up at Helsingfors and the Russian ports of Libau and Revel to be burned after an attack by German vessels. No confirmation.

Numerous German merchantmen were brought in to English ports today by British cruisers. The Holland Lloyd steamer Tubantia, with \$2,500,000 from South America for a German bank in London, also was brought in.

French warships also captured several German merchant ships.

The French premier appealed to the women of France to gather the wheat and wine crops.

Tokio reports the German squadron at Tsing Tau, China, hemmed in by British war vessels.

A despatch to London says Germany lost 19 warships in battle on North sea.

GERMAN TROOPS ACKNOWLEDGE LOSS OF 25,000 MEN

LONDON, Aug. 7, 4 p. m.—An Exchange Telegraph Co.'s despatch from Brussels says the German troops at Liege acknowledge the loss of 25,000 men.

The agency says this statement is official.

NAVAL BATTLE IN NORTH SEA

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the Daily News from Whitby says that a shipowner is responsible for the statement that 19 German battleships were sunk or captured in the North sea and that several British or French vessels were sunk.

Reports from various ports say that heavy firing has been heard in the North sea for the past 24 hours.

exactly as Dr. Grayson leaned over his patient, he realized that the end had come and he murmured a word to the president. Mr. Wilson's head fell forward in silent grief, while the daughters sobbed.

The Rev. Sylvester Beach of Princeton, N. J., an old friend of the Wilsons, who performed the marriages of Mrs. McAdoo and Mrs. Sayre probably will officiate at the funeral.

The mother and father of Mrs. Wilson are buried in Myrtle Hill cemetery in Rome, Ga., and several telegrams were received today from girlhood friends expressing their sympathy and asking that she "be brought back home."

While the house stood in silence immediately after it convened, Chaplain Couden prayed for "comfort and consolation" for President Wilson and his daughters in their bereavement.

"O God, our father," said the chaplain, "we turn for consolation in this hour of inexpressible sorrow in the death of our president's wife. The charm of her presence, the purity of her soul, the sympathy of her heart for the poor and distressed will be a loss to the nation. May her example live in the hearts of our people. Be with us, pray Thee, the husband in his sorrow and grief and with the stricken children: uphold and sustain them."

Half a hundred of the senior members of the house were appointed by Speaker Clark to attend the funeral of Mrs. Wilson. The speaker, who will head the committee, selected the mem-

bers from each state who has served longest in the house.

Senators Martine and Kenyon were designated as an informal committee to send flowers to the senate.

CUT PRICES ON LEATHER GOODS DEVINE'S

124 Merrimack Street Repairing, Etc. Telephone 2100

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun, "want" column.

Third Edition LATEST WAR BULLETINS

AUSTRIANS AND SERBIANS IN BATTLE

BELGRADE, Servia, Aug. 7.—(Via London, 5.25 p. m.)—The Sixth regiment of Austrian artillery opened fire on the Servians near Obrenovatz on the river Save, to the west of Belgrade. The Servian guns quickly silenced the Austrians, who abandoned two damaged guns.

REPORT CAPTURE OF WARSAW BY GERMANS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The state department has no reports of the capture of Warsaw by the Germans. Officials attribute a rumor to that effect to an earlier despatch, which said that the Russian general staff had decided not to defend the city.

ALL WELL, WIRES LUSITANIA

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The Cunarder Lusitania, speeding to Europe, sent back word by wireless today that "all was well." Her position was not given. This is the first word received from the liner since she slipped out of the harbor Wednesday morning prepared to dodge German war vessels.

GERMAN TROOPS ASK FOR ARMISTICE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—3.55 p. m.—A despatch from Brussels to the Exchange Telegraph Co. today says the German troops attacking Liege have asked for an armistice of 24 hours.

Other War News on Pages 2, 8, 9, 10, 12 and 13

Water

Is your home dependent on the wind for its water supply?

Or does the old oaken bucket still hang in the well, perhaps?

In either case, would not the positive water supply of the automatic electric pump be well worth your consideration?

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 Central St.

Deposits

Made Now Go On INTEREST

Tomorrow

Washington Savings Institution

267 CENTRAL ST.

TAX PAYERS



Owing to the stringency of the money market and the distressed condition of business in general due to the conflict of Europe, I have decided to extend the time to delinquent taxpayers to Saturday, August 22, 1914, which is the limit allowed to me by law.

GEORGE H. BROWN, Commissioner of Finance.

ANDREW G. STILES, City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes.

JAS. E. O'DONNELL

Counsellor at Law

Room 220,

45 Merrimack St.

CHALIFOUX CORNER

GOOD REASONS WHY YOU ARE AT HOME HERE

This is a place to meet your friends. This is a place that owes something to you for the encouragement and patronage that helped build it up. This is a place to which you can bring your visiting friends. This is a place where there is something new to be seen every day. This is a place where you are welcome to look and ask to be shown without any obligation.



ORDER A CASE TODAY



The Bon Marche

Lowest Prices Consistent With Reliability

A MANUFACTURER'S SURPLUS STOCK OF

PARASOLS

At about One-half regular price. Shapes and colors for all occasions, priced to suit your purse.

LOT NO. 1

165 Children's Parasols in check and striped materials, also full assortment of plain colors, in all the desirable shades. Regular values 25c, 30c. Sale price

16c

LOT NO. 2

185 Children's High Grade Parasols, in plain and fancy colors, materials of crepe, plain and fancy silk and muslin, neat, dainty patterns, plain and fancy handles. Regular values 40c, 50c. Sale price

34c

LOT NO. 3

135 Women's Parasols, in plain white linen, hemstitched and embroidered white linen, plain ponzes in desirable colors, mission and carved handles. Regular value \$1.00, \$1.25. Sale price

55c

LOT NO. 4

120 Women's Parasols, in plain silk coverings, full line of colors, pongee and green borders, silk stripe with colored satin edge, white linen, lace insertion trimmed, etc. Regular value \$1.50, \$1.75. Sale price

79c

LOT NO. 5

185 Women's Silk Parasols, in plain taffeta silk with Persian borders, silk and linen pongee, colored borders, embroidered white linen, etc. Regular value \$1.75, \$2. Sale price

95c

LOT NO. 6

54 Women's Plain Taffeta Silk Parasols, some with dresden borders, plain colored borders, others with plain and hemstitched borders, etc. Regular values \$2.50. Sale price

\$1.29

LOT NO. 7

32 Women's Fancy Parasols, in dainty silks, stripes and plain colors, pongees with Persian borders, in a big variety of combinations, plain and carved handles. Regular value \$3.00. Sale price

\$1.59

LOT NO. 8

All of Our Highest Grade Parasols marked at one-half the original price.

1 only, \$5.00 Parasols, at \$2.49
6 only, \$7.50 Parasols, at \$3.75
1 only, \$10.00 Parasols, at \$5.00

HIGH CLASS

Waists and Blouses

At Prices That Are Below Wholesale Cost

Probably no store in Lowell shows at any time of the year the really extensive line of high grade blouses that this store does. It is impossible to sell every war in a limited space of time, therefore this sale and these low prices to force a quick clearance.

Silk Chiffons, Crepe De Chine, Laces and All Sample Waists. Values \$6.98, \$8.75, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15.98, Now

\$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF

The Greatest Suit Values We Ever Offered

Tailored Suits at Prices Positively Lower Than the Bare Cost of Material Alone

29 SUITS AT

\$5.98

FORMERLY \$12.50 TO \$16.00

57 SUITS AT

\$9.75

FORMERLY \$18.75 TO \$22.50

56 SUITS AT

\$14.98

FORMERLY \$25.00 TO \$37.50

These Suits are of Bedford Cord, Whipcord Mannish Serges, Crepe Cloths and Waffle Cloths, including Blue and Black, as well as every other desired color.

Every Suit in This Store Included in This Sale. Select Yours Now.

Bring in the Little Tots Now and Fit Them Out

ALL COATS, HATS AND BONNETS

At About One-Third Their Original Prices

(Sizes 2 to 6 Years)

(Second Floor)

The continued cool weather suggests these natty little medium weight coats and you can now choose from our entire stock at a saving of about two-thirds the former price. Why not take advantage of these low prices while the assortments are large?

SECOND FLOOR

LATE WAR BULLETINS

AUSTRIA DECLARES WAR AGAINST RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 7.—Austria-Hungary last evening declared war on Russia.

AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR ASKS FOR PASSPORTS

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The French embassy in London was advised last night that the Austrian ambassador at St. Petersburg has asked for his passports, Austria-Hungary regarding herself in a state of war with Russia.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR GIVEN HIS PASSPORTS

VIENNA, Aug. 7 (via London).—The Russian ambassador to Austria-Hungary was given his passports last night.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY REPULSED IN EAST PRUSSIA

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—Amsterdam and London.—The force of Russian cavalry which tried to break through the German frontier guard was repulsed yesterday near Soldau, in East Prussia.

Another Russian cavalry division also suffered losses and is retiring in the vicinity of Neudorff.

BRITISH CRUISER SUNK BY STRIKING GERMAN MINE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—An authority reports says that the British cruiser Amphion was sunk yesterday morning by striking a mine. Paymaster J. T. Gedge and 150 men were lost. The captain, 16 officers and 135 men were saved.

A previous report said that the German mine layer Koenigshofen had probably placed some mines before she was sunk by the British destroyer Lance.

The Amphion was a light cruiser of 3110 tons. She was attached to the third destroyer flotilla, under Capt. Cecil H. Fox commanding officer. Her regular complement was 292 men. She was commissioned in April, 1913.

50 GERMAN STEAMERS CAPTURED

MADRID via Paris, Aug. 7.—According to official advices, more than 50 German steamers have been captured by the British squadron to date.

"REMEMBER THAT YOU ARE GERMANS"

BERLIN, Aug. 7, via London.—The emperor has issued an order to the German army and navy, in which he says:

"After 43 years of peace, I call upon all Germans capable of bearing arms. We have to defend our most sacred possessions in Fatherland and home against the reckless assault of enemies on all sides of us.

"That means hard fighting. I am confident that the ancient warlike spirit still lives in the German people—that powerful, warlike spirit which

attacks the enemy wherever it finds him, regardless of cost, and which in the past has been the dread and terror of our enemies.

"I have confidence in you, German soldiers—in each and all of you. An ardent, indomitable will for victory is living in each and all of you. I know, if needed, each and all of you would die like heroes.

"Remember our great and glorious past and that you are Germans. God bless you.

ENGLISH NORTH SEA COAST NOW CLEAR

LUTL, Eng., Aug. 7.—The hospital authorities here yesterday received orders to prepare to receive 250 persons wounded in the North sea engagement.

Shipping firms have been informed that the east coast is now clear from Hull to London. Coastwise services have been resumed and fishing vessels are free to proceed to Iceland.

BRITISH CAPTURE CRUISER AND SINK ANOTHER

MADRID, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from the Canary Islands says a British squadron has sunk one German cruiser, the name of which is not given, and has captured another, which is being conveyed to Gibraltar.

FLEETS FIGHT ON THE HIGH SEAS

LONDON, Aug. 7, 1:42 A. M.—The British fleet has engaged the German fleet on the high seas. The British warships are reported to be driving the Germans toward the Dutch coast. The Press association claims that it was advised of the fight between the fleets by the admiralty. The admiralty, however, refuses to confirm or deny that a battle is in progress.

TREAT RUSSIAN GRAND DUKE AS PRISONER

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A dispatch to the Post from St. Petersburg says that the indignation in the Russian capital over the detention of the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna at Berlin has been increased by reports that Grand Duke Constantine, who was undergoing the cure at Wildungen, is being treated as a prisoner of war.

VOTE \$500,000,000 FOR BRITISH ARMY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—At the request of Premier Asquith, the house of commons yesterday evening unanimously voted a war credit of \$500,000,000 for the increase of the British army. This is the record war credit passed by the house, the sum of \$325,000,000 having been voted two days ago. In making the request for this new war credit the premier informed the members that Field Marshal Earl Kitchener wanted power to increase the British army to 500,000 men.

BELGIANS SHOOT AIRSHIP, KILLING 26

BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—Germany lost one of her biggest Zeppelin dirigibles yesterday afternoon. It was attempting to pass over the fortifications on the Herve plateau, when the Belgian gunners got the range with a gun especially designed for air craft. An explosive shell crashed through the envelope and the gas bag exploded, the dirigible falling a crumpled mass, her entire crew, believed to number 26 men, being killed. The wreckage landed a little way from the fortress on the Herve plateau.

Almost immediately after the Zeppelin was wrecked, an aeroplane rose from the German position and attempted a flight over the Herve

fortifications in the direction of the main fortress at Liege. It also was wrecked by the aerogun from the Herve fort. This last demonstration of the accuracy of the Belgian fire discouraged the Germans and their aeroplanes for the rest of the day contented themselves with flights over the German lines.

GERMANS MOWED DOWN BY BELGIANS

LONDON, Aug. 6, 10:30 p. m.—All reports of the fighting at Liege agree that the German infantry advanced in masses, holding to absolutely close order. This resulted in heavy casualties, for the Belgian fire swept them down row after row.

CHASE GERMAN FLEET TOWARD HOLLAND

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The admiralty announces that British coastwise shipping on the east coast is now safe because the British fleet has engaged the Germans on the high seas and the German fleet is now being chased toward the coast of Holland.

500 ARRESTED DURING RIOTS IN PARIS

PARIS, Aug. 7, via London.—Five hundred persons were arrested during disturbances of the past few days and will be tried by court martial. The authorities are taking elaborate precautions to deal with any further disorders.

GERMAN FLEET BEATEN BACK BY BRITISH FLEET

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the Daily News from Newcastle says that a wireless message received at South Shields shortly before midnight states that the British fleet engaged the German high seas fleet in a heavy battle off the South Dogger banks.

After a general engagement along the battle line which extended for many miles and in which ships on both sides took part, the German fleet was beaten back and moved in the direction of the coast of Holland.

It is now believed that the German fleet is completely hemmed in the eastern side of the North sea.

MAURETANIA MADE SPEED RECORD

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 7.—Completing in four days and ten hours her fastest and most dramatic voyage across the Atlantic, the mammoth Cunard liner Mauretania, the fastest commercial vessel afloat, bound from Liverpool to New York, arrived at Halifax today with 1670 passengers, most of whom were Americans fleeing from war-ravaged Europe. The mails for the American continent will be landed at Halifax, together with the Mauretania's passengers and forwarded by fast trains to New York and other centres of the United States and Canada.

400 AMERICANS LEAVE ESBJERG FOR ENGLAND

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 7.—Four hundred Americans, including Alven Adeo, second assistant secretary of state and a delegate to the Spitzbergen conference at Christiania and George Post Wheeler secretary of the American embassy at Tokio and the latter's wife, are proceeding from Esbjerg to England. Henry White, former American ambassador to France, is reported safe in Berlin but unable to leave. All the Americans have sufficient funds.

TO AID ALL TRAVELERS

THREE AMERICAN AMBASSADORS IN EUROPE STRIVE TO HELP REFUGEES



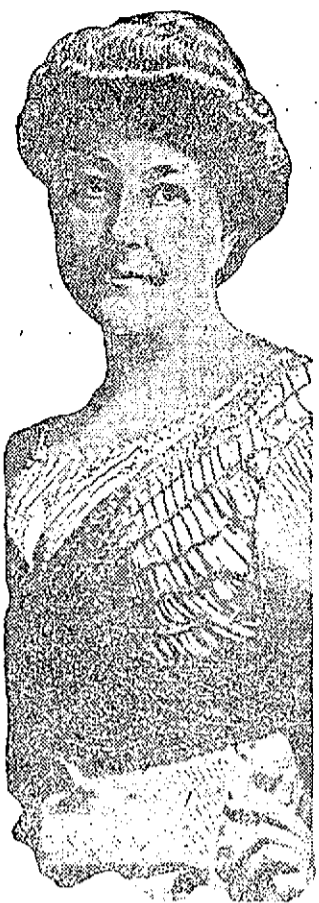
HERRICK—MARRYE—GERARD

These are the three American ambassadors in Europe who hold important and trying positions because of the general war. Myron T. Herrick, the retiring ambassador to France, who was to have sailed home on Aug. 6, remained in Paris. He was particularly concerned over the hardships endured by American travelers. James W. Gerard, ambassador to Germany, is in the thick of perplexities over the fact that the Kaiser ordered that no foreigners should leave the country. George T. Marrye, the new ambassador to Russia, had hardly reached his new post before the war broke out.

MRS. WOODROW WILSON DEAD

Wife of President Passed
Away at the White
House

Mr. Wilson and Three
Daughters at Bedside
—Congress Adjourns



MRS. WOODROW WILSON
© HARRIS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president of the United States, died at the White House at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Death came after a brave struggle of months against Bright's disease with complications.

The president was completely unnerved by the shock and his grief was heartrending. He bore up well under the strain, however, and devoted himself to his daughters.

The end came while Mrs. Wilson was unconscious. Her illness took a turn for the worse shortly before 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and from then on she grew gradually weaker.

Kneeling at the bedside at the end were the president and the three daughters, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N., and a nurse were in the room, and just outside a door were Secretary McAdoo and Francis B. Sayre, Mr. Wilson's sons-in-law, and Mr. Tumulty, his secretary.

President Informed Death Near

Both houses of congress adjourned when Mrs. Wilson's death was announced, and for a brief time the wheels of government practically stopped.

The beginning of the end came at 10 o'clock yesterday morning when Dr. E. P. Davis of Philadelphia, who had been called in for consultation, realized that the time for hope had passed. He took the president into the Red Room of the White House and there in a broken voice told him the truth. Mr. Wilson's face blanched, but he bore the shock well. He was informed that the end was only a question of hours.

Mr. Wilson then took his daughters, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Margaret Wilson, aside and told them of their mother's condition. Until then they had thought there was a chance for her recovery.

From that time on the president and his daughters remained constantly at Mrs. Wilson's bedside. The president held his wife's hand and the three daughters were grouped nearby.

Sec. McAdoo and Sec. Tumulty stayed outside the door.

Mrs. Wilson lapsed into unconsciousness but rallied. By 1 o'clock she began to sink rapidly. She could still recognize those about her, however, and looked cheerfully toward them with the sweet smile that will linger long in the memory of the many who knew her.

It was a characteristic expression which officials and their families as well as people in the stuns whom she had befriended and had learned to love.

Her Strength Ebbes Rapidly

At 2 o'clock, Mrs. Wilson was still conscious but her strength had almost departed and a few minutes later she sank into the sleep of unconsciousness from which she never awoke.

For three hours the president and his three daughters gazed longingly into her eyes in the hope that she might speak to them again but she could not. The sun was casting its long shadows from the Potomac to the south grounds, coloring the fountains, gardens and elms.

There was a hushed stillness in the upper apartments. All eyes were turned toward the southwest corner of the house.

Just at the hour of 5 death came. The president and his daughters were in tears. Sec. Tumulty walked slowly to the executive offices, his head bowed.

Funeral Plans Yet to be Made

Quietly he announced to the correspondents that the end had come. Gloom settled over the executive mansion and the offices. Presently Dr. Grayson, his face haggard and worn from day and night vigil, came to the offices.

There was an impressive silence even.

PEOPLE WITH THIN BLOOD

Some people have a tendency to become thin-blooded just as others have an inherited tendency to rheumatism, or to nervous disorders. The condition in which the blood becomes so thin that the whole body suffers comes on so gradually and stealthily that anyone with a natural disposition in that direction should watch the symptoms carefully. Bloodlessness, or anaemia, as the medical term is, can be corrected much more easily in the earlier stages than later. It begins with a tired feeling that rest does not overcome, the complexion becomes pale, and breathlessness on slight exertion, such as going up stairs, is noticed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a home remedy that has been most successful in the treatment of diseases caused by this blood. With pure air and wholesome food these blood-making pills afford the correct treatment when the symptoms described are noticed. A former sufferer from anaemia says: "I was emaciated and did not have a particle of color. I had severe headaches, had no ambition and could just drag around." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills quickly restored appetite, flesh and health. A full statement of this case with directions regarding diet will be found in the booklet, "Building Up the Blood," sent free by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Until she became unconscious Mrs. Wilson frequently looked to one of the other and smiled cheerfully.

Anxious About President

During the day Mrs. Wilson spoke to Dr. Grayson about the president, whose health she thought more about than she did her own.

"Promise me," she whispered faintly, "that if I go you will take care of my husband."

It was the same touch of devotion which she had so many times repeated—her constant anxiety having been that the president might not worry about her or be disturbed in his official tasks.

The president returned to the sick room from the last conference with the doctor, his three daughters leaning on his arm, Francis B. Sayre and

TODAY AND TOMORROW BLUE SERGE SUITS

MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S MODELS

FANCY STRIPE BLUE WORSTEDS
BROWN FANCY WORSTEDS
BLACK AND WHITE STRIPES

And a big collection of odd suits and small lots in Cheviot mixtures, about three hundred suits in the entire lot that sold at \$10.00, \$12.75 and \$15.00. On sale today and tomorrow at.....

\$8.75

TALBOT CLOTHING CO.

AMERICAN HOUSE BLOCK

CENTRAL STREET

WAR NEWS HERE BEFORE LONDON GETS IT

By special arrangement (in conjunction with the New York Times) The Boston Herald and Traveler will receive cable dispatches sent by war correspondents to

THE LONDON DAILY MAIL
THE LONDON CHRONICLE

Dispatches to these great British newspapers will be transmitted to The Herald before publication in London. All other news of interest to America will be cabled at once by a special war news bureau established by the New York Times and The Boston Herald.

This extraordinary service is coupled with the Associated Press, United Press, The Herald's own correspondents and the New York Times' special correspondents stationed in every capital and with every military force on the war map.

The difference in standard time between Boston and London (five hours) enables The Morning Herald to detail every happening up to noon, and The Evening Traveler every event from noon to midnight, in the regular editions. Extra editions will be published whenever there is real news of importance. For all

WAR NEWS

Quickly, Accurately, Comprehensively

You Can Rely Upon The
BOSTON HERALD

(Every Event from Midnight to Noon)

BOSTON TRAVELER

(Every Move from Noon to Midnight)

WAR MAP Showing Every Scene of Battle, Siege and Naval Engagement, with **SUNDAY HERALD**

everywhere. Secretaries, attaches, clerks and servants seemed overcome. Vice President Marshall and members of the cabinet, and the leaders in congress were notified. Both houses promptly adjourned.

The flag on the White House was dropped, gates were closed and the silence of death spread over the White House for the first time since 1862, when Mrs. Benjamin Harrison passed away.

Dr. Sylvester W. Beach, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Princeton, where the family has attended for years, has visited Mrs. Wilson frequently during her illness, but was not here yesterday.

Prof. Stockton Axson, her only brother, was en route east from Oregon on a Union Pacific train and was reached by telegraph at Pendleton, Ore., with the news.

Members of the cabinet, justices of the supreme court, members of the diplomatic corps telephoned their condolences and sent cards. From many humble homes came flowers, as Mrs. Wilson had made many friends in the stuns and city generally in her endeavors to help the friendless and poverty-stricken.

She had told the president yesterday morning she would more cheerfully "go away" if the bill for the improvement of allays were passed by congress. A word to leaders from Sec. Tumulty and the measure was adopted in silence by the senate and soon reported in the house, where it will be passed today.

She learned that the measure would

be a law in another day or so and expressed her satisfaction.

Interest in Husband's Career

She had become deeply interested in the social welfare of the community and had worked always without seeking the aid of the president.

It was the strain of this, the duties of entertainment and the kidney trouble which became chronic last autumn that sapped her life.

Mrs. Wilson took an active interest in the career of her husband, in his contests with congress over legislation and the numerous official duties with which he was burdened, throughout life she has been his constant helpmate and adviser.

Her clear judgment on political affairs and broad views of educational questions had been a source of gratification to him for years.

With her help he wrote his books and on her judgment he relied. Her devotion to him, according to those who have known the family intimately, was of remarkable depth. Her one thought was of him. Every morning and evening during her illness she cautioned Dr. Grayson not to tell the president if she had spent an uncomfortable hour.

Her anxiety was that he should not be worried or disturbed. However painful was her suffering, it was her one aim to keep the president from being affected by her condition.

News Announced in Senate

But the president watched her, sorrowfully for weeks and realized that she was slowly growing worse. He spent every moment he could by her side and when he was not there, she was constantly calling or speaking of him.

Mrs. Wilson was a woman of simple ways, possessed of a naive, magnetic manner. She had a faculty of putting her guests promptly at ease and was a charming hostess. She was ever democratic and modest in her tastes.

When the news of Mrs. Wilson's death reached the senate, discussion of pending business was immediately ended by Senator Kern, the majority leader. Interrupting the debate on the shipping bill, he said:

"Mr. President, it becomes my duty to convey to the senate the melancholy intelligence of the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the president of the United States. Of course, the president at this hour has the earnest sympathy of all the people of the nation and, as a mark of sympathy, entertained here and all through the republic. I move that the senate do now adjourn."

Funeral Delegation From House

The motion was silently agreed to and the senators quietly withdrew from the chamber.

Majority Leader Underwood of the house hurried to the floor as soon as he received word from the White House. He stopped the discussion of the Moon railway mail pay bill.

"It is my sad duty," he said, "to announce to the house the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the president of the United States. I think the house should show the proper respect at this time, and I therefore move the adoption of the following resolution: 'Resolved, That the house has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president of the United States; 'Resolved further, That a committee, composed of the speaker and one additional member from each state

AMONG THE TOILERS

Grant McElroy, employed at the Lowell Bluechery is sojourning at Hampton beach for two weeks.

Michael Sullivan of the Bigelow Carpet Co. is spending the week at Revere beach with a party of friends.

President Aulick of the Ring Spinners' union is making remarkable progress in bringing new members into the union.

We wonder what has become of McGaughy, the Tremont & Suffolk dinner path king. It can't be that he has taken that defeat to heart.

Mike Wrenn, of the Bigelow Carpet Co., by the looks of things has been let alone by the number of contestants who think that they would like to swim him. Mr. Wrenn stops them when he asks them to produce the coin.

The "Tinkly Dinks," a party of young men, well known in this city will hold their annual auto ride to the beaches in the immediate future. Bill Giblin, the manager of the affair is busy at present arranging the numerous details.

Manager Lyons of the South Ends would like to make arrangements with Manager Gannon of the Lawrence manufacturing baseball team for a game in the immediate future. He is also desirous that a side bet be made.

War and the Shoe Trade

Export trade in American shoes will not be destroyed by the European war. European countries take only \$1,000,000 worth of the \$15,000,000 worth of shoes that American manufacturers send abroad annually. The Cuban and West Indian trade, which is safe and secure, takes as many American shoes as all Europe. The South American trade, which is rapidly increasing is buying nearly \$3,000,000 worth of American shoes annually. Canada is buying more

than \$2,000,000 worth and Mexico more than \$1,000,000 worth. The Philippines, British Oceania and other countries, that will not be affected by the war, take another million dollars' worth.

Even the \$4,000,000 worth of European trade will not be all lost by the war. The British trade, which amounts to more than \$1,000,000 annually, and the French trade, which totals to more than \$300,000 annually, will probably be kept up, even if Europe be drawn into a long war. England, as mistress of the sea, will doubtless keep open lines of communication between this country and her own ports, also with the ports of France, Spain and other American manufactured goods, will be sent to England, and from England to other European countries.

The Cuban, West Indian and South American trade can be handled by American ships, or foreign ships entered in American registry. The Canadian and the Mexican trade can be taken care of by the railroads. The Philippines trade seems safe, too.

It is possible to take even an optimistic view of the future of foreign trade in American shoes, especially trade with Cuba, the West Indies and South American countries. European nations will be likely to withdraw from this trade in order to give their entire attention to their wars. That would leave the fields clear to American manufacturers and exporters.

Doubtless enterprising Americans will take advantage of the situation to push their export trade. It is an established fact of history that American merchants and ship owners made fortunes a century ago by developing their export trade while European nations were at war. History usually repeats itself, and the present world wide disturbance of trade may stir latent energies in American people and stir them into the front rank of manufacturers and merchants of the world.

in the union, be appointed to attend the funeral;

"Resolved further, That as a mark of respect the house do now adjourn."

Mrs. Wilson had been in poor health since last February, when she fell in the White House and strained her spine. She later practically recovered from that injury, but in the meantime kidney trouble set in, and gradually she grew weaker.

About two months ago her condition began to grow serious and two weeks ago Dr. Grayson became alarmed. Noted specialists were called in, and attendance. She continued to grow worse, however, until serious sinking spells came on Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Wilson was 50 years old and when she came to the White House was in robust health. Always a home lover, she immediately assumed the domestic duties of the wife of a president.

She took an active interest in public affairs and frequently received delegations calling on the president when he was too busy with other matters. Even during her last illness she frequently asked to be informed of the events of the United States and of the world.

The news of the seriousness of her illness was kept from the public until yesterday, when it was admitted that

her chances of recovery were slight. Her condition continuing to grow worse, Dr. Grayson yesterday morning gave out a statement in which he described her illness as "alarming."

During Wednesday night and early yesterday morning she was kept alive by oxygen and stimulants. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon Dr. Grayson gave out another statement in which he said that Mrs. Wilson had had two sinking spells during the morning and that she was conscious, but growing weaker. This was the last word to come before her death.

THE SUN
IS ON SALE
IN THE
NORTH STATION
BOSTON



White as the driven snow is the velvet hat illustrated. Its trimming of white satin ribbon is a very plain band supplemented by an erect loop of the material designed to give height to the figure.

OFF TO THE WAR

Three Members of the French Reserve Left Lowell Today

The Northern station was this morning the scene of a large gathering, the occasion being the departure of three local men who will sail tomorrow for New York for France, where they will join their respective regiments to take part in the conflict in which Europe is involved. The three men are Auguste Sollassol, Gustave Rassez and Zephirin Audibert.

The three men belong to what is known as the active reserve of the French army and although they were not personally notified, they left this morning for New York where they will report to the general French consul there. According to the military authorities, the French army is supposed to report to the general consul as soon as orders of mobilization are given out, and this is what the three men are doing.

There are several other French soldiers in this city but they have not yet been notified to leave. They were told to wait for further orders.

The men who left this morning were escorted to the railroad station by a large number of their friends who were there to see them off. Mrs. Audibert, who is a Canadian woman, was at the station to say farewell to her husband and she grieved sorely at his departure.

Mr. Rassez is also married, but his wife was unable to go to the station on account of illness, but his son, Raymond, who is a student at the Lowell high school, was on deck to bid his father good-bye. Mr. Sollassol is unmarried.

The latter in conversation with a Sun reporter at the railroad station this morning said he believes a French ship will sail from New York tomorrow morning, but he said it was very hard to say if the party will land safely in France. "However," he said, "we are taking a chance and any loyal soldier is willing to take a chance when called to the front by his mother."

Looking about the waves of a soldier, Mr. Sollassol said the men in the French infantry receive one cent a day for their services, while those in the cavalry are being paid 12 cents a day. The nurses receive higher wages for their services, about 24 francs a month, which is about 20 cents a day. The French government allows 23 cents a day for the wife of a soldier and 17 cents a day for each child. It is believed that several other French reservists will leave Lowell during the coming week.

WAS KNOCKED DOWN
UNKNOWN WOMAN HAD NARROW ESCAPE FROM SERIOUS INJURY IN CENTRAL STREET

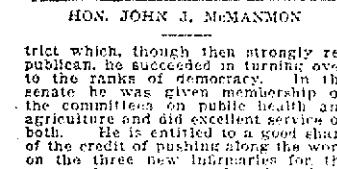
A woman, who refused to reveal her identity, was struck by an automobile driven by Edmund A. Lynde of Appleton street late yesterday afternoon on Central street directly opposite the Central bank and received several superficial wounds as well as having her clothing badly torn.

Officer Condit, who was standing nearby when the accident occurred, hurried to the scene and took charge of the affair. Although the woman did not appear to be badly injured, the patrolman led the auto driver to the police station where the fact became known that Mr. Lynde was without his license. As this is in direct defiance of the state law relative to the carrying of license by all auto drivers, a summons was served upon Mr. Lynde.

Hon. John J. McManmon
Who is a Candidate for the Democratic Nomination

For Senator

From the eighth district, is well known to the citizens of Lowell as a vote getter in the past. For two years he represented Lowell in the house of representatives and did such capable work in the interest of his constituents that he was given the nomination for senator from the eighth district.



HON. JOHN J. McMANMON

trict which, though then strongly republican, he succeeded in turning over to the ranks of democracy. In the senate he was given membership on the committee on public health and agriculture and did excellent service on both. He is entitled to a good share of the credit of pushing along the work on the three new highways for the state and treatment of tuberculosis. Also for better sanitary regulations in the factories and workshops.

Ex-Senator McManmon was defeated for his second term to which he was justly entitled because of the divisions and general democratic discontent created that year by the Springfield democratic convention. Mr. McManmon has many friends in the republican and progressive parties who would like to see him again nominated and if given the nomination with a united democracy at his back, he will be sure to make a lively and successful fight for election.

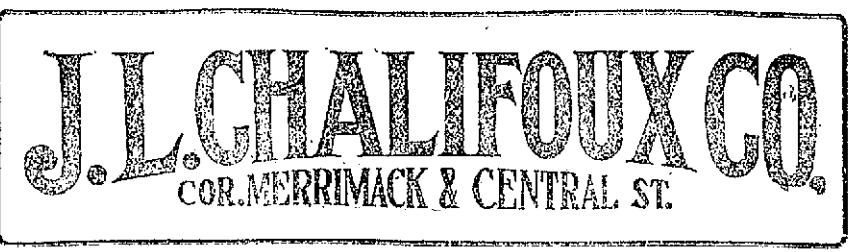
WILLIAM F. O'NEIL,
29 Lily Ave.
Advertisement

DON'T FORGET
CHALIFOUX'S RANSACK SALE

TODAY, TOMORROW (Saturday) AND MONDAY

"TO KEEP THE NEW STORE NEW"

Doors opened this morning at 8.30, starting the biggest sale of the year, when all slow moving goods must move. All odd lots and all summer goods must go to make room for Fall merchandise.



See full page advertisement in yesterday's papers. See our twenty windows filled with goods marked at tempting prices. Get a Fly Swatter free at information desk on street floor.

to appear in police court Saturday morning. The victim of the accident was assisted into the apartments of the mother of the Central block where her clothing was repaired. Eye witnesses to the accident declare that Mr. Lynde did everything in his power to prevent it. The woman started across the street directly in front of him, and he had no time to avoid her. Mr. Lynde turned his machine so quickly as to turn it in the opposite direction from which it was going. This was due, in part, to the condition of the street. It was the tail end of the street, as it turned, that struck the woman.

WAR HASTENS WEDDING

OF LUCY BIGELOW DODGE, WHO FLED TO AVOID MARRIAGE, WEDS THIS WEEK

THE ST. GILLES, Que., Aug. 7.—The outbreak of hostilities in Europe has hastened the wedding of Miss Lucy Bigelow Dodge, granddaughter of the late John Bigelow, to Walter Rosen of New York. The date now set for the ceremony is in the present week, instead of Aug. 11, in order that Mrs. Dodge, daughter of Mr. Bigelow, may join her husband at once in England.

The guests came to St. Gilles every summer for the season. Mr. Rosen had planned to take his bride to Paris on their honeymoon, but this plan has also been abandoned.

Miss Dodge, a strikingly attractive young woman, has been the heroine of one of the most interesting romances of the year. She disappeared from London society last year on a sudden, a fact which much concerned her friends, but it was given out at the time that she was obliged on account of her health to give up the worries of a long social season.

It came out a few weeks ago that she had London because she would not break a secret engagement to Mr. Rosen, who was a wealthy London suitor who had been favored by certain of her relatives. She became a "girl of mystery" after the sudden departure from London, and Scotland Yard detectives searched for her ten days before she was found and brought to her family.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

LAKEVIEW PARK
Today at Lakeview park theatre there is an entirely new program of moving pictures being given and the latest releases in both comedy and dramatic subjects.

On the out door stage Alie Johnson, a clever black and white performer, is giving live exhibitions every afternoon and evening. Tomorrow will be the first of a series of appearances here. Sunday afternoon and evening there will be the usual band concert and a fine program has been arranged. Next week at Lakeview the added attraction will be the appearance of the Brothers Martine, comedy Trampolines, a clever team of European acrobats, in a new and novel series of "antics." The Brothers Martine will appear at Lakeview every afternoon and evening next week.

CANOE LAKE
Canoe Lake Park has certainly proved a most popular recreation park this season, especially since the introduction of the Roman's Musical Revue at the theatre, this big company of actors and actresses has been here since the first opening week in July. Since then the new shows each week have been most attractive and the company among the patrons and the crowds have been growing bigger every day until now the capacity of the theatre is taxed at almost every performance.

The patrons are laughing yet over the comedy fare of "The Roman's Musical Revue" which is presented by Ben Lovell, Nemo Shannon, Harry Crawford and the Oxford Four and the fact that this merry company is in the upcountry theatre is entirely too hilarious for description. The entrance of the "kids" is a riot and at times causes a smile even from the unwilling lips of the performers. Gordon and The Blythe Sisters are making a tremendous hit with their very clever and original dancing specialty, "The Dance of the Whirls." One of the most artistic and beautiful creations they have offered this season. With costumes of rare beauty and the cleverness with which the dance is executed the patrons are offered a genuine treat.

The Oxford quartet is creating new fun in the original minstrel first part in which all of the fun and melody is presented by the four clever singers who have become such big favorites with all.

A new show will be a big program with pictures on Sunday. The bill running continuously from 5 o'clock in the afternoon until 10 o'clock in the evening.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE
Just around the corner from Bridge street, the box office of the Merrimack square theatre is drawing heavily on the theatre-goers who desire to witness the season's first mock production by the Merrimack Square Stock Co. A Good-bye to Ladies has been selected as the vehicle with which to introduce to the Lowell public these two favorites, Miss Eva Marshall and Sam A. Deming. Careful attention to the detail of staging characterizes this delightful play which will continue throughout the following week, with matinees

SOUTH AMERICA

The American Banks are Needed in Campaign for Greater Trade

WASHINGTON, D. C. AUG. 7.—Although American trade is well established in Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Peru and is growing despite the lack of direct banking facilities, steamship accommodations, etc., American banks are imperatively needed in South America as a dependable resource in the campaign for greater trade. This is the conclusion of E. N. Hurley, president of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, who has submitted to the department of commerce a report on banking and credit in South America, based upon a careful investigation of that field. Mr. Hurley was assigned to this special task by Secretary Redfield, who is making a strenuous effort to increase the sale of American products in South America and was instrumental in securing an appropriation from congress for this particular purpose.

Foreign and native banking houses reasonably well accommodate the ordinary routine of American trade, Mr. Hurley states, but they naturally withhold the full measure of interest and solicitation support accorded to enterprises of their own nationality. Moreover, many valuable collateral benefits arising from the financing of overseas trade are lost through American reliance upon London banking mediation, while the compulsory use of London as a clearing house for South American enterprises financed in Europe is steadily restricting the potential market for American goods. American salesmen and trading houses also lack the support given by foreign banks to their national trade seekers.

Mr. Hurley's study of the problem of banking and credit in South America was made from the point of view of the manufacturer. It is not a technical banking report; rather it deals with the financial environment of American trade in Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Peru, its disadvantages and explains from the experience of other nations that have considered overseas banking operations essential to their conquest of foreign trade.

Banks in South America fall naturally into two classes—foreign banks and native, or domestic banks. At present the business of the two overlaps; but, generally speaking, the foreign banks transact business pertaining to foreign commerce, steadily extending their network of branches and exerting their influence to the advantage of European trade. On the other hand, the native banks finance trade not only (preferentially) between their own countries and South America but also between the various Latin-American nations and between the United States and South America. The functions of these foreign banks may be summarized as exchange, collections, loans and discounts, credit, information and investment.

The United States pays London annually a large toll in the form of bankers' commissions, but more important is the fact that once an American obligation is converted into a bill on London and slips into foreign financial channels it passes out of the hands of those who might be interested in obtaining return purchases by the selling country, and an obligation, that ought to stimulate a demand for products of the United States is transferred to London and exerts an influence toward purchases from the United Kingdom.

Whether or not banks are ideal collectors is a question on which much difference of opinion exists, but they do offer the most effective means open today to the American exporter to South America, and foreign banks reap the profits of such business. Loans and discounts are at once a source of great profit and great risk to banks in the largest South American countries.

Since the foreign and native banks in South America are called upon to accept drafts representing credits, they must maintain credit-information services, no less for their own protection than for the accommodation of customers. For many years these banks have supplied this need, but no credit agencies have also been established in recent years. Foreign banks supply their home offices with the ratings and characteristics of South American firms and individuals. German trade has been extended largely by the aid of longer credits than are granted by other countries, and German banks have become more minute in their organization of this service. As South American countries are being developed largely with funds from European countries, information as to the character and standing of persons back of the various enterprises in the first need of those whom they approach about business is of great importance. Hence, the banks have become channels through which investments are made in railways, light and power companies, etc. Without the detailed information that the foreign banks possess or can obtain of these numerous projects, the development of South America would not proceed so rapidly.

Foreign investments in South America may be divided into loans to governments and loans for industrial purposes. South American government bonds are largely held in Europe and the policy of these countries is materially affected by the attitude of European bankers. Government ownership of utilities is extensive and loans for municipal improvements are numerous. This not only assures the European investor but also expands the market for imported machinery. In recent years the South American banks have been busy with the problem of liquidating the use of materials from countries loaning the money for railways, port works, etc., has increased, and this operates to restrict the field for American manufacturers. Since American capital does not largely enter the South American field, the purchase of an interest in South American banks, and banks for investment and industrial development. After discussing the advantages and disadvantages of each of these, Mr. Hurley states, in conclusion, that it is obviously to the various kinds of banking must be carried out by institutions adapted to assist American trade, for its business, like that of European banks in South America, can not be limited to strictly commercial banking. Banking services there are infinitely connected with loans to governments and cities, with industrial investments, etc., which would come under the operation of the United States federal reserve act. The conclusion seems correct, therefore, that some of the banking facilities demanded for South American trade may have to be given by some institutions outside the federal reserve system. Consequently large state banks and trust companies receiving their charters from states are institutions from which assistance may be sought in order that American business men may get the same facilities as the Germans and the English receive from their banks established for the encouragement of foreign trade.

THE TEA OF SOUTH AMERICA
"Toma usted mate?" (Will you take some tea?) is the customary welcome extended to the weary traveler in the rural districts of Paraguay, and if the traveler is something of a diplomatist he will. And that, too, even if the host does take the first sip from the bottle of mate, which is then passed over to him; for mate is the drink and pledge of hospitality all over the country districts of Paraguay, portions of southern Brazil, and northern Argentina. To refuse the hospitable offer is to give offense, although the courteous Paraguayan, Brazilian, or Argentine is not in the habit of urging the invitation by a little gun-play, as is said to have been the custom among our cowboys and heroes of the west some years ago when a tenderfoot refused to "have a drink." Still, the stranger had better take a sip or two if he wishes to become "persona grata," even if the bombilla has been moistened by other lips than his, and the "tea" is somewhat bitter and herby in taste. He will get used to it.

This peculiar tea is not the tea of China or Japan that the average North American or European knows. It is a brand that is distinctively South American, and is made from the leaves of a shrub whose botanical name is Yerva mate. It is a pamphlet on Paraguay recently published by the Pan American Union, Washington, D. C. may be found a detailed description of this wonderful weed or shrub, among other statements being the following:

Yerva mate is altogether indigenous to a well defined area of South America. The aboriginal Indians of the basin of the Rio de la Plata, the Guarani, know and used the plant long before the invasion of their country by the Spaniards. When these Indians were subdued, especially by the Jesuit missionaries, they were found to be using a drink made of a plant that grew wild and abundant over the subtropical region in which they lived. Cana was the name given to this plant by the Guarani. Cana means simply weed, and the Europeans, translating literally, called it yerba, equivalent to the English herb. Mate is Spanish for gourd. Hence yerba mate—the gourd weed (or herb), or more extended, the herb from which tea is made in a gourd, for it was, and is often now, prepared as follows: A dried gourd is hollowed out, leaving an aperture where the stem was connected. Into this gourd a small quantity of the crushed leaves are placed, boiling water poured on them, a little sugar and lemon juice added, and the tea is ready to be sucked through the aperture by means of the hollow tube, called bombilla, usually made of metal and having a perforated, spoon-shaped end which serves as a strainer.

The Ilex paraguensis is really a South American holy, growing spontaneously in the southern portions of Brazil, in the northeastern region of Argentina, and in all the eastern and central portions of Paraguay. It is an evergreen tree or shrub which grows from 12 to 20 feet in height; is very bushy and beautiful and resembles an orange tree. It has no spines, the leaves are bright green, the small flowers are of a yellowish color, and the tiny berries are purplish black. The most suitable leaves for the tea are small and dark-green, and are picked from the smaller and younger plants. In gathering, the natives go out and cut the branches from the trees found in the forests, and pile them up in the form of a haystack. After all available material has been gathered the piles are then carried to their villages, where they undergo a process of torrefaction, or smoking, for about three days, and the leaves are then broken up into powder and are ready for market.

Paraguayan tea resembles our tea and coffee in that the chemical analysis of the leaves shows that they contain, in addition to the essential oils, chlorophyll, resins, and other vegetable ingredients, both tannin and caffeine. The tannin content is decidedly less than in green or black tea, or in coffee. Of caffeine, or matein as it is sometimes termed, the product contains less than does tea, but about the same proportion that is to be found in coffee. The decoction seems to soothe the nervous system without the injurious effects of other stimulants, and it has been estimated that there are no less than 10,000,000 mate drinkers in South America alone. In recent years considerable quantities are being exported to Great Britain, Germany and other European countries, and experiments are being made with the view of using it in the army supplies of those countries. Once introduced into the country, and given a fair trial, it will doubtless become a popular beverage and soon be on tap in our soda fountains.

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Yerva mate is altogether indigenous to a well defined area of South America. The aboriginal Indians of the basin of the Rio de la Plata, the Guarani, know and used the plant long before the invasion of their country by the Spaniards. When these Indians were subdued, especially by the Jesuit missionaries, they were found to be using a drink made of a plant that grew wild and abundant over the subtropical region in which they lived. Cana was the name given to this plant by the Guarani. Cana means simply weed, and the Europeans, translating literally, called it yerba, equivalent to the English herb. Mate is Spanish for gourd. Hence yerba mate—the gourd weed (or herb), or more extended, the herb from which tea is made in a gourd, for it was, and is often now, prepared as follows: A dried gourd is hollowed out, leaving an aperture where the stem was connected. Into this gourd a small quantity of the crushed leaves are placed, boiling water poured on them, a little sugar and lemon juice added, and the tea is ready to be sucked through the aperture by means of the hollow tube, called bombilla, usually made of metal and having a perforated, spoon-shaped end which serves as a strainer.

The Ilex paraguensis is really a South American holy, growing spontaneously in the southern portions of Brazil, in the northeastern region of Argentina, and in all the eastern and central portions of Paraguay. It is an evergreen tree or shrub which grows from 12 to 20 feet in height; is very bushy and beautiful and resembles an orange tree. It has no spines, the leaves are bright green, the small flowers are of a yellowish color, and the tiny berries are purplish black. The most suitable leaves for the tea are small and dark-green, and are picked from the smaller and younger plants. In gathering, the natives go out and cut the branches from the trees found in the forests, and pile them up in the form of a haystack. After all available material has been gathered the piles are then carried to their villages, where they undergo a process of torrefaction, or smoking, for about three days, and the leaves are then broken up into powder and are ready for market.

Paraguayan tea resembles our tea and coffee in that the chemical analysis of the leaves shows that they contain, in addition to the essential oils, chlorophyll, resins, and other vegetable ingredients, both tannin and caffeine. The tannin content is decidedly less than in green or black tea, or in coffee. Of caffeine, or matein as it is sometimes termed, the product contains less than does tea, but about the same proportion that is to be found in coffee. The decoction seems to soothe the nervous system without the injurious effects of other stimulants, and it has been estimated that there are no less than 10,000,000 mate drinkers in South America alone. In recent years considerable quantities are being exported to Great Britain, Germany and other European countries, and experiments are being made with the view of using it in the army supplies of those countries. Once introduced into the country, and given a fair trial, it will doubtless become a popular beverage and soon be on tap in our soda fountains.

SOUTH AMERICA

The American Banks are Needed in Campaign for Greater Trade

WASHINGTON, D. C. AUG. 7.—Although American trade is well established in Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Peru and is growing despite the lack of direct banking facilities, steamship accommodations, etc., American banks are imperatively needed in South America as a dependable resource in the campaign for greater trade. This is the conclusion of E. N. Hurley, president of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, who has submitted to the department of commerce a report on banking and credit in South America, based upon a careful investigation of that field. Mr. Hurley was assigned to this special task by Secretary Redfield, who is making a strenuous effort to increase the sale of American products in South America and was instrumental in securing an appropriation from congress for this particular purpose.

Foreign and native banking houses reasonably well accommodate the ordinary routine of American trade, Mr. Hurley states, but they naturally withhold the full measure of interest and solicitation support accorded to enterprises of their own nationality. Moreover, many valuable collateral benefits arising from the financing of overseas trade are lost through American reliance upon London banking mediation, while the compulsory use of London as a clearing house for South American enterprises financed in Europe is steadily restricting the potential market for American goods. American salesmen and trading houses also lack the support given by foreign banks to their national trade seekers.

Mr. Hurley's study of the problem of banking and credit in South America was made from the point of view of the manufacturer. It is not a technical banking report; rather it deals with the financial environment of American trade in Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Peru, its disadvantages and explains from the experience of other nations that have considered overseas banking operations essential to their conquest of foreign trade.

Banks in South America fall naturally into two classes—foreign banks and native, or domestic banks. At present the business of the two overlaps; but, generally speaking, the foreign banks transact business pertaining to foreign commerce, steadily extending their network of branches and exerting their influence to the advantage of European trade. On the other hand, the native banks finance trade not only (preferentially) between their own countries and South America but also between the various Latin-American nations and between the United States and South America. The functions of these foreign banks may be summarized as exchange, collections, loans and discounts, credit, information and investment.

The United States pays London annually a large toll in the form of bankers' commissions, but more important is the fact that once an American obligation is converted into a bill on London and slips into foreign financial channels it passes out of the hands of those who might be interested in obtaining return purchases by the selling country, and an obligation, that ought to stimulate a demand for products of the United States is transferred to London and exerts an influence toward purchases from the United Kingdom.

Whether or not banks are ideal collectors is a question on which much difference of opinion exists, but they do offer the most effective means open today to the American exporter to South America, and foreign banks reap the profits of such business. Loans and discounts are at once a source of great profit and great risk to banks in the largest South American countries.

Since the foreign and native banks in South America are called upon to accept drafts representing credits, they must maintain credit-information services, no less for their own protection than for the accommodation of customers. For many years these banks have supplied this need, but no credit agencies have also been established in recent years. Foreign banks supply their home offices with the ratings and characteristics of South American firms and individuals. German trade has been extended largely by the aid of longer credits than are granted by other countries, and German banks have become more minute in their organization of this service. As South American countries are being developed largely with funds from European countries, information as to the character and standing of persons back of the various enterprises in the first need of those whom they approach about business is of great importance. Hence, the banks have become channels through which investments are made in railways, light and power companies, etc. Without the detailed information that the foreign banks possess or can obtain of these numerous projects, the development of South America would not proceed so rapidly.

Foreign investments in South America may be divided into loans to governments and loans for industrial purposes. South American government bonds are largely held in Europe and the policy of these countries is materially affected by the attitude of European bankers. Government ownership of utilities is extensive and loans for municipal improvements are numerous. This not only assures the European investor but also expands the market for imported machinery. In recent years the South American banks have been busy with the problem of liquidating the use of materials from countries loaning the money for railways, port works, etc., has increased, and this operates to restrict the field for American manufacturers. Since American capital does not largely enter the South American field, the purchase of an interest in South American banks, and banks for investment and industrial development. After discussing the advantages and disadvantages of each of these, Mr. Hurley states, in conclusion, that it is obviously to the various kinds of banking must be carried out by institutions adapted to assist American trade, for its business, like that of European banks in South America, can not be limited to strictly commercial banking. Banking services there are infinitely connected with loans to governments and cities, with industrial investments, etc., which would come under the operation of the United States federal reserve act. The conclusion seems correct, therefore, that some of the banking facilities demanded for South American trade may have to be given by some institutions outside the federal reserve system. Consequently large state banks and trust companies receiving their charters from states are institutions from which assistance may be sought in order that American business men may get the same facilities as the Germans and the English receive from their banks established for the encouragement of foreign trade.

THE TEA OF SOUTH AMERICA
"Toma usted mate?" (Will you take some tea?) is the customary welcome extended to the weary traveler in the rural districts of Paraguay, and if the traveler is something of a diplomatist he will. And that, too, even if the host does take the first sip from the bottle of mate, which is then passed over to him; for mate is the drink and pledge of hospitality all over the country districts of Paraguay, portions of southern Brazil, and northern Argentina. To refuse the hospitable offer is to give offense, although the courteous Paraguayan, Brazilian, or Argentine is not in the habit of urging the invitation by a little gun-play, as is said to have been the custom among our cowboys and heroes of the west some years ago when a tenderfoot refused to "have a drink." Still, the stranger had better take a sip or two if he wishes to become "persona grata," even if the bombilla has been moistened by other lips than his, and the "tea" is somewhat bitter and herby in taste. He will get used to it.

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BE FAIR!

Compare—That's All We Ask

BEFORE you buy that new suit, make the rounds and see the sort of clothes that are being offered at Cut-Prices. You'll be quick then, to discover that it's an attempt to work off their "odds-and-ends," "stickers," "buyer's mistakes" and "skimpyscamps" made up to sell at sale prices.

IT'S far better to come to the P & Q Shop and take your choice of fresh, smart, styled-to-the-second suits at \$10 or \$15. They are all new-comers in early autumn styles and it'll be no easy matter to duplicate them short of \$20 to \$25.

OUR only prices are \$10 and \$15—today, tomorrow and always. We are manufacturers for our nine stores. There's not a week goes by but what we "fill in" with new styles in regulars, slenders and stouts.

OUR strong values keep our stock moving. By selling direct to you, at the prices we sold when we were wholesalers, you actually save \$5.00 to \$8.00 at all times. A Look Will Tell the Story.



48 CENTRAL ST., OPP. MIDDLE
P & Q Shops at
Worcester
Springfield
Lawrence
And Many Others

FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY ONLY

Some choice bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Shoes. Don't fail to profit by this unusual opportunity.

THE NEW BARGAIN SAMPLE BOOT AND SHOE STORE

880 MERRIMACK ST.,
OPP. CITY HALL OPEN EVENINGS



MADE IN BOND MI FAVORITA</

A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

In a day or more the assessors will announce the tax rate for 1914 and they have given out in advance the sad announcement that the rate will be considerably higher than last year, despite the well advertised contention that this is an economical and reform government.

Quarter of a century ago the old Sun announced the tax rate of 1889 and the headlines employed on the item might be used for the announcement of this year's rate for they read as follows: "Taxes Are Higher—An Increase of 40 Cents on Each \$1000 Valuation—Clean Politics and Good Government Are Pretty Expensive Ornaments."

Then follows the announcement: "The figures from the valuation lists as prepared by the assessors were given out on Monday. The total number of assessable polls on the list for 1889 is 10,927. Of this number 15,975 are males and 62 females. This is an increase of 565 polls over last year, of whom three are females. The total amount assessed on these polls is \$37,876. The total property valuation is \$59,742,113, divided into \$15,520,654 personal and \$44,105,735 real. This valuation is an increase of \$498,754 for personal and \$1,596,590 for real, over the figures of last year."

"The total tax levy for the year 1889 is \$1,015,951. By items: City appropriations, \$864,100, an increase of \$55,400; state tax, \$307,040, a decrease of \$7242.50. The city is assessed \$224,774 for armory tax which is levied this year as a separate tax for the first time, making in reality the state tax about \$4000 less than last year."

"The county tax is \$14,224.90, an increase of \$149.50 over last year and \$14,161.56 over the county tax of 1887. Overlays, \$21,075.07, a decrease of \$1847.90; nonresident bank tax, \$15,124.57, a decrease of \$401.41. The tax rate is \$18.10 per thousand against \$18.70 for 1888."

These figures will prove interesting for comparison with those of this year which are expected to be given out tomorrow.

Hart-Fitzgerald Nuptials

Con Hart, for many years employed in the health department, and his estimable wife will observe their 25th wedding anniversary in just one week, for

The Sun quarter of a century ago tells us of their marriage as follows: "On Wednesday evening at St. Patrick's paragon, Mr. Cornelius Hart, an employee of the health department, and Miss B. Fitzgerald were united in marriage, Rev. Fr. Burke officiating. Miss Bliza Fitzgerald, a sister of the bride, and Mr. James F. Danahy were bridesmaid and best man respectively. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents and a wedding supper was served. After a wedding tour Mr. and Mrs. Hart will take up their residence in White street."

Hibernians at Worcester

Says the old Sun: "Bright and early Thursday morning the local lodges of the A. O. H. marched from Market street through Central and Merrimack streets to the depot, where a special train awaited to convey them to Worcester where a grand parade of Hibernians was to be held. Patrick J. Cusky was chief marshal of the Lowell contingent and he led a host of men of whose general bearing he might well be proud. The Hibernian Rifles were in line and they were the centre of admiration. There were about 500 Lowell men in line and a brass band made melody for their marching. The Lowell men do not fear to speak of '88 and at the head of the Lowell division was carried an Irish pipe that did good service at Vinegar Hill in '88. About 5000 men were in line in Worcester and just as the procession moved the rain came down in torrents and continued through a portion of the day, but didn't break up the parade, the marchers sticking it out until the last. A big dinner was served at the Fair grounds and the afternoon was devoted to field sports."

"The prize drill for a set of colors, upon to companies bearing arms, attracted a great deal of attention. The judges were Capt. J. R. Kirby, Fitchburg; Lieut. J. M. Callahan, Woburn; Lieut. John B. O'Connor, Lawrence. The contestants were: Company A, Hibernian Rifles, Fall River; Capt. Thomas Morgan; Company A, Hibernian Rifles, Lowell; Capt. P. C. O'Connor, and Company A, Hibernian Rifles, Worcester; Capt. Thomas McGourty, who drilled in the order named. The colors were awarded to the Worcester company, who scored

35 points to 25 for Lowell and 20 for Fall River. In the individual drill the Worcester Rifles and the Lowell Rifles, each entered four men. The Worcester entrants were J. J. O'Hara, William McManus, John Gallagher and Frank Reynolds. The Lowell champions were: John Sullivan, P. J. Travley, Michael O'Shea and John Costello. The first and second prizes were won by McManus and Reynolds of the Worcester team, respectively. William P. Salmon of Lowell participated in a number of races and won the half mile race which was open to members of the order only. Salmon was protested because he could not give the password of the order, but won the race and will receive the prize if he shows he is a member in good standing. Hugh Morrison of Lowell won the half mile run in 10m. 20sec. Among the speakers was Hon. John J. Donovan of Lowell."

The Hibernian Rifles are no more in Lowell, but in their stead Lowell has two well drilled companies of the Irish Volunteers, the Mosher and the Wolfe Tone Guards. Billy Salmon, the runner, can still travel a mile in good time and only recently has participated in some of the local long distance events.

Board of Trade Dues

Just quarter of a century ago, according to the old Sun, Mr. James O'Sullivan, of O'Sullivan Bros. became a member of the Board of Trade, and he has been a valued and active member of that organization ever since. At a meeting 25 years ago, Mr. A. G. Pollard brought up a matter of vital importance to all local business men which perhaps might bear repetition at the present time, for the old Sun says: "A. G. Pollard introduced a matter of general interest to the merchants of Lowell. He said that the merchants had been frequently annoyed by non-resident merchants bringing stocks of goods into the city and disposing of them by misrepresentation, disposing of them to the people. These dealers have no intention of becoming permanently engaged in business in this city. They pay no taxes; they locate in places of cheap rent, and by their methods injure the business of regular merchants. The merchants of Lowell have good credit, and can and do serve their patrons at as small profits as are consistent with legitimate business enterprise. They pay the taxes, they support our charities, and they invest their money in this city. Merchants of all trades are complaining against this abuse. Measures have been taken generally through the west to regulate this abuse. Haverhill

and Lawrence have already moved in the matter and Lowell should give it immediate attention. Mr. Pollard's remarks gave rise to a discussion in which Messrs. O'Hearn, Adams, Hanson, Pollard and Chadwick participated. In the course of the discussion it was developed that this class of tradesmen are not subject to any license save the nominal rate charged by the local auctioneer, if one is employed. The board referred the matter to the committee on mercantile, banking and other business interests with instructions to report at the next regular meeting. Mr. Pollard's resolution read as follows: "Resolved, that we the Lowell board of trade respectfully urge upon the city council the necessity of passing an ordinance requiring every person, whether principal or agent, not engaged in a permanent business in this city but desiring to begin a transient business for the sale of merchandise whether the same shall be as represented, or held forth to be bankrupt, or about to quit business, by goods damaged by fire, water or otherwise, to take out a license for the same, the fee to be fixed by the city council."

Merchants for Quarter of a Century

The fly-by-nights have come and gone and many another firm that started with the best intentions for permanent business has since passed away but Mr. Pollard and his business are still with us, the latter greater and more prosperous than ever and the former as active both in his private business and for the general good of Lowell as he was 25 years ago. Among the other business concerns whose advertisements appear in The Sun of a quarter of a century ago, and who are still in business today are the following, with their locations at that time: Howard and Wilson (E. A. Wilson), coal, 36 Merrimack street.

Peter Davey, undertaker, furniture, 45 Market street. Lewis D. Gumb (Gumb Bros.), monuments, Gorham street. Murphy's Ticket Agency, 8 Appleton street. Bartlett and Dow, hardware, 128 Central street. C. B. Coburn and Co., 35, 35, 41 Market. W. P. Foye, hay and grain, 113 Market. Cook, Taylor & Co., 121, 123, 125 Central. A. G. Pollard & Co., 80, 82 Merrimack. Wm. E. Livingston, coal, etc., 27 Thorndike. H. R. Parker Mfg. Co., plumbing, 5, 10 Central. Stanley & Co., coal, 63 Moody. C. H. Hanson & Co., horse and carriage repair, 29 to 45 Coe. L. L. Chaffoux, clothing, 15 Central. J. P. O'Donnell, undertaker and steamship agent, Market and Worcester. Lowell Gaslight Co., E. Cushing, agent 22 Shattuck. Bacheller, Dumas & Co., 130 Central. W. H. L. Hayes, sign, 122 Central. A. L. Kittredge, wall paper, etc., 122 Central.

Ayer's Canadian Laboratory

The Sun recently contained an account of the opening and early progress of a laboratory opened within a year at Rio Janeiro by the J. C. Ayer company, for the distribution of its products to the South American trade. Just a quarter of a century ago, the J. C. Ayer company opened its branch laboratory in Canada for the benefit of the people and incidentally its growing business north of the Canadian border. In opening the Canadian laboratory the company sent employees from Lowell, according to the old Sun, which said:

"The following named ladies and gentlemen left Monday for Montreal: Misses Gormley, Anderson and Shanahan, Messrs. Kittredge, McManus and Gendron. They are to work on Ayer's preparations in the laboratory recently erected by that firm for the Dominion trade."

Of that exact only one is still in the employ of the company, Mr. Fred Gendron, who is a popular member of the celebrated "Quarter Century Club" of the J. C. Ayer company.

The Opera House

Last Saturday a party of New York men came to this city to look over the Lowell Opera House for the purpose, it is said, of purchasing the theatre for Julius Kahn. If it suited them. Their first exclamation upon being taken to the theatre was "The location is poor." They were favorably impressed with the interior, however. Subsequently on their way down town when they came to the property at the corner of Market and Central streets, now owned by I. Wit, one of the party said: "There would be the proper location for a good theatre of this city."

The following march of progress has made the present location of the Opera House, somewhat out of the way, while Keith's and the Merrimack Square have the ideal locations. But 25 years ago the Opera House was a brand new luxury and the public didn't mind the inconvenience of getting there, changing cars as low as they knew that they were to be rewarded by witnessing a good show in a new and well appointed theatre.

The Sun of 25 years ago said: "A new arched entrance to the new theatre is to be constructed from Central street. The American orchestra of 10 pieces has been engaged for the coming season."

Prof. Emil Dorjes, who has recently returned to this city, was leader of the famous old American orchestra, also playing first violin. He is still leading his own orchestra, but now he has a chip of the old block, violin Hans, who plays a concert violin with him. He is around, but who can take the baton and play first, when his dad is otherwise engaged.

Old Timer Actors

Speaking of the Opera House, the same issue of The Sun told us of the doing of some of Lowell's actors of that time, for it said: "Mr. J. L. Dempsey, the well known character comedian in his home in the city as long as they knew that they were to be rewarded by witnessing a good show in a new and well appointed theatre."

The Gilbride Co.

AFTER STOCK-TAKING SALE

Inventory complete, we are going to close out all Odd Lots, Broken Sizes and Remnants at Half Price and Less. Everything must be cleaned up at a price. The greatest price cutting ever known in Lowell will take place here FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

COATS, SUITS and DRESSES

Fifty Cents Reduction Each Day Brings the Price of Coats, Suits and Dresses Down to \$3.00 Today.

We started this sale last Monday. The values have been town talk. If you want a coat, suit or dress that formerly sold for \$10 to \$25, you can buy it here today for....

\$3.00



This Sale Closes Tomorrow Night.

CLEAN-UP SALE OF WAISTS

Lingerie Waists—Special lot of Waists, made of voiles and fancy crepes. With new sleeves and rolling collars. Embroidered fronts and back and an all over embroidery. Very neat. Worth 98c. Price 45c

Silk Waists—In all the new colors, with flat collar and new sleeves of Jap wash silk. Very effective and smart. Worth \$1.50. Price..... 98c

Lingerie Waists—Organdies, plain and fancy voiles, made with new standing up collars and vest effects. All the latest styles, neat and stylish. Price 98c

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY

Women's All Silk Hose, high spliced heels, linen soles, lisle garter tops, in black, white, tan, sky, pink and American beauty. All perfect. \$1.50 value. Special sale..... 79c Pair

Women's Silk Lisle Hose, very sheer, double heel and toe, deep garter top, in tan, black and white. 19c value. Special sale, 2 Pairs for 25c

Children's Cotton Rib Hose, double heel, toe and knee. 12 1-2c value. Special sale, 4 Pairs for 25c

WOMEN'S GLOVES

A Real Kid Glove—2 clasp, in tan, black, also black with self and white embroidery. This glove always sells for \$1.50. Broken sizes. Special sale 79c Pair

16 Button Silk Gloves—Double finger tips, in white, black, navy and tan. \$1 value. Special sale 69c Pair

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SPECIALS

Women's Drawers—Made of fine quality cambric, with cluster of tucks and embroidered ruffle. Regular price 39c. Special 25c

Women's Drawers—Made of good cotton. Regular price 19c. Special..... 12 1-2c

Corset Covers—Made of good cambric, trimmed with lace, embroidery and ribbon run. Regular price 39c. Special..... 25c

Women's Gowns—Made of good cambric, with yoke of Hamburg insertion and edge. Regular price 69c. Special 50c

12 Different Styles of Ladies' Gowns—Made of fine Nainsook, lace and embroidery trimmed. Regular price \$1.50. Sale..... \$1.00

LINEN DEPT.—MAIN FLOOR

100 Dozen Sheets—Size 72x90, made of nice, fine bleached cotton. Regular price 49c. Special value for Friday and Saturday..... 29c Each

200 Dozen Pillow Cases—Size 42x36, made of extra quality cotton. Regular price 12 1-2c. Special value 10c Each

\$1.98—The Popular White Crocheted Spreads—Fringed, cut corners, double bed size. Special value \$1.50 Each

59c Mercerized Table Damask—2 yards wide, best American make. Special value, 37 1-2c Yard

50 Dozen Scarfs and Squares—Size scarfs 18x54; squares 30x30. Trimmed with torchon lace. Regular price 50c. Special value for Friday and Saturday..... 25c Each

25 Dozen Damask and Huck Towels—Warranted all pure linen. Slightly soiled. Regular 50c and 60c. While they last..... 25c Each

\$3.75 Imported Dress Patterns, 40 inches wide, 5 yards in each pattern. The colors are Wilson blue, French blue, argent, new brown, apricot. Special value \$1.25 Each

The O'Brien Label Guarantees Value

O'BRIEN'S ULTIMATUM

YOU HAVE UNTIL SATURDAY NIGHT TO PICK FROM EVERY STEIN-BLOCH BLUE SERGE AND FANCY SUIT IN THE STORE AT

Choice of the House **\$15.00**

That's our ultimatum—the \$15.00 Choice-of-the-House Suit Sale ends Saturday night.

STEIN-BLOCH FANCY SUITS
STEIN-BLOCH BLUE SERGE SUITS
STEIN-BLOCH SUMMER SUITS
STEIN-BLOCH FANCY TOPCOATS

All that are left sold up to \$25—Now \$15.00. None on approval, none reserved. Alterations free.

Choice of the House
\$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00

OUTING TROUSERS

\$3.00

Gray Flannels, Tropical Worsteds and White Striped Serges

Choice of the House
\$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

FANCY VESTS

\$1.65

Cloth and Wash Vests. Dress Vests only excepted.

Manhattan Shirts Marked Down

All Manhattan Shirts (except white shirts) are on sale now at reduced prices.

All \$3.00 Silk Manhattans— Now \$3.55	All \$2.00 Manhattans—Now.....\$1.38
All \$3.75 Silk Manhattans— Now \$2.65	All \$1.65 Manhattans—Now.....\$1.25
	All \$1.50 Manhattans—Now.....\$1.15
	All Dollar Shirts—Now..... 79c
	All \$2.25 Manhattans—Now\$1.98

Furnishings Marked Down

ALL 50c UNDERWEAR, Now.....39c	ALL \$1.00 PAJAMAS, Now.....79c
B. V. D., Poroskitt, Balbriggan.	Soisette and Madras.
ALL \$1 UNION SUITS, Now.....79c	ALL \$1.50 PAJAMAS, Now.....\$1.15
R. V. D., Poroskitt, Jersey Ribbed.	Soisette and Crepe Cloth.
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tee of good faith, he deposited in the hands of Editor Gallagher, to be turned over as soon after "Joe" had appeared on the stage, as he could locate the stakeholder. "Joe's" debut was advertised in the papers and that night there was a big house, including all the reporters and printers in the city, some with pockets bulging out suspiciously, while the galleries were packed with newbies, who were "Joe's" special enemies, and whose favorite name for him was "Pig's Feet."

Toward the close of the first act, with the entire company assembled on the stage, a visitor was announced and Messrs. Conroy and Fox, arrayed as Irish comedians, solemnly uttered in and announced: "Joseph P. Bickford, Lowell's famous poet."

An outburst of applause that shook the rafters greeted his appearance and for several moments the uproar continued. "Joe" was fearfully and wonderfully arrayed in a new black suit with trousers that were shy about the knees in length, an immaculate, armor-plated boiled shirt, a tie that resembled the Japanese flag, hair greased down and mustache pointing heavenward at either end.

When Mr. Fox had signalled for silence the crowd subsided and with a pleased smile, a profound bow and a tremendous clearing of the throat that sounded suspiciously like a slight touch of the "dry ones," "Joe" was about to launch forth his poetic effort when out of the stillness came a faint voice from the gallery: "Say Joe, you're too far into them pants."

"You shut your mouth, or I'll have you arrested; I know you," cried "Joe," looking up at the sea of wide-open and dirt-begrimed faces in "nigger heaven."

Once more quiet was restored only to be rudely shattered again when another voice from the gallery chirped out: "Pig's Feet!" "Officer, arrest that boy," yelled "Joe" at the top of his lungs. It began to look as if Bickford would never get a start until Mr. Conroy pleaded with the audience to give

"Joe" a chance, whereupon they subsided and he started off with: "Don't part your hair in the middle."

Just as he finished the first stanza the base drummer broke loose with a combination of noises, of which the big-bass drum was only an incidental feature.

"Here, you stop that!" cried "Joe" at the orchestra. "I'm reciting poetry; this ain't no time for that!"

Order was again restored and "Joe" resumed. He had proceeded but a few lines, however, when somebody slid a full-grown carrot over the footlights, the horse-faced narrowly missing his "head." "Joe" picked up the vegetable and, aiming at Reporter Sternberg, who was in an orchestra seat, cried out: "I saw you throw that, you crazy reporter!"

The carrot nearly took a woman in the head and her escort immediately wanted to mount the stage and put the finishing touches on the devotee of the Muse.

And then things began to come "Joe's" way from all directions, cabbage, carrots and rice, ripe tomatoes. The members of the company rushed to shelter behind the scenes, leaving "Joe" alone in his glory, and the curtain was hastily run down, though not as a matter of protection to the poet, but to save the scenery.

But to return to the late J. L. Dempsey. He and his partner were members of the old Howard Athenaeum specialty company, one of the first vaudeville companies and one of the strongest that ever toured the country. Among its members were May and Flo Irwin, James T. Powers, Peter Dalley, and several others, each of whom became an individual star. The company was managed by a New York man, Andy Hughes, an old pal of Terry Gray, of this city, brother of Manager Jimmie Gray of the Lowell baseball team. A son of Dempsey's is now on the stage while Charles P. Dempsey of New York who with the late Frank Mack, formerly ran the old Savoy theatre, and Miss Margaret Dempsey of the Vayons theatre, are nephew and niece respectively of the famous comedian.

Another mention is made of a Lowell actor of quarter of a century ago, as follows:

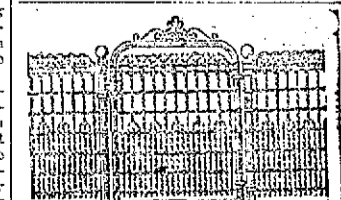
"Eddie Quinn left this city this week for New York to join Barton Brothers minstrels. He is to do a character and sketch business."

Eddie, or as he was better known, Paul Quinn, was subsequently a member of the American Four, a noted team of entertainers. He is still in the business and has prospered.

There's another line about an eminently successful actor who started his career quarter of a century ago: "James A. McDonald and Charles German of Lowell have joined Atkinson's 'Deck's Bad Boy' company, which is to appear here at Music Hall, this evening."

Jimmie McDonald subsequently became well known on the stage as a singing comedian and composer of songs. He appeared here some years ago in a leading role in the big production of the "Cotton King." He has been successful from the start and is still making good.

THE OLD TIMER



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PRESIDENT WILSON'S LOSS

While the affairs of Europe for the past few days plunged the world in tense anxiety and laid the burdens of enormous responsibility on the shoulders of President Wilson, he worked and watched beside the death bed of his beloved and devoted wife, and today he watches beside her casket. With characteristic delicacy, the president showed to the world no sign of the sorrow under which he has been laboring, but went about his official duties with the same calm idealism that has marked him from the beginning. The world respects the sanctity of his grief and out from the great heart of this nation wells a loyal sympathy that may in some small measure support him in days of official and personal trial. When the first lady of the land lies dead, all Americans feel in some measure a personal loss, and this is peculiarly true in the case of the noble woman who graced the highest station in the land with virtuous simplicity.

Since the elevation of her husband brought her into the national limelight, Mrs. Wilson showed herself a worthy successor to the distinguished line of ladies of the White House, and every revelation of her sweet personality displayed a womanly woman, well poised, intellectual, cultured and, better than all, actuated by the domestic virtues that brighten many a humble home throughout the country. The president and his wife have apparently been most devoted to each other and they have been the center of an exemplary home circle. At this time when the official cares of the chief executive are a burden on human endurance, may the sympathy of a united nation assuage the pain of a domestic separation which is as keen in the palace as in the cottage.

THE WAR SITUATION

From the point of view of the peace lover the momentous European war grows worse daily, though in all probability its speedy settlement will depend greatly on the time to elapse before a great land conflict takes place between Germany and either France or Russia, or a great naval battle between Germany and England. The eyes of the entire world are on the North sea, and it is not an exaggeration to say that many of the most humane and idealistic people of all nations are hoping for a gigantic engagement that may open the way for some diplomatic solution of the struggle that has plunged Europe in the darkest war in the history of mankind.

The first engagements of any consequence are reported to have taken place between the respective armies of Germany and the hitherto neutral Belgium; the Belgians are said to have been victorious. Germany has shown little respect for treaties and agreements, and one of her first acts was to invade Belgium in a desire to strike at the more unprotected frontier of France. German generals published proclamations professing the greatest regard and respect for Belgium and promising to respect her neutrality and to leave her liberties unimpaired, but Belgium showed a spirit of independence that was apparently unexpected by Germany. Instead of waiting passively while German soldiers cut through her territory in their eagerness to attack France, King Albert actively opposed his invaders, and no Belgium is in the conflict, to stay until the end. If by any miracle Germany should emerge victorious, Belgian liberty or neutrality would be a thing of the past; Belgium, however, has not only acted as her feelings dictated, but has thrown her lot with the side that the world holds to be the probable winner. Germany may succeed in forcing a way to the less protected French frontier through Belgium, but there she will meet the French soldiers fully prepared and eager for battle. Anticipating possible trouble, Belgium has invited France over the frontier.

In her desire to strengthen herself by taking strategic positions on the north, in preparation for a possible naval battle with England, Germany is said to be bombarding the coast fortifications of other nations. Her action towards Luxembourg, Belgium and France indicate a total disregard for previous agreements, and she is not apt to be guided by any principle but absolute selfishness. England as yet is not on the offensive, but she is certainly anxious to meet Germany in a great naval battle. England's suspicion of Germany's motives did not begin yesterday, and there are scores between both countries that only a decisive engagement may wipe out. In a few weeks or in a few days the greatest engagement of the war may take place in an epoch-making clash between the navies of the great rival powers. England has by far the greater navy, but Germany depends on the perfection of her naval equipment. In guns, explosives, aerial craft, including the famous dirigibles and submarines, Germany stands for the latest and most progressive in naval warfare. It is rumored that the clash has already come but of this there is no certainty.

With the exception of Austria, Ger-

many has found neither aid nor sympathy among the great powers, and even one nation of the triple alliance—Italy—has refused to keep her agreement. Germany has now sent an ultimatum to Italy, but domestic conditions in the southern country may prevent active participation on either side, though it is supposed generally that Italy's sympathies are against the side that Austria supports. Italy is poor and in some domestic straits and her aid to either side would not be very material. Her moral support, however, would count for something in a struggle in which so many great powers are involved.

President Wilson is being commended on all sides for his timely and delicate offer of mediation, but much is not expected from it. The powers have gone too far to turn back without some degree of fighting, and all that the world can hope is that the dead will be counted in thousands instead of millions. Already the direct effects of war are discernible in higher prices in London and the other European capitals, and the rank and file of these countries are complaining. They may have reason to complain far more before the war ends, but in such complaints is the germ that will some day prevent any scheming monarchy or nation from subjecting the people of the earth to untold suffering and inhuman misery.

WATCHFUL WAITING VINDICATED

The present European whirlwind of war gives President Wilson a splendid opportunity to vindicate his "watchful waiting" policy towards Mexico, but no claim of his is needed; facts speak for themselves. The United States had far greater reason to declare war against Mexico than Austria had against Serbia, but the president waited in the face of mockery, abuse and bare accusation and so the threat of a world war cloud passed. Still, it was easy for some multi-talented politician to make the administration policy look weak and wobbly until Europe flamed with war from end to end. Now we hear nothing about the watchful waiting policy from foes of the administration, and we are not liable to hear anything about it for some time to come, although Mr. McCall aspirant to the Massachusetts governorship, threatened a little while ago, through some mysterious process of reasoning, to make it a great issue in the coming campaign. It is to be hoped that Mr. McCall has more sense than to attack the Mexican policy of President Wilson which leaves us peaceful and prosperous while most of the great world powers stand on the brink of hell.

REGARDING PARISIAN STYLES

Among the much lamented miseries of war are the shortage of Parisian gowns in this country, and the inability to import any for some time to come. Miss Flora McMillan will certainly have nothing to wear this winter unless she is satisfied with the creations of home dressmakers. It may be that the very opportunity will create American costume artists that will make Paris look to its laurels, for the domestic product has always been as good as if not superior to the imported article, but the craving for distinction with the foreign hall-mark made French fashions from Worth or Paquin or Lucile look gorgeous, while neglected dressmakers in Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass., were creating gowns far more economical and far more artistic. Silks, laces and muslins are manufactured here in abundance and our artists are reputed to be among the most advanced and original in the world. It seems an excellent time for national pride to assert itself among our exploited society women, and the peace-loving lady with a "little creation from Paris" should be treated with deserved disdain. Get your gowns made in America, ladies, and, as for Miss Flora McMillan who has "nothing to wear," why let her stay home for a reason. Her feet are tired from the tango, anyway, and the poor girl is in need of a rest.

A DEADLY DARE

From Lynn comes a story of juvenile tragic daring that is more direct in its thrilling appeal than many wild west stories or "human interest" movie films. Some youngsters there have been in the habit of climbing an elevated railroad structure to avoid the police and then laying their heads on the rails in front of an approaching train, in order to demonstrate their possession of nerve. On Wednesday two of them, having challenged each other to a test in the strange game, climbed to the track, as usual, but in their obstinacy to prevent each other from being victim, each kept his head on the rail too long, with the result that both were hit by the engine and hurled to death.

These boys certainly showed abnormal courage, but in their very determination is something which should serve as a warning to parents and to all who have any part in shaping the future of our youth. The boy who would keep his head on a railroad track in front of an approaching engine has nerve sufficient to break into a residence in the dead of night, to

destroy property, to murder, to become wholly lawless. Neither of the dead boys may have done these things and both may have been despicable characters, but their deadly daring in the daring which is so apparent among growing boys of the present, the daring that leads often to prison or to the electric chair. The absence of fear so typical of many daring boys of the rising generation may in reality be a lack of moral sense with which so many virtues and weaknesses are entwined.

It would be interesting to know if the Lynn boys who gave up their lives as the result of such inhuman sport were holders of the moving picture theatres or members of a gang where wonderful exploits were recorded. Somehow or somewhere they had imbibed a false impression of courage and their abnormal craving for "excitement" showed anything but a healthy boyish attitude towards life. The lesson of their death should be put down by all who read it as another of the modern instances that point to an undesirable and dangerous spirit in our growing youth.

Those who went out on the darkened Lusitania which tore through the darkness with two German cruisers in pursuit could scarcely make the old

charge that an ocean trip is too notorious. In fact, any trip now in a German, French or English liner promises more thrills than a Conestoga loop-the-loop.

It is to be hoped that if any two of our foreign citizens get together and wrangle over the merits of their respective countries, a stalwart American will step up and bang their heads together. America is neutral ground and we should not tolerate international strife on our shores, even among individuals.

Meanwhile the sun rises and sets, the flowers blow, the fruits ripen, and everything on earth, except mankind, shows no change. Nature is not perturbed by the strifes of mortals; where thousands of dead lie this year on the plains of Europe, white daisies and scarlet poppies will blow all the more beautifully when the fight is over and the hopes of hundreds are hushed.

Is that the Imperial eagle aloft, or is it a French monoplane?

The bulletins that puzzle many of our people are well understood by the dark skinned workers who pause on their way home from the mill.

God defend the right!

SEEN AND HEARD

Lusitania, the chased.

"Willichad" a narrow escape.

The most popular naval band: contraband.

No use in talking this rained music is putting a whole lot of musicians out of business.

Some baseball fans are in Europe, and the baseball cry hath come: "It's time to clear the bases. Send a liner and bring us home."

They feel! The German hosts disband, the mounted hosts dismayed. At the sight of Marshal Fankhurst, and her militant brigade.

Those Parisians who predict a shortage of champagne in this country evidently do not know that the supply of labels is practically good for years to come.

Spanish squirrels from state house grounds—war cry of Columbus, O. People resent the logic of these little bits of Nature.

Their presence proves there's many a "nut" in Ohio's legislature.

Woodrow Wilson 1 to peace, wishes Europe's war 2 cease; Asks the great powers to wait, now, but it is too late. "If a man's influence, pray, listen to its music away."

Peace is gracious 'Tis mandate; won't you let me meditate? So lo, he makes his call, let us hope they'll take it.

THE CORNERS CHECKERS CLUB

Rufe Coffin said: "Bill Hastings has writ him that he's in a train robbery, the Colorado labor riots, wuz nearly hung by sum Mexicans a week later, and lost all his close in a hotel fire in Saint Louis. Seize 'I've got so that excitement don't excite me any more.' Ain't it so? Us Americans has got so that even Roosevelt don't excite us no more. The only thing that would really excite us now, wud be a spell of peace an' quiet."

PROPHECY OF NAPOLEON
A hundred and some odd years ago Napoleon Bonaparte, the second Julius Caesar, a Corsican by birth and a nobody by ancestry, forced his rule upon France, willingly bowing her neck to his sovereignty, because he was full of military glory to her, but no less welcome because it was a relief from the despotic tyranny of her own Bourbons.

But when Napoleon usurped the sovereignty of Napoleon and gathered to his brother Joseph upon his throne, and then his sister Caroline and Murat, when Joseph was made king of Spain and Louis king of Holland, the sovereignty of Europe, among them the great powers of Russia, Austria, England and Prussia, all felt their throats cutting beneath them, and with mighty armies combined they crushed him. Looking back upon the ruins of his once overwhelmingly splendid dominion and seeing his enemies returned once more to their absolute rule, Bonaparte yet had the vision of the seer in looking.

And hunger and pain are the mother's share.
—Joseph Smith.

log into the future, and he said: "In a hundred years Europe will be either all Cossack or all republican."

GLORY

Why do you shiver and gaze with dread
Where the black clouds skyward creep?
Why does your face wear the look of the dead?
Mother mine, why do you weep?
The people shout and the trumpets blow.
And the marching soldiers sing.
And father has gone to do and dare
And fight for our lord the King.
And the little children festival here.
Yet you, my mother, tremble and weep.

The sun was high in the summer sky
In the dim years long ago
When I kissed my father and brother
Good-bye,
And I heard the trumpets blow.
My father sleeps in the French Champagne.
By brother rests by the Rhone,
My sister's man in the Vosges was slain.
And lies in a grave unknown.
My mother, gray with her griefs
And years,
Wept till Death came, and Death
Died her tears.

Mother, the streets re-echo with
The cheers,
Yet wives and mothers are shedding
Tears
When heroes the King acclaim.
Fluttering pennants and beating
drums
And regiments marching by,
And plaudits loud when the great King
comes
That none to the sunlit sky
When bugles blow and the world
is gay.
Mother, dear, why do you weep
always?

The soldiers go but women remain
To harvest the lonely fields;
The glory that dwells in grief and pain
A harvest of death but yields.
Peasants and toilers, pawns in the
game
That Kings and war-lords play,
Are led to the mouth of war and fame
And the price of glory
Marched to the fields and slaughter
tells like sheep.
While mothers and wives must
wait and weep.

Mother, our country's foes are in arms,
With mailed and menacing hand;
Our heroes wait in war's alarms
Till they strike our native land.
Till their tramping hosts are at our
door
And our fields are laid in waste,
Till we hear the angry cannon's roar
And bitter defeat we taste?
Mother, dear, dry your tears and
rejoice
That our heroes answer our
Country's voice.

Our country's voice? 'Tis a King that
speaks.
Alike to us and our foes:
The tolling peasant no glory seeks,
Though he give and take the blows.
Friend and foe, we suffer alike;
We are the shattered and dead;
The Kings cry war and the peasants
strike.
Blind fools on the fields of red,
The broken heart and the vacant
chair.

And hunger and pain are the mother's share.
—Joseph Smith.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

THE PRESIDENT'S OFFER
Mr. Wilson knows perfectly well that the nation has not gathered to Armageddon for the purpose of bargaining a peace, but his offer of the good news of the United States to the warring powers that have ratified the Hague convention is none the less correct, humane and commendable, whether or not it bears fruit later. It serves to mark again the perfect neutrality and the impartially friendly wishes of this country, a composite of

so many races and origins, and thereby bound to be an unpugged and un-rejudged observer of foreign quarrels and a just balancing mediator, should occasion hereafter call.—New York Sun.

NONSENICAL ALARMS
A good deal of alarmist silliness is getting into print about what will happen to this country because of the war. Such is the statement that 1,000,000 men—one sheet makes it 2,000,000, or all the men of fighting age born in this country involved will return to Europe, to take part. This fact is most of them came here to escape from militarism. The "call for reserves" will have small response compared with the whole. And think how long a time it would take to transport a million men to Europe, practically matching our largest yearly immigration figures.—Worcester Post.

ENGLAND'S PART
The occasion for England's declaration of war was the German invasion of the neutral state of Belgium. England as one of the guarantors had a neutrality. Though England had all ready promised to protect the north coast of France, it is conceivable that the neutrality of Belgium had been maintained, she would not have gone to the full extent of war with Germany. Then why did Germany insist on bringing even England to the assistance of her enemies?—Lowiston Sun.

HIGH COST OF CITIES
It is stated authoritatively that the cost of running cities has increased one-third in 10 years and few will doubt this when they consider the immense living expenses in their own households. The same influences which have caused the high cost of similar rise in the expense of the maintenance of cities, as a consequence tax rates are advancing all over the country, and valuations are increasing, or the convenience supplied to the people are being reduced.—Newport News.

OH! THOSE NAMES
The Balkan war put a severe strain on the linotype operators and the

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166 CENTRAL STREET.

so many races and origins, and thereby bound to be an unpugged and un-rejudged observer of foreign quarrels and a just balancing mediator, should occasion hereafter call.—New York Sun.

proof readers in negotiating some of the tongue-twisters in the way of names of individuals and places that figured in the news' despatches. But with this general war about to commence, involving so many foreign countries, the worst is yet to come.—Fall River Globe.

MODERN WAR'S LIMITS
The action of the British government

last night crows in dramatic manner a swift series of portentous events which have now totally destroyed the hope of confining the Austro-Serbian war within narrow limits. There still remains, however, the possibility of limiting it in time; and the accepted rules of modern warfare, it is feared will greatly limit it in atrocities, as compared with the physical consequences of earlier fighting in the same field.—Providence Tribune.

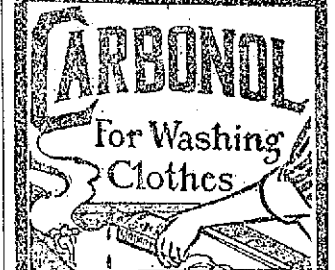
Watch Your Baby These Summer Days

Little Stomachs Get Out of Order Easily in Hot Weather

During the hot months mothers should look very carefully to the condition of the bowels of babies and young children, and for that matter, people at all ages. Care should be taken that the water is pure, the milk wholesome and the fruit ripe (though not over-ripe), and that not too much of anything is eaten. When trouble results it is usually in the form of constipation or of diarrhoea. If the child loses appetite, is fretful or languid, and complains of headache, you may look for constipation. Give it a small dose of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at night, and by morning the pleasant laxative will have acted and the child will be its normal self again. At the first sign of a summer cold also give Syrup Pepsin, as the clearing out of the bowels will usually be sufficient to break the cold. Summer diarrhoea can be stopped in the same way by ridding the bowels of the poison and germs that cause the trouble. This opinion of the value of Syrup Pepsin is shared by thousands of people like Mrs. Ella Demmel, 124 Nichols ave., Stratford, Conn., who uses it successfully herself and gives it to her two little boys, and Mrs. C. C. Allen of New Monterey, Cal., who finds it in every particular just what she and her family need.



Avoid giving children cathartics, purgatives, pills or powders, as they are too harsh. Confine yourself to a gentle laxative- tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. You can obtain it of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, the latter being the family size. Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it postpaid, by addressing Dr. W. E. Caldwell, 419 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.



All laundry coming from a sick room should be washed with Carbonol, the wonderful coal tar disinfectant. The addition of a little Carbonol to the water will turn it into a powerful disinfectant, destroying germs in the clothing, sheets, etc., making them sterile.

If you send your laundry outside of the house, you ought to insist that your handmaiden use a disinfectant regularly, for she mixes up your clothes with those of other people and disease germs may be transmitted in this way.

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ATHLETES AND ATHLETICS

Frank McPherson, the Centralville boy who has been with the Lynn and Haverhill teams this season, was picked up by Manager Gray this morning when it was found that Greenhaige would be unable to play this afternoon in the game at Lawrence. McPherson will play second base.

Hon Webster and Jack Anderson, the two Revere swimmers, met Mike Wrenn at the Sun office last night in an endeavor to arrange a match but no definite plans were laid. In other words none of the fifty change was posted. Webster announced himself as ready to take up Tim Maloney's challenge to swim him any distance over five miles in any water, but Anderson refused to swim Wrenn in fresh water. It looks as though Mike has the swimmers in this vicinity pretty well scared in fresh water propositions.

Although the Lakeview pool tournament is not ended as yet it looks as though Peter Leveque would pull out a winner. Leveque has played consistent pool in the tournament since early summer and is leading his nearest opponent by a wide margin.

Rabbit Maraville gave the Boston fans a thrill yesterday when he slammed the pill over the fence in the tenth inning of the Braves-Pirates game. The ex-New England leaguer was the real hero of the contest. He procured three of the Boston team's eight hits and only had one slip in twelve chances. That's some record for an afternoon!

Yes, Matty Zieser was wild yesterday but with a little better fielding would have had a tussle at any rate. It must be discouraging for Zieser to pitch for this year's team when he remembers the calibre of the club which represented his last season.

Yale will retain Guy Nicholls as coach of the crew for next season. The same stroke which defeated Harvard this year will be adopted again.

DIAMOND DAZZLES

Mike O'Brien did very well yesterday in his decisions on the bases. Umpire Doherty was off on two or three occasions, his worst offence being on Swayne's hit to left field which he called foul but which actually kicked up the line on the line. Swayne was resting on second when he called him back to the plate. This is the second time Doherty's eyesight has been at fault on a batted ball, his decision in Lawrence on one occasion being the turning point against Lowell. Buggy was allowed a base on a ball which struck foul by nearly a yard.

Bushelman will have to gain better control than he had yesterday before he will be of much aid to Jesse Burkett. The big fellow was very wild and it was a good move to take him out.

Gaw is certainly the goods when it comes to pinch hitting. It was his timely single Wednesday which allowed Worcester to tie up the score and his single yesterday gave the visitors a chance to tie up the second game. He's a dangerous batter at any time.

Johnnie Strands played a wonderful game at third base. His unassisted double play in the eighth inning was one of the features of the afternoon. Strands is playing the greatest game of his diamond career this season.

It was a sad, sad day. Two games went Worcesterward. The first defeat was not so bad but it was a hard blow when the second contest was pushed over into the lost column.

Burke is evidently taking a rest. His playing in both games yesterday was not up to the standard set by himself earlier in the season. Can it be that the local captain would like a change of climate?

Wacob caught two fine games of baseball. Peter is just about the class in the "little old league" when it comes to backstop duty. Wacob is also hitting the ball hard these days.

Greenhaige's homer woke up things for a short time and that four run lead looked mighty big. It was a welcome knock but, alas, it went for naught.

Sheehan is the most finished "booter" on the Lowell club and that is giving the young man some distinction. Whenever the local club is in a tight place Sheehan can be depended upon to kick the sphere around even on the easiest chances.

Greenhaige was injured in the fourth inning when he tried a high dive into the plate. Snubber is a good batter and a hard worker at times but he does like to mix before a full grandstand. His injury yesterday was his own fault and Carroll was not to blame. Some day Greenhaige may learn that it is silly to play "to the grandstand."

Lawrence's defeat at the hands of the Haverhill club yesterday puts Worcester right up in the running. Both clubs are aggressive and are noted for coming from behind and turning over a win. It will be a great battle between them from now on.

Shorren, Pottelger and Stewart make a great trio of outer gardeners. Shorren in particular is a wonderful fielder as well as the league's lead-

Nicholls is regarded as nothing short of a hero by the students at the New Haven university. It was announced at one time that Nicholls had been discharged. The reasons for such a move could be nothing but personal for Nicholls performed a stupendous task with the Yale crew.

King Couchman copped the big purse, yesterday at Grand Rapids, Mich., when he paced the 211 event for the Comstock stake in straight heats. This horse won the C. & C. stakes last week at the Detroit meeting of the grand circuit.

Yesterday's game between the Brooklyn and Kansas City Federal league clubs proved to be an Indian duel. Bluejacket was on the mound for Brooklyn and Johnson worked for Kansas City. It was a splendid contest with the Brooklyn team winning 3-0.

Christy Mathewson had one bad inning in his battle with the Chicago Cubs batters and that was just enough to heat him 4-3. "Big Six" has not displayed his oldtime control in the last few games he has pitched for the Giants.

The Australians won the Davis cup singles at the Longwood courts yesterday, although the British team put up a strong argument in every match. Forke, the Irishman on the English team, gave a wonderful exhibition in his match with Brookes.

President Ebbetts has signed up Shortstop O'Mara for the next two years at an increase in salary. The Brooklyn shortstop, although only 20 years old, is considered one of the Nations League's sensations. O'Mara was a balboy at the St. Louis ball park until three years ago. Eddie Betard—take notice.

The Braves will play at Fenway park again tomorrow and a larger crowd than attended last Saturday's contest is expected. They certainly deserve all the support that the Hub fans are giving them.

er with the willow. All three of these outfielders contributed features.

Speaking about outfielders it would be rather hard to improve upon Swayne and Stimpson in the long grass positions. They are both fast and can grab a fly ball most anywhere. Swayne pulled down several hard hit drives in deep center.

LEAGUE STANDING

N. E. League	Won	Lost	P.C.
Lawrence	37	30	55.5
Worcester	31	31	50.0
Portland	27	34	44.1
Lynn	21	43	32.8
Lowell	17	45	27.6
Haverhill	13	48	21.4
Manchester	10	50	16.7

American League	Won	Lost	P.C.
Philadelphia	63	31	67.0
Boston	56	44	56.0
Washington	51	41	55.3
Pittsburgh	45	49	47.9
St. Louis	43	50	46.2
Chicago	43	52	45.0
New York	44	56	44.0
Cleveland	33	69	32.4

National League	Won	Lost	P.C.
New York	55	38	59.1
Chicago	53	45	54.1
St. Louis	51	47	51.7
Boston	49	45	52.1
Cincinnati	47	51	48.0
Philadelphia	45	50	47.4
Brooklyn	40	52	43.5
Pittsburgh	40	54	42.4

Federal League	Won	Lost	P.C.
Baltimore	53	41	56.4
Chicago	50	44	53.0
Brooklyn	50	41	54.9
Indianapolis	50	45	52.6
Buffalo	48	47	50.5
Kansas City	44	48	47.9
Pittsburgh	41	52	44.2
St. Louis	42	58	42.0

GAMES TOMORROW

New England
Lawrence at Lowell.
Haverhill at Worcester (2 games).
Lynn at Lewiston (2 games).
Manchester at Portland.

American
Boston at Detroit.
New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at Chicago.

National
Cincinnati at Boston.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at New York.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.

Federal
Buffalo at Kansas City.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Baltimore at Indianapolis.

BASEBALL RESULTS

New England
Worcester 14, Lowell 1.
Worcester 8, Lowell 7.
Haverhill 3, Lawrence 1.
Manchester 1, Lewiston 0.
Portland 5, Lynn 3.

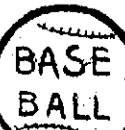
American
No games scheduled.

National
Boston 5, Pittsburgh 4, (10 innings).
Chicago 4, New York 3.
St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 2.
Cincinnati 4, Philadelphia 2.

Federal
Buffalo 4, Indianapolis 3.
Chicago 2, Kansas City 0.
Pittsburgh 6, St. Louis 5.
Baltimore 5, Chicago 2.

NO SHORTAGE OF WHEAT

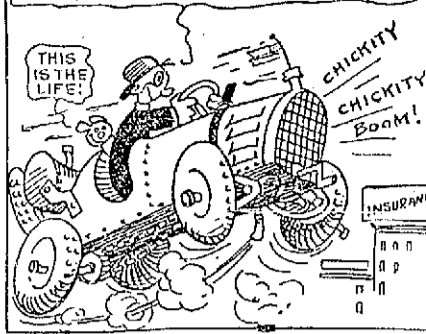
BROCKTON, Aug. 7.—The joint show council, advisory body of 13,000 members of the Boot and Shoe Workers union in Brockton, yesterday sent to Secretary W. B. Wilson of the department of commerce and labor, the executive council of the American Federation of Labor and to the Chicago Federation of Labor a protest against alleged plans of corporations and their agents to force prices of flour and other staples of food because of the European crisis. The protest declares there is no shortage of wheat and that great crops that will fill the markets should decrease prices rather than cause increases. The protest asks that investigation be made immediately and that the results be made public.



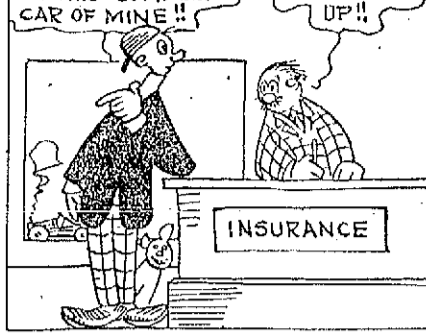
TOMORROW
LAWRENCE
vs.
LOWELL
Spalding Park
Three o'clock

EXCUSE ME

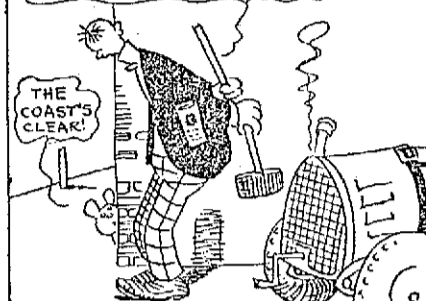
I'VE JUST BOUGHT THIS 1914 "COMPLEX" MACHINE FROM ABE KADIBBLE FOR \$205.39! NOW TO GET IT INSURED!



I'D LIKE TO TAKE OUT A \$3,000 INSURANCE ON THIS "COMPLEX" CAR OF MINE!!



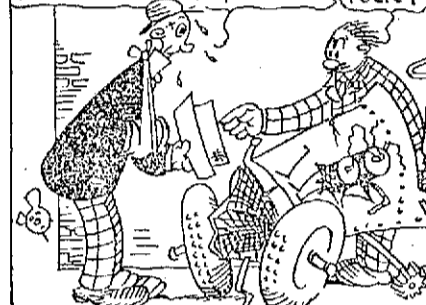
NOW I'VE GOT THE "COMPLEX" INSURED FOR \$3,000!! IF I DENT IT UP A BIT WITH THIS SLEDGE HAMMER I OUGHT TO MAKE A PROFIT OF \$2,794.61!!



SAY INSURANCE MAN—I'VE JUST BEEN IN A DARN GOOD ACCIDENT WITH MY "COMPLEX"!!



YEP, I WAS HIT WITH A TRAIN AND RIGHT AFTER I LET YOUR COMPANY INSURE IT FOR \$3,000—Too!!



WHY YOU CAN'T COLLECT—EXCUSE ME!



SURGERY FOR SICK TREES

Tree Surgery as a Science Every Year More Generally Appreciated—Good Suggestions

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7.—A pruning hook and climbing spurs and cavity in a decayed tree is something like a cavity in a decayed tooth. If an unreliable tree surgeon who has been called in to save the tree only partially removes the diseased part of the wound, using no antiseptic coatings in the cavity and fills it up with cement, the tree is no more cured than is a person whose decayed tooth has not been properly filled by a dentist. The only difference is that after the tree cavity has been covered, if the work has not been properly done, the tree has no way of making its trouble known except by further decay.

Within the last decade there has been a great increase in demand for surgeons to repair decaying shade trees, but the possibilities of practicing fraud in this profession like the instance just cited have tempted so many unreliable people to dabble in the science that tree surgery has fallen somewhat into disrepute. The U. S. department of agriculture realizes that commercial tree surgery should occupy a high place in the estimation of the public, and has recently issued a pamphlet entitled, "Practical Tree Surgery," wherein suggestions are made for improvement along these lines.

As in all professions, there are reliable and unreliable men and firms competing for contracts in tree surgery. In recent years so many occasions have arisen when property owners felt the necessity of calling in commercial tree surgeons to attend to their trees that there are now numerous firms, both honest and dishonest, engaged in the work. Usually tree surgery is practiced in connection with some nearly related line, but often it is taken up as a business of itself. When a blight such as the chestnut bark disease, infects the trees of a district, the community, or individuals in it, will often spend considerable money to control ravages which may rob the whole district of its trees. An infection like the chestnut bark disease is contagious. It requires scientific knowledge of the disease to know whether an affected tree should be destroyed at once or is worth treating. It requires scientific training to understand the manner of growth of the fungi causing the disease and what treatment is best.

Many individuals who have had faith in tree surgery have lost it through following the advice of unreliable tree surgeons who claim to be able to diagnose a case, but whose main interest was to collect a good sum of money for their work.

Misuse of Pruning Hooks
Besides the careless filling of decayed cavities in trees, there are other practices of certain so-called "tree surgeons" that do the trees more harm than good. Many of these "surgeons," as well as the people who employ them, do not realize the danger arising from fresh injuries to a tree. The tree owner should realize that prompt attendance to fresh injuries will largely do away with the need of tree surgery 15 or 20 years hence. The tree surgeon must realize that if they make fresh injuries in the living bark, when treating decayed portions they are laying the tree open to more dangers of infection that will result in further decay.

Just as a person is subject to infection through cuts and scratches, trees are rendered subject to infection by having their living bark torn. Notwithstanding this, many tree surgeons use

infection. They simply render the treated tree all the more liable to catch the disease which is "in the air."

All properly equipped firms of commercial surgeons should have ladders that would reach 40 or more feet into a tree. Ladders, ropes and rubber-soled shoes will allow a man to reach practically every part. Reliable estimates indicate that it takes somewhat longer (perhaps 25 per cent. on an average) to do work on a tree when these are used instead of climbing spurs, and this is one reason why many firms who value remuneration more than reputation use the spurs.

To Minimize Carelessness

The U. S. department of agriculture is suggesting a plan that may help put commercial tree surgery on a better basis. Owners are urged to have a definite written contract with the tree surgeons they employ, and the following is suggested as a model for such contract.

(1) No climbing spurs shall be used on any part of a tree.
(2) The shoes worn by the workmen shall have soft rubber bottoms.
(3) Ordinary commercial orange shellac shall be applied to cover the cut edges of sawwood and cambium (which is the soft formative tissue from which the new wood and bark

CRAWFORD AND MAGEE BEST SLUGGERS IN AMERICAN AND NATIONAL LEAGUES



Here are the two heaviest sluggers in the two big leagues. Sam Crawford of Detroit leads the American league in long distance bombarding with sixteen doubles, eighteen triples and seven home runs. Magee of the Philadelphia Nationals heads his league with twenty-four doubles, six triples and eight home runs.

WITCH HAZEL

Which is made from fresh green twigs and pure grain alcohol. It is triple distilled. Pint 15c

BAY RUM

Which is prepared by distilling selected Rum into which fresh leaves of the bay tree have been steeped. Pint 35c

C. B. COBURN CO., 63 Market St. Free City Motor Delivery.



originate) within five minutes after the final trimming cut is made.

(4) All cut or shellacked surfaces shall be painted with commercial creosote, followed by thick coal tar.

(5) All diseased, rotten, discolored, water-soaked, or insect-eaten wood shall be removed in cavity work and the cavity inspected by the owner or his agent before it is filled.
(6) Only a good grade of Portland cement and clean, sharp sand in no weaker mixture than 1 to 3 shall be used to fill cavities.

(7) The contractor shall repair, free of expense, and defects that may appear in the work within one year.

If the owner prefers to have a cavity filled with asphalt or other material instead of cement, the contract can be altered accordingly. If it is desirable to substitute some other preparation for shellac, this can be done. Similarly, under certain conditions, various other modifications may be made, although alterations in Nos. 1, 2, 5, and 7 should be made with caution. It may so happen that if all insect-eaten wood is removed, the tree may be dangerously weakened; under such conditions the diseased matter can be removed to solid wood and the cavity fumigated. Other suggestions about these lines may be found in the pamphlet issued by the department.

Invitation to Co-operate

The department realizes that this science is comparatively new and that methods in the near future may be developed that will prove far superior to some now in common use. It therefore invites correspondence, either

from individuals or firms concerning new methods of treatment and is prepared to advise regarding any particular method so far as experimental results will permit. The co-operation of all who are interested is necessary for this work. All interested are urged to write for the new bulletin.

IN POLICE COURT

Judge Pickman and Supt. Welch had a very early time of it this morning for today's police court session was only a matter of a few minutes. Only four defendants faced them from the dock.

All of this morning's defendants were simple drunks. Three out of the four should have known better than to linger at a one-leg-rost apartment for they have felt the heavy hand of the law before.

Charles W. Ryan, a third timer within the year, took a trip up Thorndike street way for a 90 days' stay with Sheriff Eveleigh. Joseph G. Weaver was allowed a furlough to Bridgewater for an indefinite period. Michael Connors was rather unsteady on his pins this morning and was sent up in jail for a short stay of 15 days. Herbert C. Small drew the lucky ticket and got off with a \$5 tax. And that was all there was doing this morning.

Liggett's HALL & LYON STORES

America's Greatest Drug Stores

UP-TO-DATE PRESCRIPTION SERVICE.

The Rexall Stores

Novelty Doll House Free For the Children

Given Away Tomorrow With Every Purchase at TOILET GOODS DEPT. Amounting to 50c or over.

5c Pkg. Necco

Wafers Free

With every purchase at CANDY DEPT. Tomorrow amounting to 25c or over.

Soda Extra Special

Delicious Frozen Pudding

With Marshmallow Cherry Sauce. Regular 15c value. Special tomorrow 10c

FREE 12 Regular 10c Straight

Lord Prior HIGH GRADE CIGARS

With Each 13 Purchased at the Regular Price 10c Each
DON'T MISS THIS UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

SALE OF IMPORTED BRIAR PIPES

Sterling Silver ferrule and hard rubber bit. Your choice 50c
FREE! 2 10c pkgs. Prince Albert Tobacco with every pipe purchased.

Summer Toilet Necessities

AUTO GOGGLES Good variety to choose from. 25c to \$2.00	"Thymo-Snech" TOOTH BRUSHES Sold in sealed cartons—each brush guaranteed. 35c, 3 for \$1.00	"BOUQUET JEANICE" Talcum Powder Exquisitely Luxurious Extra Large Heavy Turkish FACE CLOTHS - 3 for 25c
HARMONY GLYCERINE SOAP Large 1/2 lb. cakes. 3 for 25c	REXALL Shaving Powder, Stick or Cream 25c size Special at 10c	LIGGETT'S Hard Rubber COMBS Best Value on the market. 10c to 98c
The Famous VIOLET DULCE TOILET WATER 75c and \$1.25	SPECIAL! Regular \$1.25 "H. & L. No. 223" HAIR BRUSHES Saturday only 87c	

LOWELL'S LEADING DRUG STORE 67 Merrimack St.



10c CIGAR

Thirty-nine years' continuous increased sales tells its own story. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

—WE SELL—
COAL
The best from the leading mines at lowest prices. None better.
Wm. E. Livingston Co.
15 THORNDIKE ST. Est. 1828

LATE WAR BULLETINS

LONDON BANKS REOPENED TODAY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—12.20 p. m.—The financial district of London almost resumed its normal aspect today with the re-opening of the banks. Interest centered around the bank of England, where a gradually extending line of people gathered, anxious to change paper money for gold. There was no great rush until noon.

WARRING NATIONS ACKNOWLEDGE PRES. WILSON'S OFFER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Receipt of President Wilson's offer of good offices has been acknowledged by some of the warring nations in Europe, but none of the responses constitute anything in the nature of a reply. Officials do not know whether it has been received in Germany.

The response from the Russian foreign office said the proposal had not been brought to the attention of Emperor Nicholas because he was moving about the country directing preparations. What others had acknowledged was not disclosed.

GERMAN STEAMER SEIZED AT RIMOUSKI, QUE.

QUEBEC, Aug. 7.—Reports from Rimouski, Que., today were to the effect that a German steamer was being held at that place as a prize.

GERMAN AND BRITISH SHIPS NEAR CLASH

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7.—The German freighter Alexandria of the Cosmos line, with a million dollar cargo, was sighted five miles outside the Heads, bound in at 10.50 a. m. today. Had the British cruiser Rainbow, which passed in two hours and 20 minutes earlier, been delayed she might have made a rich prize of war.

BRITISH STEAMERS ARRIVE AT BOSTON

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—Two British steamers, the Iberian from Manchester and Indram from Yokohama, arrived today without having seen any signs of German warships off the coast. Those on board the Iberian did not know of hostilities in Europe until the pilot boarded the steamer off Boston Light.

EXPECT CAPTURE BY GERMAN CRUISERS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Naval officers are expecting news of the capture by German cruisers, understood to be lying off the North Atlantic coast, of a number of British, French and Belgian merchantmen. Unless that is done they do not know how the German cruisers can maintain their station much longer for lack of fuel. The only other recourse for coal would be a shore port. The German cruisers may take coal only at an American port within three months and a sufficient amount to convey them to the nearest home port.

ADVISED TO STAY IN JAPANESE PORTS

TOKYO, Aug. 7.—The captains of merchant vessels belonging to Russia, France and Great Britain were advised today by the authorities to stay in Japanese ports in order to avoid danger. No confirmation has been received here of the report that the Russian warship Askold and the German cruiser Emden had been fighting in the China sea.

CROKER GIVES REDMOND CHECK FOR \$2500

LONDON, Aug. 7, 5.20 p. m.—Richard Croker, the former political leader of New York, today sent to John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, \$2500 as a subscription to the Irish Nationalist volunteer fund and relinquished his residence at Glencairn for the accommodation of the wounded during the European war. Mr. Croker announced that he was proceeding to America to interest Irish-Americans in the volunteer movement.

BULGARIANS SIDE WITH GERMANY AND AUSTRIA

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 7.—(Via London—5.10 a. m.)—A telegram from Nish, Serbia, states that bands of Bulgarian volunteers are forming along the southwest frontier to replace the Austrian troops which have been withdrawn to the Russian line.

FRENCH ARMY ENTERS BELGIUM

LONDON, Aug. 7.—4.40 p. m.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Brussels says the French army has now entered Belgium and has advanced well into the country.

FRENCHMAN TAKEN FROM TRAIN AND SHOT

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Karl Von Lowery, an American who arrived in London today from Germany, asserted that he saw a Frenchman taken from a train under the suspicion that he was a spy and shot on the station platform at Essen, in the presence of all the passengers.

KAISER SAYS ADVERSARIES ARE JEALOUS

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—(Via London—1.15 p. m.)—A proclamation by Emperor William addressed to the German nation was published in the Official Gazette today.

"Since the foundation of the German empire it has been for 43 years the object of the efforts of myself and my ancestors to preserve the peace of the world and to advance by peaceful means our vigorous development. Our adversaries, however, are jealous of the successes of our work and there has been latent hostility to the east and to the west and beyond the sea.

"This has been borne by us till now, as we were aware of our responsibility and our power.

"Now, however, these adversaries wish to humiliate us, asking that

we should look on with folded arms and watch our enemies preparing themselves for the coming attack.

"They will not suffer that we maintain our resolute fidelity to our ally, who is fighting for her position as a great power and with whose humiliation our power and honor would equally be lost.

"So the sword must decide.

"In the midst of perfect peace the enemy surprises us. Therefore, to arms.

"Any dillying and temporizing would be to betray the fatherland.

"To be or not to be, is the question for the empire which our fathers founded.

"To be or not to be, is the question for German power and German existence.

"We shall resist to the last breath of man and horse and we shall fight the struggle even against a world of enemies.

"Never has Germany been subdued when she was united.

"Forward with God, Who will be with us as He was with our ancestors."

TO PREVENT HOSTILITIES NEAR CHINA

PEKIN, Aug. 7.—China has instructed her ministers at Washington and Tokio to request the United States and Japan to join with China in an effort to prevent hostilities in Chinese waters and territory because of the far-reaching dangers connected with them.

The presence of Japanese warships off the German port of Tsing-Tau is generally construed here to mean that Japan has entered the war.

The German authorities at Tsing Tau have received reports that British warships have gone to Vladivostok to escort a Russian troopship to Kiao Chau for the investment of Tsing Tau.

MARTIAL LAW THROUGHOUT BELGIUM

BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—(Via London, 4 p. m.)—Le Peuple says the bombardment of Liege had caused six or seven fires in the city up to seven o'clock last evening. The heaviest firing occurred yesterday afternoon. German officers then came to the city with a white flag and demanded the surrender of the place. They received a positive refusal and the bombardment was resumed at six o'clock.

Martial law has been proclaimed throughout Belgium.

LARGE NUMBERS RESPOND TO KITCHENER'S APPEAL FOR RECRUITS

LONDON, Aug. 7, 2.15 p. m.—The response to Field Marshal Earl Kitchener's appeal for recruits for the British army surpasses anything in the memory of British military men. Huge crowds of all ages and all stations of life, with battalions of men and women, stood in long lines in front of the recruiting stations, awaiting their turn to go before the medical officer.

Dr. Hans Plehn, correspondent of the German telegraphic news agency, who had been placed under arrest, was released today after he had satisfied the police that he was not a spy.

A despatch from Queenstown, Ireland, states that the Celtic sailed from there today for New York after embarking 250 passengers who were glad to be allowed to occupy the steamer.

With the object of coordinating the system of giving assistance to traveling Americans and restoring order in the same while en route, conditions are being established for the admission of an authoritative committee of Americans, residing in London, was formed today under official auspices. Walter Hines Page, the American ambassador, has been appointed honorary chairman and Consul General Robert Sidmer vice chairman.

The secretary is F. C. Van Duser, chairman of the American society in London. The purpose is to supply money to those who are penniless and lend up to \$125 on negotiable paper at the rate of 35 to the pound sterling instead of at the extortionate rate of \$3, now current in London. The authorities in Washington have been asked to appoint some official body to dispense the appropriation coming on board the Tennessee.

The street in front of the American consulate general was again filled with Germans today waiting to register their names and addresses. There was no disorder.

Mrs. Katherine Peck of Minneapolis was found today by the police waiting for a train. She was still hungry, although she had a large sum in paper and letters of credit in her purse. She is suffering from the effects of the journey across Germany, where she said she saw spies dragged from the trains and shot. She now believes she may be taken as a spy. She has been placed in a hospital for treatment.

NEW HAVEN ROAD

Suit of Minority Stockholders Begun in Superior Court

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—The suit of the minority stockholders of the New Haven road was begun today in the superior court here today; the plaintiffs asking that a receiver be appointed for the system.

On the question whether the company should be reorganized by transferring stock belonging to any of the defendants, Judge Bailey refused to issue an injunction against the estate of the late J. P. Morgan and said he was uncertain whether he would enjoin any of the directors not resident in Massachusetts.

The plaintiffs, who are trustees of the Old Bull estate and hold 50 shares of New Haven stock, asked for a receiver to take possession of all claims in favor of the defendants, but not to interfere with the administration of the current affairs of the company. They also asked that shares of capital stock held by the defendants be not disturbed except by order of the court and that they later be applied to the payment of any court decree that might be issued.

Counsel for the railroad company contended that the bill before the court was not that of an ordinary stockholder but was a bill which contemplated future proceedings. It could not therefore be construed as a bill for money relief and consequently the court could not issue an injunction.

Judge Bailey also stated that if he decided to issue an injunction it would be in the usual form, restraining the company from transferring stock of defendants in the state, only pending final action of the court. His decision would be made later but no date was fixed.

The pupils of Frederick Haywood, a New York music teacher, gave a pleasing concert for the benefit of St. Anne's mission at the home of William H. Haywood, Elmside, last evening.

CONTRABAND OF WAR

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Great Britain's contraband of war proclamation was today in the state department yesterday by Ambassador Page. It placed arms, ammunition and all disarming military supplies on the list of "absolute" contraband, and designated food, grain, money, horses and general supplies as "conditional" contraband. Everything under the latter head becomes subject to seizure and to the contraband laws when intended for the use of a power with which Great Britain is at war.

The proclamation follows the usual lines and those issued by other powers involved in war probably will be virtually identical. It annexes the following as absolute contraband:

- 1—Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes and their distinctive component parts.
- 2—Projectiles, charges and cartridges of all kinds and their distinctive component parts.
- 3—Powder and explosives specially prepared for use in war.
- 4—Gun mountings, limber boxes, limbers, military wagons, field forges and their distinctive component parts.
- 5—Clothing and equipment of a distinctive military character.
- 6—Artillery of all kinds and their distinctive component parts.
- 7—Saddles, draught and pack animals suitable for use in war.
- 8—Articles of camp equipment and their distinctive component parts.
- 9—Armor plate.

Aerials Barred

- 10—Warships, including boats and their distinctive component parts, of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.
- 11—Aeroplanes, balloons, dirigibles, and all kinds of aircraft, together with accessories and articles recognizable for use in connection with the balloons and air craft.
- 12—Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war for the armaments or repair of arms of war material for use on land and sea.

The following will be treated as conditional contraband:

- 1—Foodstuffs.
- 2—Clothing and grain suitable for feeding animals.
- 3—Clothing, fabrics for clothing and boots and shoes suitable for use in war.

Gold and Silver Included

- 4—Gold and silver in coin or bullion, paper money.
- 5—Vehicles of all kinds available for use in war and their component parts.
- 6—Vessels, craft and boats of all kinds, floating docks, parts of docks and their component parts.
- 7—Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock and materials for telegraphs, wireless telegraphs and telephones.
- 8—Fuel lubricants.
- 9—Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
- 10—Barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting same.
- 11—Horse shoes and shoeing materials.
- 12—Horse harness and saddlery.
- 13—Field glasses, telescopes, chronometers and all kinds of nautical instruments.

AUTOMOBILE ON FIRE

Late this afternoon the members of class 12 were called to the boulevard, near the Vesper Country club, where it was reported an automobile was on fire.



This map shows Belgium and part of Holland, together with Luxemburg, the buffer countries in the general European war. Already the greatest fighting has taken place on Belgian soil.

FREEDOM FOR POLAND

Is the Polish Slogan in Lowell Where They Number About 7000 in All

S. D. Monarszynski, of 22 Jewett street, and M. J. Schiller, of 383 Lakeview avenue, called at The Sun office today to correct certain statements made in a local paper relative to the number of Austrians and Russians in Lowell; the paper in question having stated that there are 2500 Austrians and 1800 Russians. Mr. Monarszynski is a German Pole and Mr. Schiller a Russian Pole, and they agree on all points concerning the European trouble. They believe that the decisive battle will be fought on Polish territory; that Poland will remain neutral through it all and when Russia and Germany have about dissipated their empires she will strike a blow for freedom. This is the little scheme that the two Lowell men have worked out in their minds and they allow it will happen just as they map it out.

"The statement which appeared in a local paper about the number of Austrians and Russians in Lowell was misleading," said Mr. Monarszynski. "There are about 7000 Poles in Lowell. Three-quarters of them are Austrian

Poles and the other quarter, Russian Poles. Lowell has 700 or 800 Lithuanians. Most of the Poles live in Cambridge where they have bought a lot of property. They are still busy buying property there. We have two churches, one Roman Catholic and the other Russian. We have a Polish school and we are now building a clubhouse. "There isn't any reason under heaven why we should go home to fight for Russia, Austria or Germany. When we fight we will fight for liberty and we will probably have friends enough among the European people to help us when the time comes. We want home rule."

"We have a population of about 32,000,000 souls. We are a well regulated people and we should have our freedom. There are about 4,000,000 Poles in the United States and when the time comes they will be on hand to fight for the liberation of their home land. The present conflict will be settled in Poland for she lies directly in the path of the quarrelling nations. The last battle will be fought on Polish territory and then Poland will set her hopes on freedom. So big a nation cannot die without a struggle. The Balkans pulled out from beneath the Turkish yoke and freedom for Poland is written in the skies today."

TRAFFIC RULES

Have Been Amended to Meet the Present Conditions

At a final conference at city hall this afternoon the traffic rules as amended to meet present conditions were whipped into shape to present to the municipal council next Tuesday.

At the conference were Mayor Murphy, City Solicitor Hennessy, Street Commissioner Charles J. Morse, Supt. of Police Edmund Welch, Harry Dunlap and Robert F. Madden of the Lowell board of trade and Secretary John H. Murphy of the board, and representatives of the May State Street Railway.

This conference was the culmination of a series of conferences relative to a more workable traffic regulation with special reference to relieving congestion in Middle street and John street. It is expected that the final draft of the new rules will place a 20 minute limit in Central, Merrimack, Bridge, John, Palmer, Middle, lower Market, lower Palmer, and Prescott streets and that practically all Merrimack and East Merrimack streets through the square from John street to the Concord street and in front of the Middlesex street station. War street is also included in this rule. The street railway part of the conference relates to the selling of electric cars in John and Palmer streets to the great inconvenience of merchants and users of the streets. Some plan it

is hoped, can be worked out to relieve this without interfering with proper trolley service. Fire hydrants must be unobstructed by idle vehicles.

The usual rules governing moving traffic are retained in the new regulations and a speed limit is set at a rate which is "reasonable and proper having regard for the safety of the public."

The area behind the police station will be made ready for use as a parking place for vehicles intending to remain idle for lengthy periods. The committee arranging the new rules does not expect that their work will meet with unanimous approval but believe that the great majority of street users, when they study out the new regulations will realize that the result will be a great increase in the efficiency of the rules and a benefit to traffic as a whole.

BOY BEHEADED

Walked Directly in Front of Electric Car at Central Falls, R. I.

CENTRAL FALLS, R. I., August 7.—Theodore Daigle, aged 10, who lived at 10 Hladwin street, was run over and beheaded by an electric car at Broad street and Linden avenue yesterday afternoon.

He alighted from a wagon and walked directly in front of the car, meeting instant death, as his head was severed from his body. Medical Examiner French viewed the body. The motorist was not held responsible for the accident.

KILLED WIFE AND CHILD

CHICAGO DENTIST THEN CLIMBED INTO BATHTUB AND SLASHED HIS THROAT

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Dr. Olat Lange, a dentist of the city, early today while insane killed his wife and three-year-old son and committed suicide. He stabbed Mrs. Lange and the child and then beat them to death with a hammer. He completed the tragedy by climbing into the bathtub and cutting his own throat.

YESTERDAY'S BOX SCORES

(First Game)		WORCESTER		LOWELL	
Young ss	5	2	3	1	0
Shorten rf	2	2	1	0	1
Strands 3b	4	0	1	3	0
Pottenger cf	5	1	2	5	0
Ross lf	5	0	1	7	1
Stewart 1c	4	1	1	3	0
Conroy 2b	0	0	0	2	1
Carroll c	3	1	5	1	0
Gaw p	4	2	0	1	0
Totals	37	14	23	27	3
(Second Game)		WORCESTER		LOWELL	
Swayne cf	4	0	0	1	0
DeGroot rf	3	2	3	2	0
Greenhaige 2b	1	0	0	2	0
Stimpson 1c	3	0	0	3	0
Dec ss	3	1	1	0	0
Burke 3b	3	0	0	5	0
Wach 1b	3	0	0	5	0
Wacob c	3	0	0	4	0
Zieser p	1	0	0	1	0
Drummond ss	1	0	0	1	2
Sheehan 2b	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	1	4	27	3

*Batted for Zieser in 9th.

Worcester..... 0 5 9 0 0 2 3-14
Lowell..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0-1
Two base hits: Carroll. Three base hits: Burke. Sacrifice hits: Young, Strands, Shorten, Double play: Zieser, Wacob and Greenhaige; Strands (first assist); Stolen bases: Carroll, Strands, Shorten, Young. Bases on balls: By Zieser 6; Struck out: By Zieser 5; by Gaw. Hit by pitched ball: Carroll, Zieser. Left on bases: Worcester 5;

(Second Game)

WORCESTER		LOWELL	
Young ss	3	0	1
Shorten rf	3	0	1
Strands 3b	3	1	0
Pottenger cf	5	2	2
Ross lf	5	0	0
Stewart 1c	4	1	2
Conroy 2b	2	0	1
Carroll c	4	1	0
Bushnell p	2	0	0
Van Dyke p	1	0	0
Gaw x	1	0	0
Totals	33	8	10

x—Batted for Bushnell in 5th.
xx—Batted for Ring in 8th.

Worcester..... 0 0 2 4 1 0 1-8
Lowell..... 0 4 0 3 0 0 0-7
Two base hits: Stewart, Strands, Carroll, DeGroot, Shorten. Home runs: Greenhaige. Sacrifice hits: Shorten, Strands, Double plays: Dec, Greenhaige and Kelly. Stolen bases: Greenhaige 3, Stimpson. Bases on balls: By Bushnell 2; by Ring 3; by Van Dyke 1. Hits: Off Maybom 3 in 3 1-3 innings; off Bushnell 3 in 4 innings; off Ring 7 in 4 2-3 innings; off Van Dyke 2 in 4 innings. Hit by pitched ball: Swayne by Bushnell. Passed ball: Wacob. First base on errors: By Worcester 3; by Lowell 1. Left on bases: By Worcester 10; Lowell 6. Time: 1.55. Umpires: Doherty and O'Brien.

LATE WAR BULLETINS

BELGIAN SUCCESS ENCOURAGES FRANCE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—3.10 a. m.—The Daily Mail's Paris correspondent names three Belgian fortresses, Liege, Namur and Huy (Herve) as seeming likely to hold a proud place in the history of the present war, for they held back the head of the advancing German hosts and have given the French army time in which to make up for the thirty hours disadvantage in mobilization which they suffered through Germany's earlier preparations.

It was never expected that Liege would offer any serious resistance, says the correspondent, yet already it has stemmed the German onset for two precious days and only today have two of its ring forts fallen before the concentrated attack of the German army.

This partial success against fortifications 30 years old was gained by the Germans' light siege artillery.

The Belgians, falling back on Liege, still resist stoutly and a fierce resistance may yet be made in the very streets of the modern city. Even when Liege falls, Namur and Huy will carry on the resistance. Meanwhile the Belgian success has mightily encouraged the French, who are now more than ever certain of victory.

MAURETANIA TO BE WAR SHIP

HALIFAX, Aug. 7.—When the Cunarder Mauretania, which put into port here yesterday with 2400 passengers fleeing from Europe, again sails from Liverpool she will be fitted out as H. M. Mauretania and prepared to destroy the hostile shipping of Germany.

It was expected today that the Mauretania would soon return to Liverpool under convoy of British warships and that she would immediately be turned over to the admiralty for her equipment of quick fire rifles, a new coat of dark gray paint and white ensign.

Commerce destruction was the ultimate purpose for which the Mauretania was constructed. She was practically built for the admiralty and many features of warship construction were embodied in her hull.

Armored gun positions were built into her hull with ammunition hoists to the magazines. Every officer and the greater part of her crew are naval reserve men.

SON OF GERMAN GENERAL KILLED AT LIEGE

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—The 19 year old son of the German general, Count Von Arnim, was wounded before Liege and died tonight.

BRITISH EMBASSY IN BERLIN WRECKED

OLDENZAL, Netherlands, Aug. 7.—(Via London).—The correspondent in Berlin of Reuters Telegram Co. of London, who with other British subjects was expelled from the German capital, arrived here with several other newspapermen on the train which conveyed the British ambassador, Sir William Edward Goschen.

The correspondent says the British declaration of war on Germany was followed by an attack on the British embassy. A crowd besieged the building for hours, smashing all the windows.

The same night two Americans and two English correspondents were arrested on suspicion of being spies but were released a few hours later through the efforts of the American ambassador.

All British subjects in Germany, according to the correspondent, are being rounded up by the police and about 40 of them have been kept as prisoners in the fortress of Spandau but the American embassy in Berlin hopes to be able to secure their release.

Among those held is Captain Horace Holland of the British navy, who had been lent to the Turkish government as naval instructor.

WOMEN PROTEST AGAINST WAR IN EUROPE

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—As a protest against the war in Europe a movement has been started here by suffrage leaders for a parade of women, dressed in funeral black, on Saturday Aug. 22 or Sunday, Aug. 23.

Appeals for women to "march for peace" were ready to be sent out today by Miss Lillian Deaver, who is in charge of the movement of the Women's Political union. Miss Deaver explained that the parade would have nothing to do with suffrage. There will be no music in the parade save that of muffled drums.

BRITISH CRUISER STRUCK MINE AND SUNK

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The admiralty has issued the following:

"In the course of reconnoitering after the German mine-layers Koenigin Luise was sunk this morning and the cruiser Amphion struck a mine and was sunk. The forepart of the British ship was shattered by the explosion and practically all of the loss to the crew ensued from this cause. All not killed by the explosion were taken off by the boats of the destroyers before the Amphion went down.

"Twenty German prisoners of war who were confined in the forepart of the ship were killed.

"The line of mines was probably laid by the Koenigin Luise before she was sunk. They extend from Aldeburg Rade to latitude 52.10 north, longitude 2.25 east.

STEAMER WITH \$2,500,000 AT PLYMOUTH

PLYMOUTH, Aug. 7.—The Holland Lloyd steamer Tuhantia from South America, which has been brought here by warships, has \$2,500,000 in gold aboard, part of which is consigned to the German bank of London. There are many reservists besides a quantity of grain aboard.

TO TAKE CARE OF IMMIGRANTS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Secretary Wilson has decided that immigrants deported aboard vessels which later put back into the United States because of the war crisis may be received back from the steamship companies and taken care of at immigration stations pending developments.

FRENCH TROOPS OCCUPY GERMAN TOWNS

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The minister of war announces that French troops have occupied Vic and Moyenvic, small German towns in Alsace-Lorraine, just over the border and about 17 miles east of Nancy.

NO WORD FROM CARDINAL FARLEY

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Failure to learn the whereabouts of John Cardinal Farley, who sailed from this city for Rome on April 26 last, bearing the index volume of the Catholic encyclopedia and was last heard from while in Paris, to which city he went after attending the Eucharistic congress at Lourdes, late in July, is causing considerable uneasiness to the clergy and laity of the metropolitan diocese of the Roman Catholic church.

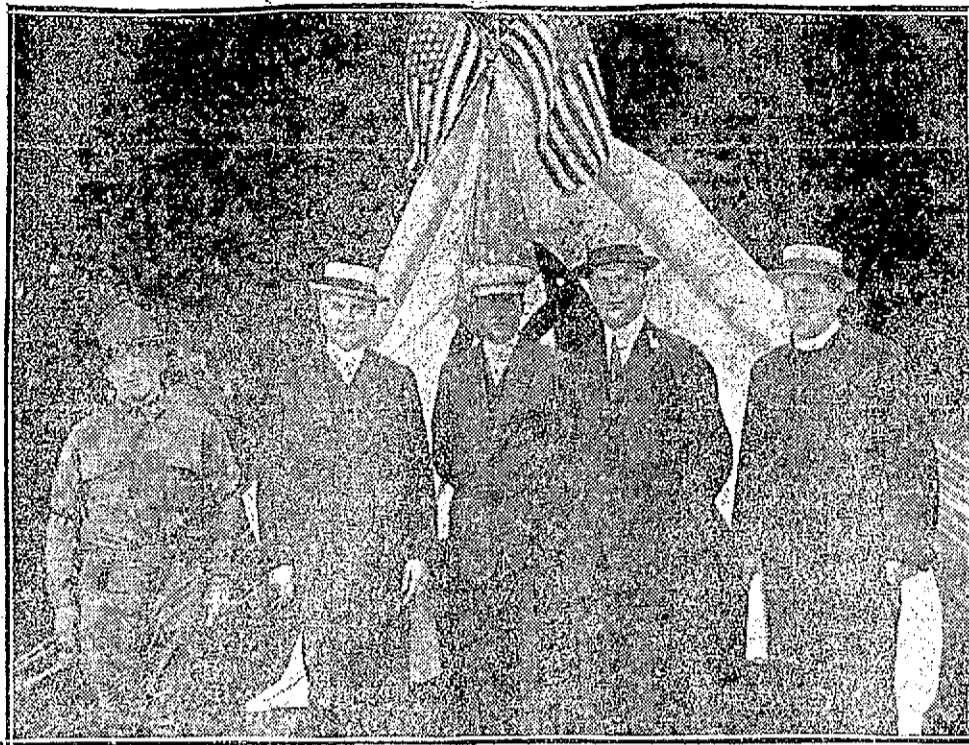
BOMBARDMENT OF LIEGE CONTINUES

BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—News received from Liege last night shows that the fortress is still holding out. It is being bombarded by heavy shells but is still undamaged while the Belgian fire is working havoc among the Germans. It is reported that French forces are increasing from several directions.

BRITISH TANKER DESTROYED BY MINE

ANTWERP, Via London, Aug. 7.—(11.20 a. m.)—It was reported here today that the British tanker San Wilfredo, which arrived at Hamburg from New Orleans, July 29, and was on her return voyage, had been destroyed by a mine off Cuxhaven, Germany.

Inspiring Spectacle at O. M. I. Cadet Camp—Religious Service in Open Air



Left to Right—Capt. Walter Joyce, Col. Humphrey O'Sullivan, Lieut. Bernard McCardle, Mayor Dennis J. Murphy and Rev. Dennis A. Sullivan, O. M. I. (Photo by Slater)

With ideal weather conditions and a host of fair visitors to gladden their hearts, the enthusiastic boy soldiers of the O. M. I. Cadets observed "O'Sullivan Day," a day dedicated to their honorary colonel and benefactor, Humphrey O'Sullivan, at their camp at Milligan's grove, Wilmington, yesterday. The day was perfect and under its benign influence the boys showed up at their best and their efforts won the applause of a large number of visitors.

It was a long and a busy day in camp, but the combination of pleasure with business made the hours speed by quickly and it was a happy and well-outfitted, even if tired, aggregation of juvenile militarists who in response to the call of "Taps" at 10 p. m., extinguished the lights in the little white settlement and prepared to rest up for today's activities.

Arose at Sunrise
Just before sunrise, Captain Owen Conway and his men were awakened from the land of Nod by the note of the reveille and a few minutes later the booming of the cannon announced the opening of the day's activities.

Breakfast was partaken of and immediately after the grounds were scoured by the young soldiers and put in first class shape, for police duty is the first order of the day. Morning drill then followed under the able supervision of Captain Walter Joyce, of Co. C, a welcome visitor to the camp who put the boys through extended order work. Capt. Joyce expressed surprise at the fine showing made by the boys and took occasion to compliment their military instructor, Bernard McCardle and commander-in-chief, Rev. D. A. Sullivan, O. M. I. He said that they were one of the best drilled organizations of boys in the state. After the drill Capt. Joyce entertained the boys with a reminiscence talk of his experiences in the Spanish war, which were received with enthusiasm. Having cooled off after their drill the boys were then ready for their morning swim. Physical Director Matt McCann had charge, and yesterday 12 more boys were made proficient in the nautical art.

Upon returning from the swim the boys proceeded to the mess tent where a roast beef dinner was served by Caterer Wood, and it is needless to state that the young soldiers did full justice to it after their active morning's work.

After dinner the boys were taken on a tactical walk by Capt. Joyce. This consists of skirmishing in the brush, signaling and touring the country and is a practice much indulged in by the various militia companies.

A ball game between the O. M. I. Cadets and Duffy's Pets of Lowell was in progress when the boys returned

from the walk, and it was some game. The contest went 14 innings before the winner was decided and was won by Duffy's Pets by a score of 6 to 4. The snappy playing of Tom Clark featured for the Cadets, while the hitting and base running of Eddie Cox excelled for Duffy's Pets.

The game was about over when Humphrey O'Sullivan arrived and he was given a royal welcome. The Cadets then repaired to their respective quarters and awaited the call for dress parade.

The Dress Parade
Dress parade was a most inspiring spectacle, the young soldiers neatly attired in blue coats, white duck trousers, wearing a very attractive appearance. They were commanded by their major, Francis P. Haggerty.

The companies, when formed, were led to the center of the large drill grounds, where a halt was called. At the command, "parade rest" the cannon was fired, and its boom must have been heard for miles. The colors were lowered, while the Lowell Cadet band played the "Star Spangled Banner," and the spectators stood respectfully facing the colors, the male portion with hands uncovered. It was an impressive incident.

The battalion was then called to attention and was reviewed by Colonel Humphrey O'Sullivan, Mayor Dennis J. Murphy, Rev. Dennis A. Sullivan, O. M. I., Capt. Walter Joyce, Lieut. Bernard McCardle and Major Haggerty and his staff.

The Speech-making
After inspection the companies were formed in a hollow square to hear the speech-making.

Rev. D. A. Sullivan then briefly addressed the boys and after complimenting them upon the excellence of their work introduced for a few remarks, their honorary colonel and benefactor, Mr. Humphrey O'Sullivan. The latter also complimented the boys on their fine showing and stated that it was a source of consolation and keen satisfaction to their parents to know that they were receiving such beneficial instruction and were in such good hands. He stated that the military training they were now receiving with its splendid features of discipline and obedience to orders would mean largely for their future success in life. He spoke briefly on the European situation and stated that it was his belief and fondest hope that the European war will put the United States 25 years ahead and Europe as many years behind and, he said, the O. M. I. Cadets are now receiving a training that will well fit them to take their places among their fellow-men and give a good account of themselves in the battle of life. Speaking of his recent visit to Ireland, Mr. O'Sullivan con-

trasted conditions of today when the Irish volunteers are permitted to drill with guns in Ireland with those of 50 years ago when, if a party of young Irishmen were seen walking together in anything like military order they would be immediately seized upon. The Irish volunteer movement, he said, had spread rapidly through Ireland and had imbued the young men with the best features of the military spirit, an ambition to become proficient in military tactics for the purpose of intelligently defending their country should occasion require it and had impressed upon them the importance of discipline and obedience. In conclusion he again congratulated the boy soldiers and bade them strictly to adhere to the teachings and good conduct of their zealous commander-in-chief, Rev. Fr. Sullivan.

Mayor Murphy followed with brief remarks after which the formal exercises of the afternoon came to a close when the supper call was responded to with alacrity.

Music and Prayer
In the evening the Lowell Cadet band, John J. Giblin leader, gave a most pleasing concert program which was enjoyed not only by the Cadets and their friends, but by the many campers of Wilmington and Silver Lake. After the concert confessions were heard, as the boys were to receive communion in a holy at the open-air mass in the morning.

Open-Air Mass
On a temporary altar located at the head of the company street mass was sung in the open this morning by Rev. Fr. Sullivan, with a large attendance from the neighboring camps. In addition to the Cadets, who arrayed in their khaki uniforms formed a hollow square, facing the altar. Although the service was held at an early hour there were many present from Lowell.

The Cadets choir, unaccompanied, rendered "Just as I Am" and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," during the progress of the service and at the conclusion of the mass the entire congregation joined with them in singing the well known hymn of praise, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name." The Cadets to a man, received communion and many of the adult visitors from the camps taking advantage of this exceptional opportunity, received communion in honor of the Sacred Heart, the day being the first Friday of the month. After mass, breakfast was served after which the day's routine was gone through in the usual order.

The Sham Battle
Tomorrow, either in the morning or afternoon, the sham battle will be held, and it is expected that many local military men will attend. A large attendance of visitors is also expected.

LOWELL MAN ARRESTED
IN FALL RIVER—DEAF MUTE, CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY GETS SUSPENDED SENTENCE

Edward Butler, a deaf mute from Lowell, who was arrested in Fall River early in the week on a charge of vagrancy, was adjudged guilty in district court this morning and given a suspended sentence to the state farm at Bridgewater. Judge Hanly of the Fall River court allowed the stranger to leave the city, upon his representation that he could get work either in Providence or New York, having worked last winter in the latter city. He had a dollar in his possession at the time of his arrest.

When the prisoner was called up again yesterday he carried on a correspondence with the witnesses by writing notes to the court and maintained that he was unable to talk, despite the suspicion that he was feigning. Police Surgeon Merritt, who was called into the case yesterday afternoon confirmed the written declaration of Butler that he had been under treatment at a hospital in Boston during the early part of last winter. Dr. Merritt informed the court that he had talked with the hospital authorities who recalled Butler and they said that at no time during his treatment did he ever indicate that he was able to talk.

As Butler was eager to leave the city and promised to remain away Judge Hanly permitted him to go under the suspended sentence.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

SAVED TWO LIVES

Man and Wife Pulled From Water at Worcester by J. K. Clark

WORCESTER, Aug. 7.—Two lives were saved in a thrilling rescue off Sandy Bar in Lake Quinsigamond at 6 o'clock last night.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Lowe of 54 Evers street, who were wading out in three feet of water on the bar, stopped off a ledge into 25 feet of water, and neither being able to swim, they sank at once. Mrs. Lowe threw her arms about her husband's neck as they sank, and it appeared that both would drown before help could reach them.

James K. Clark of 33 Wilson street and Lawrence O'Connor of 5 Pitts street, who were standing on the shore about 50 feet from the drowning couple saw their struggle in the water and, without waiting to remove their clothing, started to run along the bar to the spot where Mr. and Mrs. Lowe had gone down. Clark managed to get hold of Mrs. Lowe and pulled her from the water. He turned her over to O'Connor and then dove into the water and brought Lowe out on the bar. Mr. and Mrs. Lowe were taken to their cottage on Stoddard drive, where they were attended by Police Surgeon Lewis R. Cassels. Mrs. Lowe remained unconscious for several hours, but was reported to be recovering into last night. Her husband rallied quickly and suffered no ill effects from his experience.

FORMER R. R. PRESIDENT

FREDERICK A. DELANO, APPOINTED MEMBER OF RESERVE BOARD, WELL KNOWN IN R. R. CIRCLES



FREDERICK A. DELANO

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Frederick A. Delano of Chicago, who was recently appointed a member of the federal reserve board, is one of the best known railroad men in the country. He was formerly president of the Wabash and in 1911 was named as one of the receivers of the road. Mr. Delano was born in China, but lived most of his boyhood at Newburg, N. Y. He began his railroad career with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. His rise was steady and deserved.

HORSES SEIZED

Racers, Some From America, Worth \$2,000,000 Taken

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Americans with stables of horses in England, France and to a lesser number in Germany, Austria and Russia, having a "sporting" value approaching \$2,000,000, have been, or will be, deprived of their highly prized animals to help to the mobilization in progress in those countries.

While the number of American-owned horses that have been requisitioned by the authorities of the warring European states is not very great, as army requirements go, the quality of the animals taken is of the best. Those in England and France are mostly thoroughbred racers, while Russia and Austria have a number of trotters sent over there to campaign. A few of both runners and trotters are in Austria and Germany, though the stables are small in each country.

Word was received here yesterday that Alfred G. Vanderbilt's coaching horses, including the famous "all gray" team with which he won several prizes at the horse shows and in the coaching marathons, had been donated to the British authorities by him. Mr. Vanderbilt's horses, numbering between 60 and 100, mostly Vermont bred, are considered the finest string of coaching horses in the world. The famous team of greys was rated as a \$10,000 team.

Next to the Vanderbilt lot the most valuable string of horses owned in England by an American was probably that of Walter Winans of Baltimore, whose harness horses swept all the prizes in several classes at the recent international horse show at Olympia. Mr. Winans has some 35 high-class harness horses. He also owned a number of saddle horses bred in Kentucky, and a remarkable string of roadsters, all American bred.

NEW KIND OF A JAG

WOMAN WHO FLIRTED WITH THE FLOWING BOWL REPORTED HER LITTLE GIRL MISSING

Shortly before 10 o'clock this forenoon several boys rushed into the inspecting office at the police station and informed Messenger Johnnie Pindar that a 10-year-old girl had disappeared from her home in John street and that the child's mother was very much disturbed as to her whereabouts. When questioned as to how long the child had been missing, one of the boys said that she left her home at 8 o'clock this morning and that her mother was rushing about Kirk street informing pedestrians that the child had gone away. The mystery was cleared up a few minutes later when Patrolman Jack Leighton sent in a call for the patrol wagon from John street, where he had a woman under arrest for indulging too freely in fire water.

KAISER WILL BE BEATEN

RUSSIAN ATTACHE SAYS HE EXPECTS DECISIVE VICTORY WILL END WAR

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—"The very magnitude of the European conflict will make it of short duration. I speak as an economist, not as a soldier. So many nations are allied with Russia in the fight that the odds against Germany are overwhelming and the German armies cannot combat them successfully."

So declared C. J. Medzhovsky, commercial attache at the Imperial Russian embassy at Washington, yesterday, shortly after his arrival in Boston, to attend a meeting of the foreign relations committee of the Boston chamber of commerce.

"I think that it will require a great and decisive victory over the Germans before they will sue for peace," he said. "That, of course, will mean a frightful conflict with tremendous loss of life."

The proposed steamship line between Boston and Russian ports, which is now being negotiated, will be carried out as originally planned, the Russian official said. It will be necessary, however, to wait until the war is over before the liners actually begin operations. The port of Boston will benefit greatly through the new line, he said.

FATHER HELD PRISONER

RUSSIA DEMANDS \$1000 FROM SONS IN AMERICA—OLD MAN MAY BE SENT TO SIBERIA

LYNN, Aug. 7.—Benjamin Masofsky, who has a shoe store at 72 Pearl street, Lynn, has received word from his father in Russia that he is held a prisoner by the Russian government for \$1000 ransom on the charge that his son, Benjamin, and his two younger brothers, who are in this country, though registered in Russia to serve in the Russian army, are not available now for the war with Germany. Hence the senior Masofsky is held a prisoner. It is believed that if the money is not sent at once the father will be sent to Siberia.

Benjamin has been in this country 18 years. His two brothers, Ruben and Julius, came over eight years ago. Mr. Masofsky said yesterday that during the Russian-Japanese war he had to send the Russian government \$500 for his release in the army, or his father's home would have been sold. Therefore, he believed that the ransom now required is for the younger brother, who has reached the age of 21, when he is supposed to serve.

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LATE WAR BULLETINS

AUSTRIAN WAR VESSEL LEAVES ITALY

BRINDISI, Italy, Aug. 7.—(Via London)—12.20 p. m.—The small Austro-Hungarian war vessel Taurus, after repairing damage to her machinery, left here at midnight.

SAYINGS THAT SHOW GERMAN SPIRIT

While the Germans are setting their war stage along the well-known paths of victory in 1870, are they being spurred on by their emperor, who is taking as his motto the words made famous by Attila, the scourge of the Huns? This is one of the questions which are being asked when Attila is called to mind, as well as other war time sayings of famous Germans, of which the following samples are remembered:

Attila: "The grass never grows again where my horse has once trod."

Bismarck: "The decision will come from God; the God of battles, when he lets fall from his hand the iron dice of destiny."

Bismarck: "The decision will come from God; the God of battles, is not by speech, but by iron and blood."

Von Moltke: "The victory of the Prussians was a victory of the Prussian schoolmaster."

AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR LEAVES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 7, via London, 11.20 a. m.—The Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Russia, accompanied by his staff and 80 Austrians who were residents in St. Petersburg, left this morning. He is proceeding to Vienna by way of Finland and Sweden.

DOWAGER EMPRESS OFF FOR RUSSIA

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 7, via London.—The dowager empress Maria Fiodorovna has left for Russia taking with her 600 refugees on a special train.

LINER ST. PAUL SAILS FOR EUROPE

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The American liner St. Paul, first trans-Atlantic vessel to leave New York without fear of capture since Great Britain and Germany went to war, sailed today with crowded cabins and storerooms for Liverpool. The St. Paul flies the Stars and Stripes and therefore is not subject to seizure by any of the European warships believed to be hovering near the track of ocean liners. Had the liner twice her accommodations she could not have carried all who sought passage. She sailed with approximately 450 aboard. The largest consignment of mail that ever started across the Atlantic was aboard. The St. Paul was the only vessel sailing from this port today for Europe.

SICILIAN RUSHES BACK TO QUEBEC

QUEBEC, Aug. 7.—The Allan liner Sicilian, which put out to sea on Saturday last with passengers for Glasgow, came back here today for fear of capture by German cruisers.

FOREST FIRES NEAR QUEBEC

QUEBEC, Aug. 7.—Forest fires were raging today near Quebec and the Valcartier military camp, where 2000 men are expected to mobilize within a few days.

VIOLENT FIGHTING CONTINUES AT LIEGE

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Official reports here say that the German troops have entered the Belgian city of Liege but have not been able to take the forts.

Fighting of the most violent character took place in the streets. The Belgian troops have captured 27 German cannon.

MORATORIUM BY PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 7.—The Peruvian government today issued a proclamation of a moratorium, to be in effect for 30 days.

ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—An anti-war demonstration by the socialist party with representatives of all the warring nationalities participating will be held in Union square tomorrow afternoon. Executive officials of the party announced today that they had obtained a permit for holding it and for parades preceding it.

The demonstration is "to show the civilized world that the emperors and kings of Europe do not really express the desires of their subjects in declaring war."

BRITISH CRUISER AT SAN FRANCISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7.—The British cruiser Rainbow put in here today. Collector Davis sent out boarding officers to learn her intentions. Under the neutrality laws she can take on only sufficient coal to make another port and she may not remain here more than 24 hours.

GERMAN SQUADRON BOTTLED UP BY BRITISH

TOKIO, Aug. 7.—An authentic report received here states that the German squadron has been bottled up at Tsing Tau by the British.

FRENCH CAPTURE GERMAN MERCHANTMAN

CHERBOURG, Aug. 7.—via London, Aug. 7.—The French minelayer Platon captured and brought here a German merchantman of 5000 tons.

GERMAN CRUISERS GOEBEN AND BRESLAU SAIL

MESSINA, Sicily, via London, Aug. 7.—The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau sailed out of San Salvatore at half past five this morning under full steam. Their decks were cleared for action in the expectation of meeting the vessels of the British fleet patrolling the straits.

CRUISER TENNESSEE SAILS FOR EUROPE

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The armored cruiser Tennessee, converted for the time being into a treasure ship, left port at 9.45 o'clock last night to carry millions in gold to many thousand Americans who are in want in European countries.

REDMOND'S STATEMENT BLASTED

HOPE OF GERMANS WHO BANKED ON HOSTILE BRITISH

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—A glance at the last batch of German newspapers to come to hand, printed on the eve of the war is sufficient to show how swiftly the significance of the Austrian ultimatum to Serbia penetrated the German mind.

It was everywhere taken for granted that this move had been made with the knowledge and consent of the German foreign office. Indeed, the German ambassador in Paris promptly announced that Germany was aware of the Austrian note and would support the ally, though he added that there was no intention of forcing a war.

But the German press was instantly alive to the danger of a general European war. The Hamburg Fremdenblatt foreshadowed it, and so did the Berlin Tageblatt. These two papers discussed the matter in phrases so nearly identical that it almost seems as if they were obeying an order of the day. Both spoke of the intention of Germany to "localize" the war, if possible—as if you could localize an earthquake—but also declared the firm purpose to go to war with France and Russia if necessary.

It is, however, in the Frankfurter Zeitung that we find the gravest of the situation best appreciated and most wistfully discussed. This liberal organ did not conceal its belief that the whole system of European alliances was on the point of being broken down. Nor did it share the opinion of those

WAR MAP OF HOTTEST ACTION IN EUROPE'S CARNIVAL OF CONFLICT



This map shows the section of Europe now most concerned in the great conflict. In the waters of the North sea the English and German warships are clashing. In Belgium and along the Franco-German border the Germans are fighting against the French and the Belgians, with the probability that the English will soon take part.

Optimists who predicted that Russia would back down as she did in 1903. It apparently had a juster measure than most Germans did, including the emperor, of that "Nationalism" in Russia which would infallibly push the czar into defence of Serbia.

On one point the Frankfurter was really in error. Alluding to the possibility of England's being drawn into the conflict, it said: "A country of which one great province is in open rebellion cannot be imagined to be desirous of incurring military dangers outside its own territory." The best comment on this is the roar of English guns in the North Sea.

KITCHENER ASKS 500,000 MEN TO ENLIST IN THE ENGLISH ARMY

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The passage of a war budget for \$500,000,000 in the house of commons yesterday without a dissenting voice and the granting of an army increase of 500,000 men in accordance with the plans of Lord Kitchener, the new minister of war, shows that Great Britain has put her hands to the plow.

A call to arms, issued by the war office last night, says an addition of 100,000 men to the regular army is needed immediately and that Lord Kitchener is confident this appeal will at once be responded to by all who have the safety of our empire at heart.

The term of service for the new men is to be three years, or until the war is concluded. The age of enlistment will be between 19 and 30.

The naval estimates provide for 67,000 additional officers and men, which

will make the navy's strength 218,000 men.

There are no illusions in England that the war is certain to be a swift and decisive one. The people are excited for a long and exhaustive struggle.

Warmed Against Bad News

The admiralty notified the public last night that the first news from the navy might not be good news. Swift upon the heels of this intimation came the tidings that the cruiser Amphion had been sunk by a mine with a loss of an officer and 130 men. Great Britain's first sacrifice in the war.

It is considered that British ships in the North sea are running greater risks during the first days of the war than the Germans. The royal family shares with the homes of its many subjects the suspense of waiting for news of the fate of the different units of the fleet.

Prince Albert, the second son of the king, aboard the battleship Collingwood, is one of the many boy midshipmen about sharing the perils of the sea.

There was a dramatic incident in the house of commons yesterday when the feud between Lord Charles Beresford and Winston Spencer Churchill, the first lord of the admiralty, was buried.

Admiral Beresford shook hands with the lord and said, "Well done."

The torpedo boat destroyer Lance, which sent the Hamburg-American line steamer Kosmich Laise to the bottom with four shots, only came out of the shipyard last Saturday with her paint hardly dry.

German Prisoners

Londoners had the first realization of war brought home to them last night when hundreds of commuters who were

taking their trains at the Victoria station were surprised to see 35 German prisoners guarded by a file of the West Kent regiment with fixed bayonets. The Germans were naval reservists who had been taken from their ships and made prisoners of war. A number of naval reservists and also some German army reservists who were attempting to proceed to Germany were gathered in by the authorities yesterday.

Several more persons, supposed to be spies, were arrested yesterday in different parts of England.

THE SOUTHERNERS FIGHT FOR \$5,000,000—SEEK GOVERNMENT FUND HELD UP FOR WARTIME PROPERTY CLAIMS

Several thousand residents of the southern states are engaged in a picturesque fight before the court of claims of the United States to obtain a share of a fund of approximately \$5,000,000 held by the government. This money came from the sale of cotton and other property captured by the federal forces during the civil war.

Some of these claims have been dragging along for years, but interest has been revived by the prospect that the court of claims will pass judgment in several of the test cases in October. The court has recently passed upon several legal questions bearing on the cases and is ready to decide the merits of the claims.

More than 100 cases, some of which represent as many as 100 petitioners, are pending before the court. Scores of letters are being received at the treasury department daily, indicating that several thousand more cases are to be filed when the test cases have been decided.

There appears from the tone of the letters to be a general misunderstanding as to the amount of money held by the treasury department for the settlement of these claims. Some persons have the idea that \$130,000,000 is in the vaults ready for distribution when the rightful owners are found.

The treasury officials say they are holding in round figures \$100,000 for distribution when the validity of the claims has been established.

One official went into detail as to how the treasury came into possession of the fund. Congress, he said, in 1862 authorized the secretary of the treasury to appoint special agents to collect captured and abandoned property in the states where rebellion existed. All the property collected by them and not returned to the owners was sold and the funds sent to the treasury.

Some cases the money was sent to the owners of the property, but a fund of \$25,887,684.39 was accumulated. Of this \$15,880,661.19 came from the sale of cotton, the rest being derived from the sale of captured vessels and other property.

After the civil war ended, Aug. 20, 1865, two years were allowed for the presentation and payment of claims, in which time payments amounting to \$9,364,300.76 were made. Additional

payments have been made from time to time under special and private acts by congress.

At various times hundreds of claims have been disallowed, because the confederate records in the possession of the treasury department show that the cotton and other goods were sold to the confederacy before their capture. Therefore, as the property belonged to the confederate government the individual had no proper claim.

Washington correspondence in New York Herald.

DEATHS

DRISCOLL—Peter Driscoll, for the past 50 years a resident of this city and most of that time of St. Patrick's parish, died last evening at the Chelsea street hospital, aged 60 years. He leaves a brother, John Driscoll. The body was taken to the funeral chapel of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

SWEENEY—Oliver Sweeney, aged 61 years, died early this morning at his home, 73 Church street, after a long illness. The deceased was a resident of Lowell many years. He leaves to his family a wife, Nellie, three children, Fred, Francis and Eva; one sister and four brothers.

SAUNDERS—Margaret, aged 5 months and 6 days, daughter of John F. and Adele Saunders of 518 Fletcher street, died today at Old Orchard beach, where the family was stopping for the summer. The body will be removed to the home of the parents in this city by Undertaker Peter P. Savage.

FUNERALS

RANDALL—The funeral of Samuel J. Randall, aged 61 years, was held yesterday afternoon from the home of his brother, William Randall, 12 Jones street. The services were conducted by Rev. Ernest A. Trices and there were many beautiful flowers. The bearers were William Randall, Henry Randall, James Hutton and Thomas Welch. Burial was in the Eden cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker John A. Weinbeck.

O'CONNOR—The funeral of Catherine O'Connor took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, William and Mary O'Connor, 145 Cushing street. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

FOSTER—The funeral of Pauline Foster, infant daughter of Frank and Etta Foster, was held yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 330 Pawtucket street. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Fowler. Burial was in the Eden cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George M. Bastman.

QUIRK—The funeral of the late William Quirk took place this morning at 8.45 o'clock from the chapel of James E. O'Donnell and Sons and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. Many members of the local Aerie, F. O. is gathered at the chapel Thursday night and under the direction of the worthy President Luke Riley conducted the final rites of their order over a departed brother, Mr. Richard A. Griffiths, rendering appropriate

hymns. A mass of requiem was sung this morning at St. Patrick's church by Rev. Joseph Curtin. Among the floral tributes was a magnificent pillow from the Lowell Association of Ladies. The bearers were Patrick Cunningham, Edward Burns, John O'Keefe, Hon. John McManis, George W. F. Carey and Peter Sawa. The last three representing the F. O. E., which also sent the following delegation: James J. Gallagher, Patrick T. Butler, Arthur Purcell and Richard Flynn. At the grave, Mr. Curtin read the committal prayers and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

FUNERAL NOTICES

SWEENEY—The funeral of the late Oliver Sweeney will take place on Monday morning from his home, 73 Church street. Mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church, time to be announced later. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

DRISCOLL—The funeral of Peter Driscoll will take place tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock from the chapel of J. P. O'Donnell & Sons. Services at the grave. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of J. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

DEATH—The funeral of the late Mrs. Adelaide M. Duff will take place Saturday morning at 9 o'clock from her home, 122 Essex street. A solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Peter's cemetery. Undertaker T. J. McDonnell in charge.

ITALIANS AGAINST WAR

SOUTH ENDERS READY TO SAIL TO FIGHT GERMANY-ITALY WANTS NO INTERFERENCE

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—"If Italy goes to war it will be against Germany and Austria," declared Dr. Romeo Brindisi, former Italian vice-consul in this city, yesterday.

Dr. Brindisi said that Italy will not permit any interference with its interests, whether that interference comes from Germany or any other country. He expressed the belief that the Italians will not allow themselves to be dragged into war, but he said that if Germany attempts to force war they will defend themselves against the Germans.

Fear For Relatives

Italians in the North End colony are watching the developments in the European situation with keen interest and enthusiasm, and it is believed that if Italy fights against Germany many of the residents of that quarter will go back to their native land to take up arms in its behalf.

Immigrants in the North End are worried because of no more money being sent over to Italy and they fear that their relatives there may suffer from lack of funds.

Notification was received by all agencies of the Fabre line here to cancel all passages to the Venezia, which had been scheduled to sail for Italy Sunday from Providence. Similar notifications were sent by the Lunenburg line for South American ports. Italian steamship offices are still selling transportation for the White Star liner Canopic, which is scheduled to sail from this port Aug. 20. The Canopic left Italy yesterday and is due in Boston Aug. 16. Many inquiries were made at the steamship offices and banks yesterday as to her position.

Away They Go

VALUES---OUT

of the door with a rush, in the form of Suits, each and every one a real prize winner at any sale contest. Light and medium weight.

SUITS

Fine quality Blue and Black Serges, Cassimeres and Worsteds, strictly all wool.

Patterns in every description, various styles, English and conservative models suitable for business or pleasure.

\$12.50, \$18.00, \$20.00
EXTRA GOOD SUITS \$10.00

FLANNEL TROUSERS

Exceptionally good, smartly shaped plain white and snappy stripes, all wool, all sizes. \$5.00 and \$6.00 Pants.....\$3.75

Macartney's Apparel Shop

72 MERRIMACK STREET



KAISER DISCUSSING NAVAL STRATEGY WITH TWO OF HIS MAIN ADMIRALS



Kaiser Wilhelm is here seen standing talking with two of his principal admirals, Von Tirpitz and Holtzendorff. This picture was snapped recently while the three were discussing naval operations in case of war with England. Reports state that similar conferences are now being held.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

LATE WAR BULLETINS

GREAT DEMAND FOR AMERICAN GOODS

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Marine insurance underwriters reported today that the European demand for American manufactured goods had already started weeks ahead of the earliest moment expected by the various lines of export trade.

The demand for insurance on shipments was brisk yesterday, despite the reports of the activities of the German cruisers along the Atlantic seaboard and the further fact that rates had been raised 20 per cent. Shippers of foodstuffs were the most insistent for insurance.

AUSTRIAN REGIMENT ANNIHILATED BY SERVIAN

ROME, Aug. 7.—(Via London—2.45 p. m.)—An unconfirmed despatch published by the Tribuna says that an Austrian regiment was annihilated by the Servians to the east of Belgrade and that the Austrians are flying toward the Danube.

GERMANS CAPTURE RUSSIAN VESSEL

PEKING, China, Aug. 7.—The German cruiser Emden, which was reported to have sunk yesterday is said to have returned to Tsing Tau with one of the big vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet sailing between Nagasaki and Vladivostok. The captured ship carried nearly 1000 passengers and crew.

DENY DISCOURTESY TO DOWAGER EMPRESS

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—(Via London—11.45 a. m.)—The German foreign office today declared false the stories stating that discourtesy had been shown in Germany toward the Dowager Empress Maria Fiodorovna and the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia. Officials state that her majesty was received with the greatest respect on her arrival in Berlin and that her train was diverted to Denmark because the territory east of Berlin was in a state of war.

BELGIANS CAPTURE GERMAN GUNS

PARIS, Aug. 7.—(Via London)—An official statement issued by the minister of war at midnight says that quiet reigns along the whole of the frontier. Mobilization and concentration of the French forces are proceeding satisfactorily. The Belgians have captured twenty guns from the Germans.

PRINCE OF WALES IN ACTIVE SERVICE

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Prince of Wales has been given a commission in the Grenadier Guards and will go into active service, probably in England.

ENGLAND MAY TAKE OVER HARVEST

LONDON, Aug. 7.—2.27 p. m.—Chancellor of the exchequer Lloyd George announced in the house of commons that the government was considering the question of taking over the harvest throughout the British Isles.

FEELING OF HOPE AMONG FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS MEN IN AMERICA

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Timely measures taken since the closing of the stock exchange a week ago today have to some extent cleared the financial atmosphere and although many problems are yet to be surmounted there is a feeling of hope among financiers and business men that the tension will continue to relax.

The export situation was relieved today by the arrangements made for the purchases of documentary bills on London covering shipment of grain, thus renewing trade. There have also been established by J. P. Morgan & Co. cable transfer relations to facilitate money transactions, not only for tourists but for the resumption of commercial intercourse between this country and France.

Exporters were relieved by Great Britain's announcement that foodstuffs, forage and grain and all other classes of articles will not be considered contraband except when intended for the use of a power with which England is at war.

FURTHER EXPLANATION OF HOW FRIENDS OF REFUGEES MAY DEPOSIT FUNDS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—John Burke, treasurer of the United States, issued a statement today giving further explanation of how friends of Americans stranded in Europe may deposit funds in their behalf with the treasury department.

"It will save time and avoid confusion and errors," said Mr. Burke, "if depositors will furnish a written memorandum giving plainly their names and address and a brief description of the persons to whom it is desired payment shall be made, giving, if possible, the age, height, weight, complexion, and color of hair, and eyes of the beneficiary. This will facilitate identification of the payee and lessen the possibility of payments being made to the wrong person, as deposits are accepted only at the risk of the owner."

Mr. Burke explained that deposits may be made with assistant treasurers of the United States or sent to Room 123 treasury department, Washington. On the arrival of the cruiser Tennessee payments will be made to the various beneficiaries on cable advice of the department.

Depositors were warned to keep receipts for their payments to insure refund if the beneficiary is not found.

WINSTON SPENCER CHURCHILL SAYS USE OF MINES DESERVES CONSIDERATION OF ALL

LONDON, Aug. 7, 12.30 p. m.—Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty announced today in the house of commons that there had been no fighting and no losses of

any kind other than had already been officially made public.

Mr. Churchill said:

"Report from the loss of the small British cruiser Amphion and the German mine layer Koengen Luise here has been no other fighting and no other losses as far as we are aware."

"On Wednesday a flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers while patrolling the upper reaches of the North sea discovered the Koengen Luise laying mines. The destroyers pursued and sank her. About 50 of her crew, which probably numbered 120 or 130 men, were humanely saved by the crews of the British destroyers."

"The Amphion continued to scout with the flotilla and while on the return journey was blown up by a mine."

"The indiscriminate use of mines not in connection with military harbor or strategic positions and the indiscriminate scattering of contact mines about the sea might, of course, destroy not only warships but peaceful merchant vessels under a neutral flag and possibly carrying supplies to a neutral country."

"This use of mines is now in warfare and deserves the consideration of us who are engaged in war but of the nations of the civilized world."

Mr. Churchill added that arrangements had been made such as would reduce the possibility of accidents caused by mines to a minimum.

Mr. Churchill announced that the British government had decided to establish a press bureau presided over by Frederick E. Smith, an M. P., and from this bureau is to be issued a steady supply of trustworthy information from both the admiralty and war offices without, however, placing in danger the naval and military interests of the country. In this way the country would be kept properly and truthfully informed of the state of affairs from day to day. The first lord then paid a tribute to the press for their restraint during the precautionary period when the government was without any means of controlling it. This had enabled the authorities expeditiously and discreetly to complete their preparations.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CUSTOMS AUTHORITIES TO ENFORCE U. S. NEUTRALITY

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Instructions to aid the customs authorities at New York in enforcing President Wilson's neutrality proclamation were telegraphed today from the department of commerce.

The instructions said:

"Taking on an abnormal amount of coal, except in the case of colliers; unloading of guns already on board would be conclusive. Lifting of vessels a war color would indicate conversion. It must be clear that she is not to be used for transportation of reserves or recruits for a foreign army or navy. This does not prevent transportation of passengers in usual sense, as where there are women and children and men of different nationalities, even though among them there were a few reserves without your knowledge."

"If her passengers are nearly all men and practically all of the same nationality clearance cannot be granted. It must be unquestionable that she has no arms or munitions of war aboard."

REPORTS OF NAVAL BATTLE KEPT BRITISH PUBLIC IN STATE OF AGITATION

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Persistent reports of an important encounter between the German and British fleets maneuvering for strategic positions in the North sea kept the British public in a state of agitation throughout the forenoon. The excitement was not allayed until the first lord of the admiralty made the official announcement in parliament that stories of fighting and losses other than those of the other cruiser Amphion and the German mine layer Koengen Luise were unfounded.

News from the German side was extremely meagre owing to the interruption of direct telegraphic communication.

Denials came from Berlin by way of other countries of the "reprise" of the German forces before Liege where Belgian sources declare their attack on a have been badly checked with heavy losses.

On the other hand Paris reports that German troops have entered the city of Liege but have been unable to take the fort.

Movements of the great aggregations of troops which must by this time have gathered at their springing-off points on the German frontiers facing both the Russian and the French armies are kept from public knowledge.

Military authorities here, however, hold the opinion that preparations must be almost complete for a forward move which will give some indication of the plan of campaign to be followed out.

The French army authorities have also raised a heavy screen to hide the developments in their war moves. They seem entirely satisfied with the manner in which the men of the nation responded to the call to arms.

From the far-off portions of the world where Germany, England and France have colonies, all of which are in a state of defense, only brief despatches trickle over the wires. These indicate that small engagements have occurred, especially in Chinese waters, where French, German, British and Russian war vessels are stationed. The most important news from that quarter is the report that the British squadron has been in the German vessels at Tsing-Tau, which is strongly fortified and has a numerous garrison of German troops.

APPEAL TO U. S. TO PROTEST AGAINST VIOLATIONS OF THE HAGUE TREATIES

PARIS, Aug. 7.—An appeal in the United States to protest against violations of The Hague treaties is made in today's *Figaro* by Gabriel Hanotaux, former minister of foreign affairs. He suggests that an inquiry should be begun immediately and proposes that President Wilson, Secretary of State Bryan, Col. Roosevelt, Andrew Carnegie, Nicholas Murray Butler and Robert Bacon assume the duty. He declares the fate of civilization to be in the hands of the neutral powers.

Quiet is reported from practically every point along the Franco-German frontier today. A strong force of German troops is known to occupy Luxembourg and it is officially announced here that the French troops which heretofore had kept at a distance of over five miles from the German frontier have crossed in small detachments at different points, probably on reconnaissance.

Abel Ferry, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, has left for the front as a surgeon, taking his place with Edmond Rostand, Adolphe Messimy, the minister of war, Maurice Barrès, the academicien, and other notabilities.



SPECIAL

25 DOZEN WHITE WAISTS, 75c values, received today; a heavy loss to maker. Choice 29c

20 BALMACAN COATS, selling to \$8.90, sizes to 41. Clean-up..... \$3.98

20 LINEN AUTO COATS—\$1.50 values 75c

Choice of 60 CLOTH SUITS—Selling to \$18.75..... \$5.90

15 WHITE CHINCHILLA COATS—Selling to \$13.75, at..... \$8.95

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THE HIGH SCHOOL HOUSING PROBLEM

Puzzles School Board—A Big Increase in Pupils Expected—The Time Limit on Taxes Extended by Commissioner Brown

The members of the school committee are scheduled to hold a conference tomorrow for the purpose of solving the problem of housing the pupils of the high school at the opening of the fall term. According to some of the members of the committee the problem is a very difficult one to solve, for it is believed that there will be 250 more pupils in the coming class than there were in the graduating class last June.

The committee has two plans in view. One, to hold morning sessions for high school pupils in the Kirk street primary school, leaving the afternoon for the children of the school, and the other to open new classes in the assembly hall of the main high school building and at the ends of the corridors.

As far as holding morning sessions in the primary building is concerned there is also a hitch. The small desks and seats that are being used by the children would prove inadequate for high school pupils, therefore there is a way out of this that would be to remove the seats and desks and install lecture chairs similar to those now in use in the two class building in Ann street. The committee members are not much in favor of opening classes in the hall for they would be forced to do away with restrooms.

There is also a possibility of holding afternoon sessions in the high school building, or again to release the freshmen class after the fourth period, that is at 12.40 o'clock. The committee must arrive at some understanding and arrange matters to cater for the students at the opening of the fall session. The members of the committee allow that the most efficient way to solve the problem would be to build a new high school.

Time Limit Extended

Those who have not yet paid their taxes need not hurry to do so for Commissioner Brown of the finance department has extended the time limit to Aug. 22. This is due to the stringency of the money market and the distressed condition of business for which the conflict in Europe is responsible. Aug. 22 is the limit allowed by law and the commissioner hopes that all delinquents will have settled their accounts by that time. If not, the law will take its course.

Chief's Automobile

The new Jeffrey automobile purchased for the chief of the fire department was delivered yesterday and was put in operation today. The car is a five-passenger touring auto of a dark green color. It will be properly equipped and it is believed will do efficient service. A two-seater car was purchased so that if at any time the chief while on his way to a fire meets one or more firemen who are rushing

MAD DOG SCARE

In Lakeview Avenue—2 Stalwart Cops Dispatched Canine

The residents of Lakeview and vicinity were thrown into a scare late yesterday afternoon when Patrolman Ganley and Special Officer Gilmore of the Humane society set about on the trail of a dog which was apparently suffering from the heat as he had been roaming about the neighborhood snapping at all persons who dared venture within reach of his small, but pointed teeth. Four shots from the revolver of the officers were necessary to kill the animal and before the fourth shot sounded a great many of the foreign population had gathered thinking, perhaps, that a treasure ship was being overhauled in the Merrimack river.

About 4.30 o'clock Patrolman Ganley and Special Officer Gilmore were dispatched to Lakeview avenue where it was reported a mad dog was crawling a pane in that section. Both men were at the scene of action within a short time, but the dog had apparently "smelt a rat" and had sought shelter in a small shed in the rear of one of the tenements. After a short search it was discovered by the officers lying in the shade, panting heavily, but the animal was in a very unhandy position and it took some time to get it out where a good aim could be had. Four shots were fired from the big guns and finally the dog became the target for one of them and dropped his head for the last time.

The crowd was very much excited, fearing that the dog had bitten some children, but an investigation failed to reveal signs of the rabies and it is believed that he took a bit after running about in the hot sun.

STOLE HORSE AND BUGGY

GEORGE GIROUX HELD IN \$300 FORT LARCENY OF VEHICLE FROM CHARLES F. KEYES

George Giroux, the 16-year-old Lewiston, Me., lad who was arrested a week ago yesterday while making a quick get-away with a valuable horse and buggy owned by Charles F. Keyes of this city was brought before Associate Justice Pickman in the juvenile session of police court this forenoon and his case was continued one week for sentence.

Young Giroux has parents in Lewiston, Me., and had only been in this state a few days when arrested. He admitted stealing the wagon and said that he got tired of Lowell during his three days' stay here and wanted to get to Portland, Me. Since his arrest he has admitted that he was once before arrested for larceny in Maine. Bail was fixed at \$200.

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Just Across the Bridge

GEN. JOFFRE, HEAD OF FRENCH ARMY, IN FIELD PLANNING MILITARY MOVES



General Joffre, commander in chief of the French army, is shown in this picture on the left as he appears in the field, with one of his officers and aid. They are discussing war operations, and the picture was taken during recent maneuvers. Joffre is now in command of the French troops on the border, and he is trying to turn back the German invasion.

